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LIFA'S PRIZE.

BY C T.

There's a prize for all who stand Stont of heart and firm of hand, In the middle of the strife, Making noble use of life.

Think not sloth will bring you gain— Idle lives are lived in valu; Work is profit—work alone Wins the prize we long to own.

Labor on with purpose true, Labor nobiy, so that you, When the bat'le here is done, Heaven's bounty shall have won.

Shadowed by Fate.

BY THE AUTHOR OF "NULL AND VOID."

"MADAM'S WARD," "THE HOUSE IN

THE CLOSE," "WHITE BERRIES AND RED," "ONLY ONE

LOVE," MTC., MTC.

CHAPTER X.

THE DAWN CAME and the morning broke brightly; the great house began to stir with the life of a new day, the dogs barked in the stable yard, the peacocks strutted up and down the terrace, and shrieked their invocation to the sun, but all was still and quiet in the room of the master.

Felice, going into her beloved mistress' room, found Iris lying asleep, her head upon her arm, a strange look of vague trouble and sadness on her face.

The woman bent over her and smoothed he dark hair from the white forehead, but entle as was the touch, lris awoke.

"What is it? What is the matter?" she said in a voice of alarm. "Oh, it is you relice?" and she drew a sigh of relief

"Yes, it is I; did I frighten the signor-

ina?" she said with self reproach.
"No! No!" said Iris. "But—I think I
must have been dreaming. I have been
dreaming all night, Felice," and she shuddered faintly.

"The signorina looks tired and pale,"
and Felice; "wont you rest longer, Miss

"No," replied Iris; "I shall be all right when I get up and have had my bath. I an't think why I should dream so horrily. Has Lafont called papa yet?—is he

Lafont was the squire's valet.
"Monsieur Lafont went to call Mr.
nighton," answered Felice, "but he was
leep, and Lafont left him."

"That was right," said Iris. "Poor papa! looked tired and ill last night. Tell Latt that he is not to go to his room withhis master sends for him."

olice went about her message, and Iris

r dreams had not all been horrible for now and again Heron Coverdale rossed the path of her mental vision.

The same stood looking out of the towards the Holt, she wished that mid tell her father of her meeting the enemy of their house; she had concealed anything from him, and to for meeting with Heron Coverghe wighed upon her,

She would tell him all after breakfast, and not him why the feud which had exmed as long should not cease.

Who know? Perhaps she might be the mod making peace between the two count and at the thought a soft flush stole

Patien come back, and in slience fin-

ing up a wide brimmed hat, went down into the ball.

The sun was pouring through the glass door leading to the wall d garden, and knowing that it would be warmer there than on the terrace, she opened the door and stepped into the enclosure.

It was a charming little spot, with its square, old fashioned lawn, and its four fl. wer-beds, and Iris picked a bunch of lorget-me nots and primroses for the breakfast table: they were favorite flowers of the squire's.

As she was rising from stooping over the bed, she was almost startled by the sight of Signor Recardo's face looking out at her through the glass door. He looked paler than usual, and though he smiled and showed his teeth, as her eyes met his, it was rather a forced smile.

In another moment he came across the lawn towards her, treading on the tips of his patent-leather boots.

It was the first time they had been alone together, and Iris, remembering her father's injunctions and his evident dislike to the Signor, gave him rather a cool response to his effusive greeting.

"Ab, Miss Iris!" he exclaimed, fixing his dark eyes on her. "Aurora, goddess of the morning, tending her flowers—"

"You mean Flora," said Iris forcing a smile.

"I mean all the goddesses combined in one charming divinity!" he corrected her, with a bow and a wave of his white, supple hand. "What a charming little spot!" and he looked around with a bland air of admiration.

"It is pretty," said Iris arranging her simple bouquet, and moving towards the door.

"It is exquisite. So reposeful in its quietude and solitude. Surely, this is a favorite part of the grounds with you, Miss Iris?"

"Yes," she admitted. "It is my own

special little garden, signor."
"Soh! You keep it for yourself exclu-

sively, is not that it?"

"Oh, no!" replied Iris, with a smile at so selfish an idea. "Anyone is free to come

"I am glad; a horrible idea was seizing me that I was intruding!"

"Indeed, you are not," said Iris. "Pray come whenever you please. Have you not been here before?"

The signor shook his head.

"No! I did not know of it until I saw you through the door there. But I shall come—yes, often! Not many people do come here, I suppose? It looks so quiet and—what do you call it?—unfrequented."

"No; I don't think many people do come into this walled garden," said Iris. "It is not so bright and cheerful as the terrace and the lawns."

"It is too quiet and melancholy!" said the signor, with an air of satisfaction. "That is the world all over! It likes gaiety and color, and brightness; it is only divine spirits like your own, Miss Iris, who love the shade and the sectuation!"

"Oh, but there is plenty of sun here," said Iris. "Do you not see the diai?" and she pointed to it with her posy.

The signor regarded it with curious interest.
"Soh! Ah, yee; the dial! I did not no-

tice it. It is a pretty object; and you can tell the hour of the day by it?"
"Yes," said Iris going up to it; "and un-

like a watch, it never wants winding up—"
"Or cleaning?" put in the signor interrogatively? It is never disturbed, your
dial, Miss Iris?"

"Ou, never?" said Iris, smiling at the idea. "It has been there ever tince the house was built, and my father would not think of having it removed."

"That is right!" said the signor in accents of strong approval, 'Such old antiquities abould never be moved; it is—what do you call it?—sacrilege! If this beautiful little garden belonged to me, as it belongs to you, I would not let anyone come into it but my special friends. And as for the gardener, I would say, 'My friend, cut your grass and grow your flowers, but do not move, do not alter, the arrangement of anything. Respect age and historic associations?"

Iris smiled at the high-flown language. "I understand what you mean, signor," she said. "There is no danger from our gardener; he is quite as fond of the wailed garden as I am, and would not think of in troducing any improvements."

The signor nodded again with approval and satisfaction.

"It is a charming place!" he said. "Shall I not carry your flowers for you?"

But Iris declined his offer, and carried her bouquet into the breakfest room, the signor following her.

The table was laid, the butler and footmen hovering about; and after arranging the flowers in a vase, Iris took her seat opposite the urn.

The signor softly hummed a little air and rubbed his hands.

"Mr. Knighton,—is he not down?" he said in a tone of surprise.

"My father is not up yet," said Iris. "He was very tired last night, and not well, I am afraid. I have told his valet not to disturb him," and she signed.

"Soh! I am sorry!" murmured the signor. "Yes, I do remember that he did not seem well. It is the weather; these cold winds and hot sun, they are trying and dangerous. I myself feel upset!" And Iris, looking at him as he spoke, saw that the pallor which she had noticed was more marked than it had been in the garden. "The English climate," he went on, as he took his place, "is, with all its charming varieties, rather perfidious. Tut, tut! I am sorry my friend, your father, is not well! Yes, I myself noticed that he seemed pale and—what shall I say?—wor-

ried. Is it not so?"
Iris sighed.

It was quite true; and yet, what could there be to worry her father into an illness?
"Do you think it would be well to send for the doctor?" suggested the signor.

Iris started, and turned pale at the idea. "On, no, no? You don't think my father is really ill?" she said with quick apprehension. "He is only tired, and—and has oversiept himself!"

"Yes, yes! No doubt that is it!" assented the signor hastily, as if he regretted having mentioned the doctor. "As you say, he is only tired; he will be down directly, no doubt, and will laugh at us for our fears!" and the signor laughed himself, but in so mirthless a fashion that Iris looked at him with a vague feeling of awe and dread.

A strange heaviness weighed upon her? the house seemed unusually quiet; the servants seemed to move about with even less than their usual sounds. She could eat nothing, and made pretence with a piece of toast and her cup of coffee that the signor might not be embarrassed. But Signor Ricardo's appetite seemed anything but in its usual robust condition, and I ris noticed that his hand shook as he raised his coffee cup to his lips so that the spoon rat led in the saucer.

"I think it is cold this morning," he said as if in explanation. "Your pretty flowers must thank you for bringing them into this warm room, Miss Iris."

The butler brought the post-bag and laid it beside the squire's plate.

"We shall have to wait for our letters this morning, Signor Ricardo!" said Iris

with a faint smile. "My father has the key of the bag on his bunch"

The signor set down his knife and fork suddenly, then sended and nod led.
"As for me, the delay is nothing!" he

"As for me, the delay is nothing?" he said cheerfully. "I do not expect any letters; my friends are bad correspondents. But, see? I think the bag is unlocked," he added:

Iris took it up. It was unfastened.

"The post mistress must have forgotten to look it," she said; "she does so sometimes. My father keeps one key and sue the other."

"I understand." said the signor.

Iris turned over the letters.

"There is one for you, Signor Ricardo," she said.

The signor looked astonished; then shrugged his shoulders and smiled as the butier brought the letter round to him.

"Soh! My friends have not forgotten me," he said pleasantly. "I wonder who it is from? My good friend the Count of Vichio I expect. He is at the court of my king, Miss Iris, where I am well-known, and—dare I say it?—of some slight consesequence!"

He opened the letter as he spoke, and

his face grew whiter as he read.

"Yes," he said, "it is from my dear falend, the count! He wishes me to return; he is good enough to say that poor Haptiste Ricardo is missed by his gracious majesty. But, no, dear count, much as I would like to see you, I cannot tear mysel' away from this most charming spot and my dear old friend, your father. Miss Iris."

The count, whatever his influence at court was very sparing both of his stationery and his words, for the letter contained one sentence only, and was written on half a sheet of rather dirty note paper.

"Baptiste, have a care: the hawks are

on the wing !—A friend."

But, ominous as the sentence was, the signor smiled and nodded over it, and put it away in his pocket with an air of

pleasure and gratification.

"How delightful it is to hear from one's friends!" he murmured pleasantly.

"How welcome is the idle gossip about the places and the people one knows far away. The count is an excellent writer,

The door opened as he was expatiating on the epistolary merits of the fictitious count, and the signor started.

excellent!"

But it was only the head groom presenting himself as usual for orders.

"Your master is not down yet, Fenn," said Iris. "Signor Ricardo will you have a horse or a carriage to day?"

An ardent, burning

Ricardo ta say "Yes?" to ride or drive away from the pisce for the next twentyfour hours, but he suppressed it. "Thanks, my dear young lady; but I

'Thanks, my dear young lady; but I will wait until—until my good friend your father, comes down. He may have some plans for me."

Fenn bowed and withdrew, and the breakfast proceeded. Iris sat with a sail look in her eyes, a vague sense of ill and misfortune oppressing her.

"I—I think I will go up and see if my father is awake," she murmured more to herself than to the signor; but he heard her and rose with a sadness that seemed unasked for.

"For heaven's sake!" he exclaimed—"I mean, would it be well to wake him?" he broke off suddenly. "There is nothing like a good sleep for the weariness my friend is suffering from."

"But it is getting late?" said Iris, still more to herself than to him. "I—I think I will go up to him."

"Pardon," said the signor, softly laying his hand upon her arm. "Allow me to go."

"But why should you go?" said Iris, opening her eyes.

"I-I-" stammered the signor. "Oh, it was merely to save you the trouble of ascending the stairs, my dear young lady." Iris smiled half sadly.

"That is not much trouble," she said absently. "But I think, after all, I will not go-yet."

"Quite right,-quite right?" said the signor approvingly, and furtively wiped his forehead; "it is not wise to break a man's sleep when he has reached the age of my dear friend, your father."

"But my father is not old!" said Iris, half amused, half annoyed by the signor's solicitude, "He is only middle-aged, Signor Ricardo."

"True, true," he admitted; "but still-He stopped abruptly, for the door opened and Felice entered.

She did not even glance at the signor, who started and turned away as she entered, but walked straight up to Iris.

"Will the signoring come up to her room with me?" she said.

Iris looked at her with faint surprise. "Come upstairs? Why, Felice? sne asked.

"I have something to say to the signorina," said the woman.

Her face was very pale, and her eyes so completely covered by their lids that nothing of the pupil could be seen. Her manner, too, was marked by a deep, set constraint, which made her voice utterly expressionless and mechanic.

"Is anything the matter?" said Iris, her hand going to her heart.

"No, no!" said Felice quickly, but still in the same dull, machanical manner. "Come with me, miss?"

"I-I am sure something is the matter!" said Iris. "Ot course I will come with you,"

As she moved to the door, Felice drew back to let her pass, and then gave one direct searching and threatening glance at the signor.

He met her eyes with a stolid stare, then shrugged his shoulders and turned to the

Five, ten minutes passed, then there came the sound of hurrying feet, and voices speading in sharp accents of siarm and terror. The signor, standing alone by the window, shook like a leaf.

"Peste!" he hissed between his teeth. "They have found him!"

The next moment Lafont, the valet, burst

into the room. "For Heaven's sake, signor!" he exclaimed, "come at once! at once!-my mas-" he stopped, panting, and pointed

to the ceiling. The signor struck an attitude of astonish-

"What do you say?" he said. "What

has happened?-your master-"Heaven help us?" said the terrified man. "My master, Mr. Knighton, is dead,

Signor Ricardo had been waiting for it all the morning, but when the word was uttered it struck him almost as if he had

not known it alroady. "Dead?" he exclaimed, and the terror that shone in his white face and staring eyes might well have been mistaken by the

servant for surprise. "Dead!" "Yes, sir! For Heaven's sake, come upstairs! I ... I was the first to find him? I ... I went in to call him, not liking that he should lie so long; he was always up so early, signor, and—and not hearing him, I -I went in. The door was always unlooked, sir, and-and I saw him on the bed as he lies now-dead, stone dead! my poor sprang into his eves and the tear

The signor grasped him by the arm. "You—you say you found him," he hissed; "he-he was lying quiet and-and peaceful as if he slept?"

"As if he slept!" echoed the man, "you can come and see him now, signor!-I did not touch him! I saw at once that it was all over."

"Where is the doctor?" demanded Ricardo.

"I have sent for him, sir," said the man; "I sent for him as I came down stairs. Oh, my poor master! my poor young mistress!"

"Your young mistress! Ah, yes!" murmured the signor, "the is indeed your young mistress now! All this is hershers now of a surety!"

The man looked at bim half amazed and half indignant.

"Who thinks of such things now?" he said. "Poor, dear young lady! It will kill

her. Come upstairs, sir!" Reluctantly, and with a very white face, the signor followed Lafont upstairs, and the

two entered the still chamber.

There lay Godfrey Knighton of the Revels, last night lord of the manor of Beverly, now lord only of six feet of mother earth! room with her first great grief.

Kneeling by the bed with her cheek lying on the cold hand was Iris, her eyes fixed with dazed horror on the white, still face; beside her, her hand resting on the giri's head in an attitude of loving protection and devotion, stood Felice.

All about the house there arose a dull bushed murmur and stir, but in that chamber peace reigned triumphant.

The signor advanced on tiptoe, his eyes carefully avoiding the dead man's face; but Felice heard the step, and raising her hand she stopped him with a gesture and pointed to the door.

The signor hesitated not a second, but, proming his hands to his eyes as if overwhelmed with grief, stole out, and the door closed upon the dead man, his daughter, and the woman watching over.

But as he went down stairs there arose a wild, heartrending cry, and the words, "Father!" Father!"

CHAPTER XI.

TRIS was an orphan! Godfrey Knighton's death created a painfully protound sensation. His neighbors and those few who had been intimate with him had always regarded him as a particularly strong and robust man; he had never had a day's illness, had never complained even of those slight silments which affect the generality

That he should be found dead in bed without a note of warning, amazed and horrified the country.

There was a whisper as to the necessity of an inquest, but the doctor who had attended the Revels put in a word that had dispensed with a formal inquirty.

He said that he had known Mr Knighton's heart was not strong, and the squire had been aware of it himself, but carefully kept it from the knowledge of Iris.

"The poor squire had taken more than usual the preceding night, as I gather from histriend, the Signor Ricardo, and that dangerously accelerated the heart's action; the counteraction following, in my opinion, resulted in death."

The great London physician who was brought down-as if he could restore the dead to life!-confirmed the opinion of the local doctor, and the authorities were satis-

There had always been a tinge of mys. tery about him, people said, and his sudden and strange death was felt to be in accordance, somehow, with his life.

For Iris the deepest sympathy was felt. With the exception of the Coverdales, the branch of the family with which the Knightons were at deadly fued, she had no relations in the world, and was utterly and completely alone! Women whose hearts ached for the bereaved girl came to the Revels to endeavor to console her, but they could not see her.

Felice, the pale woman with dark eyes hidden by their long lashes, metall inquirles with one response.

"My mistress is ill. She has not been out of her room since my master's death. She can see no one."

For days, indeed, Iris was, perhaps happily unconscious of the blow which Fate had dealt her. She lay, like the Israelitish king, her face turned to the wall, refusing comfort. She shed no tear, but at intervals

broke from her lips the one word "Fatner!" Of all who had endeavored to befriend and console her, none was more untiring and devoted than Lord Montacute. Every day he came to the house and saw Felice; and the pale anxious face grew more anxious and miserable at the invariable formula, "My mistress is too ill to see anyone. She thanks you, but wishes to be left alone. She cannot see you."

On the morning of the discovery of the death, Signor Ricardo had left the Revels and gone to the "Knighton Arms," but he rendered every assistance to Ciarance Montacute, who, as the dead man's nearest friend, undertook the arrangement of the funeral.

Clarence was too overwhelmed by grief for Iris's loss, and anxiety about her, to pay much attention to the signor, but he telt the strange repugnance towards him which Iris had experienced on his arrival at the Revels; but the signor was so quiet, and he stole about the place in his deep mourning so noiselessly and unobtrusively that Lord Montacute could find no cause

for complaint, much less quarrel with him. The day of the funeral came and passed. It was a quiet ceremony; that is, as quiet as such a ceremony can be, when the mourners comprise the population of a whole village, and all the principal people of a county; and when it was over Lord Montacute and Mr. Barrington sat in the library. gravely discussing the future of the beauti. ful, sorrow-stricken girl shut up in her

"She is so utterly and completely alone," said Clarence gazing sorrowfully out of the window. "My mother would so gladly have her with her but but she will not come

His eyes were moist as he spoke, and the view from the window grew blurred and indistinct.

Mr. Barrington nodded gravely.

"It is very kind of Lady Montacute," he said; "it would be an excellent arrangement; there could be no better, unless Miss Knighton could go farther away, right away to a thorough change of scene.

Clarence signed heavily.

"My mother would take every care of her," he said. "She would take her away. It is dreadful to me, the thought of her lying upstairs there, with no one near her but Felice."

"She seems a most devoted woman," said Mr. Barrington. "She accompanied her and her father from Italy.

He paused. "I ought to thank you, my lord, for all you have done. I am sure Miss Knighton will not be wanting in gratitude when she is in condition to realize how trues friend you have proved yourself."

Poor Clarence stammered.

"I have done little or nothing," he said. I would lay down my life to spare her a moment's pain; I suppose everybody knows

Then he looked at his watch. "Is there anything else I can do?"

Mr. Barrington seemed to wake from a brown study.

"Well, there is one thing that we ought to do, my lord," he said.

"What is that?" enquired Clarence. "Read the will," replied the lawyer gravely.

Clarence sighed.

"Very well, sir. I suppose there ought to be a sort of gathering of the servants, and -and friends

"There ought to be when a will is read." assented Mr. Barrington grimly; "but there is none to read in this case.'

Ciarence looked faintly surprised. "No will!" he said.

Mr. Barrington took a pinch of snuff and pursed up his brows.

"No will," he said. "At least, I cannot find one." "That's very strange," said Clarence. "I

always thought poor Knighton such a businesslike man. "So he was," said Mr. Barrington; "but

the most business-like menstopped. "It is strange, as you say, for I think there was a will."

Clarence looked at him in a puzzled fash-

"I know there was a will, for I drew it up myself. But that was a year ago." "And-and it isn't-you can't find it?"

"I cannot find it; I have searched everywhere. Of course, I have looked there," -as Clarence's eyes went to the safe, -"that is the first place to search, naturally. I found everything else there,—deeds, scrip and other documents, -just as I expected; but no will."

"It's very strange," said Clarence helpleasly; "but, of course, it does not matter?" "No, it does not matter in one sense," said Mr. Barrington. "The whole of the property devolves upon Miss Iris."

Clarence nodded. He could almost have wished that it were otherwise, that he might go to her and lay everything which he possessed at her

"It is an immense property," continued Mr. Barrington gravely. "lm-mense. She will be one of the wealthiest women in

England-poor gtrl!" There was a silence for a moment, then the lawyer's dry voice spoke sgain.

"It is most singular this absence of a will and most unlike poor Mr. Knighton." "His room-" sug gested Clarence.

Mr. Barrington nodited. "Yes. I found the family jewels, and Miss Iris's jewelery there; everything as I expected, as I said before, but no will! My lord, you may rest assured that I have left no place unsearched! Besides, why should

Mr. Knighton ocmoeal his will?" he added

grimly. Clarence shook his bead.

"Do you think he can have destroyed it?" "Destroyed it? Humph! There could be only one reason for his doing so."

"What is that?" as ked Clarence. "The fact that he intended making a new one. He may have destroyed it the night before he died, my bord. He died suddenly. He may have in tended sending for me on the morrow, on the day, indeed of his death."

"But why should he make a new will? He wouldn't leave anything away from Mr. Barrington shook his head.

"I should think not."

At this moment there came a knock at the door.

Ciarence opened it. Felice stood outside looking pale, and more statuesque than ever in her black dress.

"My mistress would like to see Mr. Barrington before he goes, my lord," she said in hushed tones.

Clarence's face brightened.

"Yes, yes! Thank Heaven she is better, that she is well enough-"

"Tell Miss Knighton I am at her service," said the old lawyer. "Yes, sir, my mistress will come down

presently," said Felice, and she turned and went upstairs. Ciarence was closing the door, when Sig-

nor Ricardo suddenly and noiselessly appeared. He was in deep mourning, and looked

very grave and solemn. "Pardon, my lord?" he murmured in a low voice. "I have come to ask if I can be of any service to you or Mr. Barrington be-

fore I leave!" "You are going away, Signor Ricardo?" said Clarence, as civily as he could.

The signor bowed. "Alas, yes! I am called to London on important business! But if there is anything I can do-

Mr. Barrington bowed to him, and the signor stole into the room, and with a sigh stood regarding the oil portrait of the squire which hung over the mantel-piece.

"You are very good, Signor Ricardo!" said Mr. Barrington. "I don't think there is anything you can do. But do you mind

my asking you a question or two?" "Certainly not!" said the signor, extending his hands with a touching frankness.

"We have not succeeded in finding a will, Mr. Ricardo," said Mr. Barrington.

The signor raised his brows and pursed

his lips. "No? Soh!"

"No. Now, I should like to ask youdon't answer unless you wish to, signorif Mr. Knighton spoke to you at all about his will?"

The signor put his white foreinger to his brow and seemed to ponder deeply and

earnestly. "N-o! Stay! Yes, of course! Yes, I remember! Tut, but that is strange, now." "What is strange?" demanded Mr. Bar-

rington drily. "That you should speak of it, and I to re-

member it." "Will you tell us what he said?" asked

Mr. Barrington. "Certainly! Indeed, why not? It was the night before he died-ah, my poor friend!-the last night-we sat over our wine. My poor dear friend, he drankalasi -- too heavily that night. And the wine was strong. Ah, tut, tut! but we will say no more of that. No, no. And it was getting late when we talked of all this great place, and he said in his affectionate way, 'Ricardo, 1 shall make a new wili!'"

CHAPTER XII.

ICARDO, I shall make a new will!" Mr. Barrington and Lord Clarence A archanged glances; the signor stood blandly, smoothly regarding them with an innocent sadness in his swarthy face. Mr. Barrington silently regarded the

tablecloth for a moment, then he said: "I believe Mr. Knighton was an old friend of yours, Signor Ricardo; you have known him for a long time?"

"A very old friend! Yes, I have known him for a very long time," assented Ricardo.

"I make the remark," said Mr. Barrington, "because he seems to have confided in you more even than he has done in his friend bere, Lord Montacute."

Ricardo bowed to Lord Clarence. "That is natural?" he said, with a little resture. "It is no all first time Godfrey Knighton has confi. d n me."

Mr. Barringt a frowned gravely. "Then you thin Mr Linighton, intending to make a new will, may have destroyed the old one?" he asked.

The signor shrugged his shoulders. "I cannot say! He may have done so already; he may have done so the night he

died-I cannot say!" "It is most extraordinary!" remarked the lawyer.

The aignor looked from one to the other. "But surely it does not matter?" he said nnocently. "Miss Iris, the poor young lady will inherit the whole of my friend's property?"

"Cortainly," said Mr. Barrington. "As his daughter she will inherit everything." "That is wise!" said the signor. "That is

all righ" "hat is the law of England, is it

"Yes," said Mr. Barrington; "the lawful child or children inherit where there is no will."

Signor Ricardo gave a little start and a click of the teeth.

"What do you mean by lawful?" he enquired.

Mr. Barrington looked at him with surprise.

"What do I mean by lawful, Signor Ricardo? I mean children born in wedlock, of course."

"In wedlock?—you mean when the father and mother are married, is that so?" "Exactly," assented Mr. Barrington.

The signor started up from the chair in which he had scated himself, with a hasty ejaculation of dismay, then fell back again and stared from one to the other with a disturbed and agitated countenance.

Mr. Barrington looked at him with surprise and enquiry.

"What is the matter, Signor Ricardof" he

The signor's agitation seemed to increase. "Pestel" he exclaimed between his teeth. "That is the law, is it? The father and mother must be married by a clergyman in accordance with your statutes, is it so?"

"Certainly?" assented Mr. Barrington.
"But what has that to do with Miss Iris?"
The signor rose from his chair and began
to pace the room, apparently in a whiri of
dismay and indecision.

The two gentlemen watched him, surprised and vaguely alarmed: the man's manner was perplexing and extraordinary in the extrame.

"I—I beg your ten thousand pardons!" he said at last, wiping his brow and gesticulating with his hands. "I—I am much disturbed and—and upset! This information causes me much uneasiness!"

"But why?" demanded Mr. Barrington, watching him closely.

At this moment Iris was coming slowly down the stairs for the first time since her father's death.

By a great effort she had nerved herself to see and speak with Mr. Barrington. And this was her object. Many and many a time in the dark hours which had swept over her she had thought of Heron Coverdale. If her father had lived, she would have pleaded the young man's cause, have done her utmost to heal the feud between them. But her father was dead now, and she was the possessor of the immense wealth he had lett behind. Half of that wealth she determined should go to Heron Coverdale.

She would see Mr. Barrington and give him to understand that this was her irrevocable resolution, that he must make over just one-haif of all she possessed to the young lord who needed money so much more than she did, and Mr. Barrington must do this, if possible, without Lord Heron being able to ascertain that it was a gift.

Perhaps this one idea, this one hope, had kept her heart from breaking, and the thought that it should be from her hand that Lord Heron should receive the money brought her a consolation which was as strange and curious as it was sweet.

At the library door she paused, and turned away. Adjoining the library was a small room divided from it by a curtain, in which the squire had kept his guns and fishing tackle. Trembling a little she thought she would go in there and rest a moment or two and gain strength and composure for the interview; and she entered this little ante-room just as the signor began to pace up and down the library and wipe his brow in his well simulated agitation. Every word that was said could be heard by Iris, but for a few moments she paid no attention.

"What have I said that has upset you, signor?" asked Mr. Barrington gravely. "Surely you know that this is the law of England?"

"No, no! I did not!" returned Ricardo, in a troubled voice. "I did not! I—I—your pardon, gentlemen! I do not know what to say. I am in great distress; I am in a position of great trouble. I do not know what to do, what to say. My poor, poor friend!" and he put his hand to his eyes.

Clarence Montacute fidgeted with his feet and looked at the signor impatiently.

"Can't you speak out, sir?" he exclaimed but Mr. Barrington motioned to him to be patient.

"Pray calm yourself, Signor Ricardo," he said, in his grave, composed manner. "You appear to know something about my late client, Mr. Knighton, which distracts and distractes you. Is that so?"

"That is so," assented the signor; "but whatever it is, gentlemen, it shall remain

buried in this breast," and he struck his chest emphatically.

Mr. Barrington smiled grimly.

"Of course, if that is your determination, there is nothing more to be said," he remarked. "But as Miss Knighton's legal adviser, I think it my duty to remind you that if you are concealing anything that should be known to me because you consider it may injure her, you may be, by that concealment, injuring her far more effectually than you would do if you confided in me. I merely put this to you for my own satisfaction. I am, personally, not at all curious, and I am sure Lord Montacute here is not."

"No, no?" said Clarence eagerly. "I do not want to know anything—no! I will

"Stay, my lord!" said Ricardo, stretching out his hand. "Stay, my lord! If I have to tell what I know, I would wish that you as well as this good gentleman, the lawyer, should hear it. I beg you to remain."

Ciarence Montacute went back to the window, and Ricardo, sinking into a chair, help up his forefinger impressively.

"Gentlemen, I have decided to tell you?" he said.

"One moment Signor Ricardo?" broke in Mr. Barrington gravely. "You have no objection to my taking notes? If this that you are about to disclose is of the importance your manner suggests one cannot on too careful."

The signor waved his hand with quiet dignity.

"Take what notes you please, sir," he said. "I have a plain story to teil,—I teil it because I think it is my duty to do so, and Baptiste Ricardo, gentieman, has always followed the diotates of duty," and he laid his hand upon his heart, "Yes, however painful it is, Baptiste Ricardo will do his duty. Gentleman, what I have to say concerns my dear young friend, the beautiful young lady who is not Godfrey Knighton's daughter."

Clarence drew a breath of relief; a horrible idea had sat upon him that this man, coming from no one knew where, was going to say that she was Godfrey Knighton's daughter!

"Gentlemen, as I have said, I am an old friend of Godfrey Knighton's; we met first in Italy."

Mr. Barrington, with his face set in something like grim incredulity and suspicion, drew a sheet of paper towards him, and began to make notes.

"In Italy," repeated the signor, with the air of one speaking reluctantly, and against his will. "He was an Englishman, staying at Naples for the benefit of his health, or for his amusement; both perhaps! He was rich, young and handsome, but-" the signor shrugged his shoulders, "he was, what you call it?-reserved! Had no friends or acquaintances, and kept to himself. People said that he was suffering from a love disappointment! It does not matter! There he was,-rich, alone, and at Naples. And there I met him. You will say, what was I doing there? Well, I was amusing myself by courting a young lady, her name was Floretta Corsini."

Mr. Barrington made a note. Clarence, with folded arms, stood and listened attentively, his eyes fixed upon Ricardo's black shining ones.

"Floretta Corsini! She was—" the signor paused, and made a gesture with his white, claw-like hands. "I despair of telling you, gentleman, how beautiful she was! She was like the stars that shine above all others in that evening sky! She was lovely! She was a great singer! She was the prima donna, the first lady of the opera, and there was a great fame before her! Ah, yes, she would have been one of the most noted ones of the earth, there is no doubt! Well, gentleman, I loved this lady—"

"Principally for the sake of her salary," thought Clarence Montacute.

"And I did hope to win her for myself. One night I saw Godfrey Knighton at the opera. It was for the first time! He was fond of music, that I knew, but he was not fond of mixing in a crowd, and he had kept away from the opera and the concerts. But I met him there one night. And Floretta Corsini sang. It was one of her great parts, and that night she excelled herself. I was in the stalls, and I looked up at the box where the great and rich Englishman sat, and I saw his stern face soften and gradually grow pale, and from that night, whenever Floretta Corsini appeared, there sat the rich Englishman in his box. You understand, gentleman?" and the signor shrugged his shoulders.

Mr. Barrington noded quietly.

"He was fasinated, bewildered, captivated—just like a young boy. Godfrey Knighton, the stern and reserved Englishman,

had fallen—what you call it?—head and ears in love with Bignorina Corsini of the Italian opera!"

He paused and wiped his lips, looking furtively from one to the other.

"Ah, well! One night the signorina was going to her carriage, after the opera, and there was a crowd waiting to see her, and they pressed forward so eagerly that they discomposed her, and she dropped the roll of music which she was taking home to practice. Godfrey Knighton was close by, and he stooped and picked up the roll. But by that time the signorina had entered her carriage and—poul!—she was whirled away. Can you not guess what happened, gentlement?"

Mr. Barrington remained silent. "The next day the rich Englishman called at the signorina's lodgings, where she was living with her sister. Now the signorina, rough a great and divine singer and a popular idol-they worshipped her-was as good and innocent as a child. Yes, as a child! Godfrey Knighton spent an hour with her. She liked him, -he came again. Presently he got into the habit of conducting her to the theatre and back to her house. Then she would walk in the green lanes round the city with him. Ah, well; people began to talk! But she knew not that she was doing wrong, and he"-the signor paused, and his face grew dark-"he was like all great rich men! He thought that the world and all that it contained of beauty was just made for him! That was all! I saw how things were going. I saw that I, Baptiste Ricardo, would lose my beautiful Floretta, and I went to her! I told her what the world was saying, and showed to her the precipice upon which she was standing. Ah, well!" he paused and stretched out his hands-"she just turned as white as a sheet and pointed to the door. What was I to do next."

Mr. Barrington regarded him in grave silence.

"The next thing to do was what every man of honor would do," continued the signor, touching his breast. "I went to Godfrey Knighton, the proud and rich Englishman, and I challenged him to the duel. He laughed at first in his haughty fashion; then he said, with a shrug of his shoulders, 'If it will give you any pleasure to fight with me, Signor Ricardo, why I haven't the heart to bauk you; but I think it only fair to tell you that I am what is called a good shot, and that I shall take careful aim.' Those were his words!"

They were so exactly what both the listeners felt Godfrey Knighton would say, that for the first time an awful suspicion that this smooth-tongued Italian was speak-

ing the truth, began to grow upon them. "Well, gentlemen, we met. I might have chosen swords, for, not to be immodest, I am a proficient with the rapier; but I waived my right. It was pistols. The morning, I remember it quite plainly, why, yes, for I have cause!-was clear and bright, and our two figures stood out against the sky like black statues. I fired and missed; Godfrey Knighton fired andhit! See, gentlemen," and he pointed to the scar which, as he smiled, shone white and livid on his temple. "That is where Godfred Knighton's builet hit. They carried me off, and for weeks I lay between life and death.

"At the end of that time I went back into the world to find—what I might have expected! Floretta Corsini had disappeared, and of course, Godfrey Knighton had disappeared also. They had gone together, no one knew where!"

He paused and Clarence Montacute wiped the perspiration from his forebead. An awful foreboding was taking poscession of him, and all his thoughts—his heart—were with the girl whom he thought was upstairs in her room. If he could but have guessed that Iris was standing, white and motionless as a statue, behind the curtain, within a few feet of them, listening in a dull, dreamy horror to every word that fell from the man's lips, what would be have done!

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

A Busy Live.—Alexandre Dumas, the French author of "The Count of Monte Cristo," was one of the most prolific of writers. Besides producing novels, he wrote plays, memoirs, travels, histories, and a cookery book. His record is: Novels and tales, 211 volumes; travels, 29 volumes; dramas, 25 volumes; historical works, 17 volumes; memoirs, 12 volumes; and miscellaneous works, 4 volumes; making in all 298 volumes. Assuming that he began to write when he was twenty, he must have produced during the remaining forty-seven years of his life an average of rather more than six volumes in every twelve months. Dumas died at the age of sixty-seven.

Bric-a-Brac.

FIRST-FOOTING.—First-footing is an old custom connected with New Year's eve. Parties of friends visited one another, and those that reached a neighbor's house first after midnight were called first foot, and the first-foot was sure of good luck for the coming year. From this custom doubtless, the modern New Year's call took it origin.

A MATTER OF COLOR,-The prejudice against red hair is as widespread and deeprooted as it is unaccountable. Tradition assigns reddish hair to both Absalom and Judas. Thus Rosalind in Shakespeare (complaining of her lover's tardiness) pettishly exclaims: "His own hair is of the dissembling color!" and is answered by Celia: "Somewhat browner than Judge"s." Marston, also, in his "Insatiate Countem," says: "I ever thought by his red beard be would prove a Judas; bere am I bought and sold." But Leonardo da Vinci, it may be noted in passing, paints Judae with black hair in his fresco, "The Last Judgment." All over Europe red hair is associated with treachery and deceitfulness.

DUKE HUMPHRET.-Perhaps the origin of the expression 'dining with Duke Humphrey,' is not so well known as to render an account of it superfluous. There stood in St. Paul's Church, London, a monument to the memory of one Sir Guy Beauchamp, but which was erroneously supposed to be the tomb of Humphrey, Duke of Gioucester, who was in fact buried at St Albans. From this mistake, the part of the cathedral in which the monument stood was called "Duke Humphrey's Walk;" and here the gallant who had not the means to procure a dinner lingered, in the hope of an invitation to dine with some more fortunate friend. Falling this, he spent the dinner hour in company with the inhospitable monument, or, as the vulgar expressed it "dined with Duke Humphrey."

THE WHITE HORSE.-An explanation of the white horse and red headed girl idea, refers to a North of Ireland superstion, that the sight of a red-headed girl brings illluck to the beholder unless he retrace his steps; but if bemet a white horse at any stage of his backward progress the spell is averted. In midland counties of England, on the other hand, it is ill-luck to meet a whi e horse without spitting at it. In Wexford an odd cure for the whooping congh is sug-The pagested by current supersition. tient trudges slong the road until he meets a plebald horse and shouts out to the rider: "Hallo, man on the plebald horse, what is good for the whooping cough?" and no matter how absurd the remedy suggested he will certainly be cured. In Scotland to dream of a white horse fortells the coming

THE BIGGEST IN THE WORLD .- Here when a garden party is given, a tent is often put up to do duty for a "refreshment saloon." In West Africa they employ an umbrella instead, so that it is not the mere whim of a sable monarch which leads to these articles being made of such a huge size. Not long ago a certain firm made the largest umbrella in the world for a West Atrican king. The umbrella, which closed in the usual way, measured twenty-one feet across and was fastened to a polished mahogany staff of the same length. The covering was formed of Indian straw, and lined with cardinal and white; twenty straw tassels hung down from it at regular intervals, and the whole had a border of crimson satin. There was a pine-shaped straw ornament on the top, which ended in a giit cone. When his Majesty gives a party he will have the umbrella stuck in the ground and thirty guests will be able to sit down to dinner under its grateful shade.

HOME, SWEET HOME .- "Home, Sweet Home," a song by John Howard Payne, a prolific author in prose and verse, who is only remembered to-day through these lines. When Charles Kemble was manager of Covent Garden Theatre, in 1823, he bought a number of MSS. from Payne, who was then starving in a Parisian attic. Among these was a drama, "Clari, the Maid of Milan." At Kemble's request, Payne changed this into an opera, introing the song of "Home, Sweet Home," which then consisted of four stanzas. The opers was a failure, but the song proved a great success. Over 100,000 copies were sold the first year, and in two years the publishers cleared over \$10,000, no portion of which went into the author's pocket. "How often," he compains, "have I been in the heart of Paris, Berlin, London, or some other city, and have heard persons singing or herd organs playing "Home, Sweet Home," without having a shilling to buy myself the next meal, or a piace to lay

THE STAR OF LOVE.

BY SHIRLBY WYNNE.

The sunset fades across the mo The evening air is calm and still, Day passes through her twilight doors,

A little bebbling mountain stream Makes eifin music as it falls, Softly as music heard in dream That the half-waking sense enthralis,

And there my darling waits for me, And watches for me till I come O Btar of Love, her guardian be, And spread thy wings o'er her and home:

And when I feel her hand in mine. And when I hear her welcome sweet, We'll bless thee, Star of Love divine, And worship at thy silver feet!

A GOLDEN PRIZE.

BY THE AUTHOR OF "PENKIVEL," "OLIVE VARCOR," "BY CROOKED PATHS,"

"HHRATHED IN VELVET,"

RTC., BTC., BTC.

CHAPTER XXXII.

HERE WASSILENCE for a moment, but it was evident that the Major had

not yet finished, and he continued. Not that Vyse would be so foolish as to attempt to come to close quarters with his enemy and rival," he said, as if he were reflecting. "No, he wouldn't do that, for Mr. Raven, it appears, is, notwithstanding bis late tilness, an—ahem—an awkward man to tackle. No, I should think that if Yyse meant to do him a mischief, he would attack him unawares. I should fancy that he would-er-get a gun, an air gun, for instance, one that doesn't make any noise, and I should think that he'd hang about, concealing himself near this spot, concealing himself near this spot, until he saw an opportunity—some evening say, when the men had gone and Mr. Raven was alone in the quarry. I am afraid that is what soor Vyse would do."
"Poor" Vyse shood with his hands thrust into his pockets, his face white, his breath coming thick and fast, and his eyes regarding the mater with a half startled, half

ing the major with a half startled, half

ferocious giare.

"You see," said the major, still in the maine bland, amiable, and speculative tone, "if he took a careful aim he would kill the unfortunate man without anyone being the wiser, and could then escape and keep clear of the neighborhood until the affair clear of the neighborhood until the affair blew over. Of ourse, I trust no such ideas as these would enter poor Vyse's head, but all the same I do not think I will give you this knife for him, it might lead him to think of his revenge, and that would be dreadful, my friend, would it not?"

Vyse struggled with his voice.

"Yes, it would, guv'nor," he assented hoarsely, "But it wouldn't be more than that sly hound, Clifford Raven, deserved..."

"Oh, come, my man," said the major with gentle reproach: "you really mustn't use such language! You really must not, indeed! You take your friend Vyse's injuries too much to heart; anyone would think they were your own!"

Vyse started.
"Besides, if anything happened to this Mr. Raven, and it was remembered that you had spoken so violently on Vyse's behalf, it would be kind of awkward, wouldn't it? No, my friend; do not let us indulge in hasty language. If you see Vyse, which is not improbable, don't tell him of our—ahem—little conversation. But, of course you wouldn't be so imprudent?"

"No. I won't tell him, guy'nor," said

Vyse, looking hard at the ground.
"That's right," said the major. "I'm
airaid I've taken up a great deal of your
time, my man. You must let me—er make it up to you. Times are hard just now, aren't they?"

"They are,—very hard !" assented Vyse, watching the major's fat hand as it slid into his pocket.

"There," said the major: "there's a trifle to help you on your road, my friend."

Vyse took a couple of coins which lay on
the major's palm, looked on them, and

started "Eh? What have I given you?" enquired

the major.

"A—a couple of suv'rins!" said Vyse.
"Dear me!" exclaimed the major; "I
thought they were shillings. Never mind;
I don't like to take them back. But, oh, my good friend do not spend them in—shem —drink and dissipation; remember, if you meet with your friend Vyse, not a word of what we have been saying concerning him."

Vyse nodded and touched his ragged cap, stood for a moment glancing from one the other, then slunk off.

The two men est silent for a moment or wo. The major's blandly-benevolent extwo. pression gave place to an anxious and fur-tive one as he watched the ragged, disrepu-

table figure disappearing over the bills.

Then Arthur Carr-Lyon raised his head.

"What devil's game are you playing at

The major turned to him with an air of

"My dear Arthur !"Pshaw!" broke in broke in the other. know that was Vyse himself; you knew it all the time! You'll—you'll get into trouble over this business!" and he uttered

an oath, as he wiped the perspiration that stood in cold drope upon his forehead.

The major's face twitched.

"No!" he said in a low voice. "There is no danger to us. All the world might have heard what I said to the man. Suppose he acknowledges that he is Vyse, I will swear in a court of justice that I don't know who had." And I gave him good advise for his he is! And I gave him good advice for his friend, Vyse; I even refused to give him Vyse's knife, lest harm should come of it! I can call you as witness to that, and I'll ask you to remember all that I said to the man, my dear Arthur, sa well, in case of

accidents."

"And you, meaning nothing, gave the man a couple of pounds!" said Carr-Lyon, with a sneer on his trembling lips.

"A mistake!—I thought they were two shillings!" retorted the major with a cunning smile. "You heard me say so. Good heavens! why should I give a tramp I never saw before so much money? It was a mistake, but of course, as a gentleman I couldn't take it back from the poor devil!"

Arthur Carr-Lyon looked at him.

"You—you are a clever fellow," he said, between his teeth. "And—and you think that this man will—help us?" he added, in

between his teeth. "And—and you think that this man will—help us?" he added, in

a whisper.

The major stretched out his hands, palm upwards, with an air of throwing off any responsibility.

"I won't answer such a question," he

"I won't answer such a question," he said. "I don't think, or know, anything of the kind. But"—he paused, and an evil smile crossed his fat, white face—"I shouldn't be surprised to hear that Clifford Raven was foundlying in the cursed quarry with a builet through him?"

Arthur Carr. Lyon drew a long breath.
"What is to be done meanwhile?" he demanded sullenly.

demanded sulienly.

The major rose.
"We'd better part," he said. "If you want my advice, it is: Keep quiet and—wait. Don't attempt to interfere with Desmond.

"And Kate?" said Arthur Carr-Lyon, with suppressed fury. "Am I to leave her to defy me—my own wife?
The major shook his head.

The major shook his head.

"Take my advice, and leave her alone for the present. Remember, you are in her power, and—well, you haven't treated her very well, you know. And Kate's a girl with a good deal of—er—strength of character." He lowered his veice. 'Keep quiet and wait. If—if anything happens to Desmond, the tables are turned, and it is con who will have the upper hand. Go you who will have the upper hand. Go

"And you ?" The major's thick lids dropped "Oh, I don't know!" he said. "You leave me to care for myself." "Yes, I can do that!" said Arthur Carr-

Lyon, with a eneer. "I can do that with perfect safety. Well, I'll get to the station." "Yes, it wouldn't do for us to be seen together, and set all Sandford chattering.

I'll write to you if anything turns up."

The two men parted without another word; as such men do part, hating and fearing each other, and yet bound to each other by bonds of a common crime.

So great a change had come over Kate's life that it almost seemed to her that she had become quite another person; that the old Kate Meddon, who had been partly lured into marrying Arthur Carr-Lyon; the Kate who had gone through that parting with the man in Wood's Quarry, had died, long long ago, and that he who sat at work. long, long ago, and that she who set at work in Jess Playford's rooms was a totally different entity !

She'd so carefully cut berseifoff from her old life and self, that she could not have been more completely lost if she had sailed across the sea, or been transported to an lost the sea. Indian jungle.

On the morning following her first night at Jess's, she had written a short note to

at Jess's, she had written a short note to Desmond Carr-Lyon.

It was one of four lines only. "Forgive me," it said. "I could not stay. I am quite safe and at peace. Do not seek to find or follow me. I pray that you may be bappy and that we may never meet again."

She did not even sign it, for she would not have written the hatful wedded none.

not have written the hateful wedded name to save her life, and she could not sign it "Kate," lest it should awaken tender

elings and sad regrets in his heart. Having taken farewell of her past in writing the note she strove womanfully keep her new life.

At first it seemed as if the singular woman who had rescued her had only been putting forth the pretense of making the constumes as a plausible way of easing Kate's conscience and pride; but Kate would not have this.

"I must really help you, Jess," she said,

"I must really nearly so, "or—or go?"

And with a murmured word of impatience, Jess, seeing that she was resolved and determined, gave her work to do. Kate's fingers were stiff and awkward at first, but she got to use the needle and the sewing mactine very quickly, and, as Jess had said, she possessed taste which rendered her valuable.

She got several books of costumes from the library, and copied some ancient and classical costumes from them. It was hard work, and she made harder work of it by working almost uncessingly; but it kept her from going mad, or breaking her heart, and Jess, seeing this, did not interfere for a time.

But as the end of the week came, and Kate, had not left the house, and the olive pallor of her face was growing a delioate ivory, Jess camly and coolly took the work ahe was engaged on from her hand, and tossed it saids

"What is the matter? Is it wrong?" Kate asked, with a start and a flush.

"No, it is all right," said Jess. "It always is all right, but you mustn't do any more, not a stitch!" and she frowned. "You have set here in this room, work, work, working for six days without going out, and I can't stand it any longer!"

"I am quite well," faltered Kate.
Jess snatched up a hand-glass, and held it before her face.
"Look at that," she said. "You are killing yourself. Put on your bonnet and go out. Why should you be afraid? Put on a black veil. You need not go farther than the square, and I will come with you. I should like to see anyone interiers with you when I am by your side!"

Kate stood trembling and rejuctant for a minute or two, then she got her hat and jacket, and, thickly velled, went out with her strange friend.

her strange friend.

After that Jess insisted upon her going out with her for an hour every morning, and gradually the color came back to Kate's pale face.

Since the first night of their meeting, neither had spoken of their past life, to the other, and there had been no exchange of confidences; but Kate noticed, almost unconsciously, that while she, when they were out together, glanced about her with a half-shrinking fear of meeting some in nitiar face, Jess tooked about with eager, restless

enquiry, as it she were seeking someone.
Once she started suddenly from Kate's
side, and, darting quickly across the road,
stopped short in front of a gentleman who was passing; but a moment afterwards she was back with Kate, and her face wore a

disappointed and dispirited expression.

"Did you think you saw some one you know ?" Kate asked innocently, and was sorry the next moment that she had put the question, for Jess turned upon her with a

it was not; it never is. But it will be some day -some day !"

During a portion of the day, sometimes for nearly all the day, Jess was out fulfilling her engagements as an artist's model, and then Kate was left alone. Heaven knows what thoughts filled her mind as ows wat these times over her work; but now and again Jess found a spot of moisture on the costumes, and knew that it was

So the days glided on into weeks; and as Kate had said, she was at peace. No one but Jess ever entered the room, the outer world was as completely shutout as if she had been in prison, and she lived altogether in

been in prison, and she lived sitogether in the past.

Between the two girls an attachment sprang up, or rather grew gradually—a strong and deep attachment. Jess was never tender or affectionate, and there were times when she would sit in silence, with her dark brows drawn fiercely, and her black over deathers with some hidden for black eyes flashing with some hidden feel-ing, but she was always gentle to the beau-tiful girl she had succoured and protected, and watched over her as devotedly as an eiderly sister could have done.

One evening about six weeks later the two sat at work. Kate was making a drawing of a costume for Marie Antoinette, and Jess Playford was mending a rent in her Jess Playford was mending a rent in her dress. They had been working in silence for half an hour or so, for one of her dark his was upon Jess, and Kate every now and then looked up pityingly at the heavy brows and smouldering eyes.

Suddenly Jess dropped her hands upon the table, and, rising abruptly, began to nace up and down.

pace up and down. Kate just gianced at her.

"Is anything the matter, Jess?" she Why don't you put your work away, and and rest awhile? Come and look at my drawing; you like to watch me sometimes, you know!" for Jess would often sit with her head resting on her hands, and her eyes fixed intently upon Kate's white, supple fingers as they moved over the

paper.
"Yes, yes—sometimes," she said in a quick, nervous voice, "but not now! I can't work or sit down to-night! Don't

"Forgive me, Jess," murmured Kate; but it makes my heart ache to see you so unhappy: I know you are unhappy!"

Jess laughed and pushed the thick black

hair from her forehead. "Unhappy! Yes, and I deserve to be!" she exclaimed in a suppressed voice, "I am never anything else, or shall be, until—"" she broke off suddenly. "But I am worse to-night. This room seems stiffing; I feel choking, and as if I must go out. As if—" she stopped again, and looked at Kate frowningly. "Did you ever feel what people call a presentiment, Kate? As if what you had been looking for and longing for for years was near at hand?"

Kate leant her head upon her hand and

thought a moment. "Yes, something like it," she said, "But it never comes true, does it?" and she smiled the sad smile of the weary heart.

"No, scarcely ever; but the presentiment is there all the same. I feel it to-night; it is strong upon me,—it seems to be drawing me out into the air." and she began to pace

up and down again.

Kate watched her with deep sympathy. Kate watched ner with deep sympathy.
"Why not go out for a little walk, dear
less?" "The room does seem hot to you,
I dare say: I am used to it. Go out for a
little walk in the fresh air. You will come back so much better."

Jess smiled bitterly. "Do you think so?" she said. will go. At any rate, it is not fitting and proper that I should worry you with my black fits. But if you knew—"

"I know that you have had some great trouble and that it casts its shadow over you at times; dear," said Kate, gently, and you!"

she put out ber hand and laid it softly and She shook it off with an impationt, ner-

vous gesture. "You have suffered too; but you bear it.
You are a lady and I am only one of the
common people; that's the reason."
"I suffer for my own folly," murmured

"And I, too; but I cannot bear it as you do. Every day of my life I long for revenge! If I thought it would not come—" she stopped again. "Yes, I must go out for a little while," she said, and left the room with a hurried step.

Kate rose as she re-entered with her out-

door things on.

"Let me come with you, Jess?" she
said. "I will not talk, or—or worry you!
Let me come. I don't like your going out

"No, no!" said Jess decidedly. best alone when I am like this! You needn't be afraid," she added, with a short, bitter laugh. "I shan't do anything rash. I'm not going to do away with my-seif—yet!"

"Jess!" cried Kate reproachfully, but

the door slammed, and Jess went out.
She passed out into the street hurriedly, then stopped and looked from right to left, as if uncertain which way to take; but after a moment's reflection—if reflection it could be called, -she went towards Picca-

dilly.

It was past ten o'clock, and the streets were full of the usual throngs of pleasure-seekers. Some of them made some remarks or turned to look after the tail figure with its darkly-handsome face; but she went on her way with a quick, firm step, paying no heed, and looking about her with her usual keen scrutiny.

Presently she came to St. James' street.

The pavement was quiet enough here, and, very unconciously, she walked more

slowly.

The clubs were in full swing, and she could see, through the glass doors, the footnen and watters passing too and fro. Now and again two or three gentlemen would enter or come out from one of these modern palaces, and Jess would pause for a moment, and look eagerly at them.

So she went on, until a calmness began tollow upon her mood of restless excitement. She then stopped, and looked about her vacantly; then, with a sigh, she mut-tered. "Not to-night. I shau't see him to-night!" and turned towards home.

As she did so, the huge glass door of a ciub swung open, and a gentieman came down the steps.

As he did so he pulled his overcoat to-gether with a smothered oath, drew his nat over his forenead with an ill-tempered

Jess stopped and started. oath and the gesture which had startled ner. Swiftly and cautiously she drew back out of the light that poured in a great stream from the club, and, bending eagerly forward, fixed her eyes upon the man.

He pulled up the collar of his coat, and looked about for a cab; then, swearing sul-

Jess pressed her hand to her heart, and shut her eyes for a moment, then, with soft

steps, followed him.
Arthur Carr-Lyon, for it was he, walked on until he had reached the square, and was making his way to a cab-stand, when suddenly he felt a hand on his shoulder. "Claude!" said Jess, in a low hoars,

voice. He started as if he had been shot, and swung round upon her, and the two stood confronting each other. The light from a gas-lamp fell upon both their faces, and both were white: his with a fear that was almost superstitious; hers with an awful expression of hate and satisfaction.

"Claude!" she said sgain.
"Who the deuce are you?" he exclaimed
at last, trying to shake off her grasp of iron;
but her thin nand closed on his shoulder like a clasp of a vice.

She laughed, a dry harsh laugh.
"You don't know me you mean?" she said. "You lie, Claude Hamiton, you know who I am. But I will tell you. I am Jess Playford. Jess, Jess! Do you hear? The women you ruined and deserted!"

He had been playing and losing and drinking heavily, and his nerves—the nerves of a coward—were all unstrung, and

"Yes, it's me!" she retorted with savage

"Yes, It's me!" she retoried with savage bitterness. "Look at me! I'm altered, but you'li know me after a minute or two, I knew you fast enough. You're not altered, it isn't you who have suffered! No! I knew you!"

His face twitched and his !ips quivered under the case of her black even.

His face twitched and his !ips quivered under the gase of her black eyes.

"Yes, it is Jess!" he exclaimed with feigned surprise and delight. "Well, this is luck! Why, i've—l've been looking for you everywhere, Jess!"

"That's a lie!" she said, not loudly but with slow distinctness. "It is I that have been looking for you! But I've found you—at last!" What an accent there was on those two last words! In them spoke all the awful longing for vengence which

all the awful longing for vengence had been simmering for months and years. "At last!" you're glad to see me arn't you?

"At last!" you're glad to see me arn't you? You look it! Well I'm glad to see you!"
"Yes, yes," he faltered; "awful, glad.
Where—where are you living, Jess?"
"What do you care where—or how!"
she retorted with suppressed fury. "You hoped that I shouldn't live at all! You'd give all you're worth if I were dead. give all you're worth if I were dead.
Don't deny it; I know it! But I'm not dead, I'm alive, Ciaude—and I've found

He grew red and white by turns. "Look here," he said, giancing towards the cab-stand nervously; "don't make a

she said, with a sharp click of her "No," she said, with a sharp click of her teeth; "I won't make a scene; but I've found you, and I mean to keep you! Make

these men to help me—"
"Give you the slip!" he echoed, with well-leigned reproach; "certainly not! Such an idea never entered my head! Why should !? Why, Jess, I'm awfully glad to see you!"

see you!"
"Yee," she said, with bitter sarcasm,
"you look like it. And now what do you
mean to do?"

"Mean to do?" he repeated, his eyes fall-

"Mean to do?" he repeated, his eyes falling before her fixed gaze,
"Yes!" she said, stoutly and sternly.
"What do you mean to do? I sak you, and! want an answer. You promised to marry m :—you remember?"
"Yes, yes, I remember," he said weakly,

desperately.
"You deserted me, left me to starve!" she said, and her hand fell from his shoulder to his fore arm, and grasped it; "did you keep your promise?" "To marry you?" he said gently.

"Yes! I was no worse then than I am now! Did you do it? Speak, answer, Yes or No! Abswer No, and I'll—" her teeth clencued and her eyes shone like two balls of fire—"kill you!" He tried to speak, but his voice failed

him.
"Will you?" she said. "Wait; perhaps
you are married already!" and her voice

sounded harsh and husky.
"No, no, I'm not married," he quickly

She drew a long breath.

'If you had said 'Yes,' she said, "I'd have killed you! You are not married.

Then you will marry me? Remember your promise! Look at me, and remember was and what you made me. Answer me! Will you marry me?"

He looked from side to side under his thick lide.

"Of course I will," he replied. "Don't 1 "Of course I will," he replied. "Don't I tell you I have been looking for you? Why, we slways used to get on well together, you and me! Of course I il marry you! You don't know how hard pressed I was when I left you! I'm sorry I did it, very; and I've been looking for you ever so long, years! 'Pon my word of honor!"

"Your bonor!" she said, with bitter scorn, "Where do you live? I've found you now and I'm not going to lose sight.

you now, and I'm not going to lose might of you!

He drew a cardease from his pocket.

"Here's my address," he said. She took the card under the lamp, and

"Lord Carr-Lyon!" she said. "You-you he said uneasily. "I came into

"After you left me to starve!" she finish-

ed, as he hesitated. "And you'will marry me? So you are a lord, are you? What is this— 201, Park Lane?"

'Yes," he said, "that's my address. You can come and see if you like."
'Cail a cab," she said.

He obeyed, and they got in. Tell the man where to drive," she

He did so, and the cab rattled swiftly "You don't mdan to-to-make a scene,

Jess?" he said "The servants, you know "No," she said; "I shall make no scene;

but I want to know whether you are lying or not. If what you say is true, then I am satisfied. You should marry me. if you satisfied. You should marry me, if you were a duke." "I'm only an earl," he said with a ghastly

The cab rattled on and entered Park

"The house is very near here." he said.
"You won't make a big fuss?" he asked 'No," she said. "I've been thinking.

You will meet meto-morrow," she thought a moment, 'on the Embankment, under Waterloo Bridge. We can go from there to Waterloo Bridge. We can go f a registrar's, and get married." 'Of course," he said at once.

She looked at him.

She looked at him.
"Do you think you can essape me? If so, put that thought away from you. I have found you, and will keep you!"
"My dear Jess," he said with effusion, "I haven't the faintest int ution of escaping you. All I bargain for is, that we go abroad for a time. You know what a fuss people make when men in my position..."

"We will go where you like," she said firmly; "and you will meet me at ten

At ten o'clock!" he said instantly. The cab stopped at the house in Park

Lane, and he got out. "Where shall I tell the man to drive?" he "I will tell him," she said calmly. "Let

He forced a laugh.

"You always were sharp, Jess," he said.
"But I do live here, as it happens. Ten

o'clock to-morrow."
She watched him go up the steps and ring the bell, and saw him enter, then, and not till then, did she give the cabman the ad-

dress of the house in the Edgeware Road. [TO BE CONTINUED.]

SPEAKING AND THINKING .- A BOD of the E heraid isle wished to present a par-rot to an intimate triend. He accordingly eailed on a dealer, who, having just sold halest parrot, persuaded Mike to buy an ewi, which he claimed as belonging to a she murmured.

rare and valuable species of parrots. Mike paid for the bird, and immediately walked off with it to the house of his friend, who was highly pleased with it.

About four weeks after Mike again called

about your weeks after Mike again called to see what progress the Poily made.
"And how does sue spaik?" seked Mike.
"She don't spaik at all—niver a word since the day you brought it."
Mike was off in a jiffy to ask the dealer why the bird didn't speak.
"She ham't spoken one, word on year."

"She hasn't spoken one word as yet," said Mike, as soon as ne could gain his

breath.
"Oh," replied the man of business, with cool indifference, "she is not a great speaker, but a very great thinker."
Mike left nonplussed.

A Niece for an Aunt.

BY FAYR MADOC.

OME away from the window, Justinal" Aunt Bianche gave this command pretty frequently, but Justina (Tina is she would have called herself) always forgot

Not very much passed the window, truly, for Elm Cottage stood off the high road, but every half-houror so something did come along the lane, and the sound of wheels always brought Tina to the window.

Aunt Bianche sat all day writing at her large table, and had not much time to spare

for her niece; but she was immaculately ladylike, and, in her code, it was not ladylike to look out of the window, so when-ever she raised her eyes and saw Justina standing there, she always called her

Then Tina would return, blushing to the roots of her hair, and sit down again at her own little low table, where she kept her workbox and portfolio, and her little library, and the photographs of her two dearest friends in frames, and a rosebud in a tall thin vase.

She used to sit there half the day, scribbling letters to her old schoolfellows, and making little mattress pincushions and fancy housewives, but she was not very happy, and the time hung heavily on her

True, she had the run of Aunt Blanche's book shelves, but unfortunately she did not care for reading, and the pieno, which she would have enjoyed, was denied to her; for Aunt Blanche might not be dis-

Of course Aunt Blanche meant to be very kind. But she did not understand the requirements of sweet seventeen. She was happy enough, writing, writing all day

But little Tina wanted something morefresh air, exercise, young companions, music, gaiety-and this never occurred to Aunt Blanche.

But an eventful day came. One morning dawned gloomy and black, as summer days sometimes will, and at ten o'clock the rain was pouring down with all the violence

It was Friday, and Aunt Blanche, who was a rigid churchwoman, walked two miles every Wednesday and Friday to the nearest church.

The rain did not make her forego it any; she did not care for weather. But she de-creed that it was no fit day for Justina to venture forth, and Justina accordingly stayed at home, sighing a little because she liked seeing the curate, who was unmarried and only one and thirty, but rather glad also, because she did not like the cierical gentleman (who was hardly aware of her existence) to see her in dirty boots and an

So she buttoned up Aunt Blanche's long waterproof cloak and helped her to put on loshes and opened her umbrella and shut the door after her with mixed feet

rings.

Then she furtively watched Aunt Bianche out of sight, and, breathing more freely, stationed herself at the window.

True, nothing was likely to pass on such a day as this, but there was occupation in gazing into the lane, and Tina was so tired

of sitting at her horrid little table. So she watched the rain-drops pattering down into the puddles, and counted the roses hanging their heavy heads on the bush opposite, and wished Luce tta Robin-son and Mimi Vaughan were there, and wondered if Aunt Blanche would let her be Mimi's bridesmaid, if Mimi married ber cousin Tom when he came back from

Then-hark! Surely that was the sound of wheels, and surely—as Tina strained her eyes in the direction whence the sound proceeded; surely that was the station fly

coming lumbering along.

If it was in a novel, thought silly little
Tina, the fly would stop at Eim Cottage; and while she was thinking so, the fly actually did stop, and (what was still more like a novel) out of it sprang a man, and a young man, too-much younger thin the curate, perhaps not more than twenty-

Tina flew back to her table and seized her

peo.
"My own darling Mimi, -What do you Tien old Batty think?" she began to write. Then old Batty opened the door and announced, "A geneman wishes to see you, miss-Mr. Charles Ward," and in walked a tall, big stranger, with a roll of papers in his hand

"I must beg you to pardon my intro-on" began Coarles Ward, speloged-B.t silly little Tina stopped him immed-

ia e y.

'Oh, it's no matter—it doesn't signify,'

Charles Ward looked at her with rather a puszled air. How very young this authoress looked! He imagined she had been writing these twenty years, but no doubt he was

"I believe I am addressing Miss Rivers?"

he said.

"Yes, yes," replied Tina. "Yes—that is to say, I—my aunt——"
She paused. She had just succeeded in getting rid of her color, but now it came back as rosily as ever.

"I came to ask your permission to publish one of your songs, which I have set to music," said Charles Ward.

"Oh!" said Tins, full of wonder.
One of her songs! Was the man mad? She instinctively grasped her pen tighter, and Charles Ward of course imagined that she was in the act of composing, and thought how eccentric literary ladies were, and yet how pretty and attractive this particular literary lady was. ticular literary lady was.

"Directly I read your song, I fell in love with it," he began to explain; "I set it to music, and now I have a great desire to publish it. I am a musician," he went on, as Tina made to remark, "the organist of Stanley Cathedrai, and se I was passing—I ought to have written—but I thought—"

He stopped, stammering. He could not precisely say that curiosity to see a literary iion who lived a perfectly secluded life had brought him hither.

"On, it doesn't matter," said Tina again.

"But have I your permission to publish the song?" saked Ward.
He admired Miss Rivers very much, but, after all, he had gathered nothing tangible

from his visit.

"Yes, yes," said Tina hurriedly. "I mean—if my aunt—i'll ask—I can't say." She almost began to wish that all men were curates, always in church, where one can see them without having to talk to them

"Perhaps I might try it over and see if you approve,"auggested the stranger, whose keen eyes had long ago detected the plano, "If you are fond of music," he added dubi-

Tins dropped her pen and clasped her lit-

"There is nothing in the world I love like music," cried she. "And I never hear any now!" Then may I sing this to you?" said Ward.

He went to the plano, and Tina followed him. The instrument looked very old and

the keys were yellow.
'1'm afraid it's not a very good one, and I should think it was out of tune," said

Tina.
She leaned forward and struck a chord She leaned forward and struck a chord or two. But the sound was not particularly displeasing, and Ward quickly seated himself, opened the roll of paper in his hand, played the opening bars, and began singling. This listened, entranced. When the song came to an end, she cried, "Thank you, thank you," but she gave no permission for the song to be published, and Charles Ward, who was beginning to be much impressed with her beauty and her oddity, begged her to try the song heroddity, begged her to try the song her-

"No doubt you can read music, and this is a soprano song," he said. "Yours is a soprano voice, surely?"

Tina demurred a little. She was out of practice, she said; had not opened her lips for weeks, was not quite sure that she had not a little cold. But she was presently in-

not a little cold. But she was presently induced to try.

Ward played the opening bars again, and Tina, more at her case vocally than conversationally, began to sing.

She had just sung the last note and Ward was still playing a few chords, when the door suddenly opened and Aunt Blanche stood before them, her dripping umbrella in her hand and a look of intense surprise upon her face.

upon her face.
Aunt Bianche had once been a handsome woman, but her complexion had become coarse and her features sharp, and Charles Ward thought her positively hideous as she confronting him, wet, spiashed

with mud, and frowning.

This was the duena of the piace, he perceived—the tyrant who kept the lovely young scribe shut up in close seclusion: on, in her gold porrior shes and her straight, soaked cloak!

' Justipal" cried Aunt Blanche. But Tina, completely terrified, had sought reluge behind the stalwart form of the musician, and stood there shivering but invisible. Aunt Blanche, however, knew that she was there. "Justina," she demanded, "have you and

this gentleman ever met before?" Tina could not reply; she was on the verge of tears. Unaries Ward looked over his shoulder at her, and immediately took

her part as became a man. madam, we have never met be-be said. "I ventured to call on Miss "No, madam fore," he said. Rivers to a-k permission to publish one of her songs."

Aunt Blanche looked hard at him; she was amazed, contounded. What deesit, what hypocrisy was this? For the first time in her life she made use of an emphatically

unladylike expression.
"Gracious goodness, what next?" she ex-claimed. "Pray, sir, were you not my nices's music-master at school?"

Charles Ward drew himself up and looked very angry. "Madam," he replied hanghtly, "I have

cuse me if I decline to make any further explanation. My business," he added, with great emphasis, "is with Miss Rivers."

"Then pray may I ask why you don't

address yourself to Miss Rivers?" inquired

Aunt Blanche.

She was beginning to comprehend the situation, and the twinkle in her eye showed that she could sometimes recall the time when she published her volume of "Songs" of Love and Honor,'

"I have been doing so," said the stranger.
"Miss Rivers was doing me the honor of singing the song I have composed to her words, and I was in hopes of obtaining her

But this was more than Aunt Blanche could stand. "Leave!" she cried' "Leave! Justina, what does all this mean? Come forward at once, child and explain your-

But to tell Tine to explain herself-silly little Tina, who had never been able to ex-plain clearly what an island was, how Charles I. came to his death—was as futile as if Aunt Blanche had desired the sun to

shine through a log.

The poor child came a step forward, and then burst into tears and covered her face

then burst into tears and covered her face with her trembling hands.

Aunt Blanche looked at her, and then at the stranger, and Ward looked at the pretty, shrinking form at his side, and then at the drenched and ugly woman before him. Then he he saw the twinkle in Aunt Blanche's eye, and a glimmer of the truth began to dawn upon him.

"I am afraid there is some mistake," he said gravely.

said gravely.

"I am afraid it is a cose of mistaken identity," returned Aunt Bianche.
"Are you Miss Rivers? Did you write the song?" asked Ward.

"Show me the song in question and I'll tell you," said Aunt Blanche, "I did indeed write a book called "Songs of Love and Honor," but my niece may have writ-

ten the song you speak of. Pray show it to Tina began to cry again, withered by her aunt's sarcasm, but Aunt Blanque was not unkind at heart.

The song was hers, undeniably, and she readily gave Ward the permission be had

Then he took his leave; there was no other course for him to pursue. Blauche gave him her hand trankly.

"If you are ever passing again and like to look in," she said, "we shall be giad to see you. You will know then which of us is which." So he departed, and Tine heaved a long

sigh.

"Why do you sigh, child?" said Aunt Bianche. "Why don't you help me off with my cloak instead? Dear, dear! my umbrella has made a pool on the carpet, and the young man has left his music beaind him, I declare! Well, cheer up, Justina! I haven't the smallest doubt that he will return for his music."

""I wish he would! It was like a povel

haven't the smallest doubt that he will return for his music."

""I wish he would! It was like a novel while he was here," thought Tins, as she carried away her aunt's dripping possessions; and she began to frame all manner of grand speeches which she would make to him, if he came, explanatory of her strange behavior during their first interview. But she made none of them, although Charles Ward did return the very next day—for his music—and went on returning pretty often all through the autumn. There was never any convenient season for Tina's set speeches, and when she wrote her Christmas letter te her darling Mimi, she was obliged to confess, "I've never told him the whole story yet!"

"Yes, yes," Aunt Blanche was saying to the musician at that very moment. "Tina is a little goose, but she is a sweet child, and God bless you both!"

And then a queer expression came over Aunt Bianche's face and she looked like a wintry sunset, and Charles Ward (who was a sensible young man in the main) actually kieved her.

ART !

44

a sensible young man in the mein) actually

For elderly people, you know, even when their complexions have become coarse and their complexions have become coarse and their features sharp, have hearts packed anugly away behind their common sense and knowledge of the world; and Ward had found out Aunt Blanche's heart, and when he had found it out, he ceased to think her ugiv or a gorgon.

But did he stop short at kissing the aunt? I have good reason to believe not. For, in the spring, I heard that Tina was mar ried and that her new surnaine began with

BENEFIT OF LAUGHTER.-Probably there is not the remotest corner or little inlet of the minute blood-vessels (life-vessels) of the body that does not feel some wavelet from that great convulsion (hearty laughter) shaking the central man. The blood moves more lively—probably its chemical, electric, or vital condition is modified—it conveys a different impression to all the rgans of the body as it visits them on that particular mystic journey, when the man is laughing, from what is does at other times. And so, we do not, a good laugh may lengthen a man's life, conveying a distinct stimulus to the vital forces. And the time may come when physicians, at-tending more closely than a present they are apt to do, to the innumerable subtle influences which the soul exerts upon its tenement of clay, shall prescribe to a torpid patient "so many peaks of laughter, to be undergone at such and at such time," just me they now do that far more objectional prescription, a pill, or an electric or galvanic sbock; and shall sludy the best and mest firetive method of producing the required effect in the patient.

Tears are the softening showers which cause the seed of heaven to spring up in tibuman beart,



BY C. M. A.

Stivery brooklet, bright and clear, On, for ever on, thou flowest, Tell me standing musing here,

From the dark rock's hidden bed Over flower and moss i hie, On my mirror-breast is spread Image of the azure sky.

Therefore like a child I roam lie, methinks, will be my guide

Up in a Balloon.

BY J. O. THOMAS.

CHAPTER I.

T was a hot day in July; not a breath of air was storing, and the sun shone with a blinding giars on the white facade of Cuampfleury Court, and its flower-beds in front of the drawing-room win-

"Just look, Aunt Dians, at Fitzroy, run-ning about in this biasing sun!" said a soft voice, as a young giri, whose stender figure was clothed in some soft white marial, lifted the Venetian blinds and look ed out.

"The dear boy will kill himself some day, in pursuit of one of his hobbies," and Miss Diana de Champfleury, a maiden lady of severe aspect, looking up from her embroidery.

"I am really afraid that he will," said her niece. "Let me see; he has been blown up once during a chemical experiment," checking off each disaster on her fingers; checking off each disaster on her fingers;
"took strychnine by mistake in the course of his toxicological investigations, and was only saved with great difficulty; then he was arrested while at St. Petersburg on suspicion of being a Nihilist, and plotting against the Czar's life, in the pursuit of alchemy; and knocked on the head by a ticket-of-leave man in studying phrenology; not to mention such trifling things as a broken collar-bone, rheumatic fever, and bronchits, induced by his zeal in hunting, rowing, and pedestrianism."

"Weil," said the old lady; "he is at present engaged in a harmless pursuit, that is, if he does not get a sun-stroke. But here he comes."

"I have got him!" cried a middle-aged gentiemen, rushing into the room, throw-

gentlemen, rushing into the room, throwing off his Panama hat, and mopping his face with a red slik pocket-handkerchief, "a splendid specimen of the Polyommatus

Let me see it," said the young girl, looking with curiosity at the little box in which the unfortunate insect was breathing its last, amidst the fumes of

chloroform.
"Impossible, my dear Mary," replied Sir
Fi zroy; "when I have set him," you shall
see, but he would begin to flutter, and so
injure his wings, were you to open the box

Aithough brother and sister, they were

singularly unlike.

Mary was the younger by seventeen or eighteen years, and her pale reflued form, and siender form, little resembled Sir Fraz roy's round, rubicund visage, and short,

thickset figure.
Perhaps it was owing to the numerous hobbies which Sir Fauroy de Champfleury rode to death, that no thoughts of marriage had entered his head.

in value was the net spread before him by bewitching maliens and fascinating widows—his time was too fully occupied for him to notice their attempts to charm

It was now reluctantly agreed upon by the county families that Sir Fitzroy was not a marrying man.

In case he should die without leaving a perpetuate his name, the baronetey would descend to a distant cousin, but the estates, which were not entailed, would go to his sister Mary, involving a rent-roll of many thousands a year. So Mary, apart from her beauty and grace, was a presumptive heir as, and many were the aspirants to her hand who flocked to Cosmpfleury Court, and vied with each other claiming her for a dance at the county

Among the foremost of her admirers was Lord Oldcastle, whose land adjoined her brother's, and who, in addition to a long pedigree, presented considerable wealth and pedigree, presented con an agreeable exterior.

Mary had had one season in London, and many ned had one sesson in London, and it was noticed that among her partners Lord Oldosette was the one whom and seemed to like the best, but July came, and she returned to Champflury Court with her aunt, unengaged, and "anoy free"

As far as Sir Fitzrov could devote a thought to anything beyond the reigning bobby, he desired that his sister abould be stow her hand upon their neighbor, and so unite their setates.

"I am giad, Mary, that you have not come back in love with any penniless Govern-mentolerk, for I would never have given my concent," said be, laughing, a lew days before our story opens.

Supuled "I sometimes think, Fitzroy, that I should like to be a poor man's wife, and live in a nice little vills in Bayswater or St. John's Wood," said she; "the life of a great lady is

so irksome—never a moment to oneself, and always entertaining a host of duli, uninteresting people one does not care

"Pooh, nonsense, child," said Bir Fitz-rey, "you, of all people, are the least suited to lead a life of poverty. Cold mutton every day, a maid-of-all work, twelve young children, bab!" and with a gesture of disgust he went off to arrange his but-

Aunt Diana looked very graciously upon Champfleury Court, and turned a deaf ear to certain stories of his wildness, whishered he came to certain stories of his wildness, which her shaws, whishered to her over their five-o'clock tes.

"What he wants is a good wife, to keep him straight," she would say, thinking to herself all the time, "Don't you wish you could eatch him for one of your daugh-

Miss Wrinkleham was, unfortunately, the young man's senior by ten or twelve years, and Miss Parkshawe had red hair and green eyes, therefore they were "out and green eyes, therefore they were "out of the running;" but, nevertheless, their mothers did not think so, and to set Miss Diana against Lord Oldcastle was, they thought, a step in the right direction. tion.

Autumn came on, and Sir Fitzroy began to find a scarcity in his little winged victims; except a red admiral or peacock but-terfly now and then, rendered aleepy by the cold nights, there was absolutely nothing for him to catch, and he began to look out for some other distraction.

Now was the time for any enterprising female who wished to become Lady Champ-

Although there were no more painted ladies (Cynthia Cardui) of the insect tribe to be had, there were many human specimens of the genus ready to settle down on Champfleury Court as their butterfly sisters might on a peculiarly tempting ters might on a peculiarly tempting

Among these were the three Miss Weeks, who, with their mother, came to spend a few days at the Court during the shooting

Each of the young ladies had her own particular line.

Miss Clara Weeks, the eldest, went in for spiritualism, mesmerism, and fortune-telling; she also told the most blood-curdling ghost stories, and had had, at different periods of her life, the honor of being visited by several denizers of the other

Miss Dora Weeks was all body, as her sister was all soul; a joily girl with the constitution of an ostrion.

Sie would dance all night, and then be

up with the lark next morning, ready for a picnic, water-party, or any other form of amusement which might offer itself; weather had no power in dispiriting Miss Dora Weeks.

Did a water-party end in a superfluous amount of that element descending from the skies on the heads of the piessure-seekers, Miss Dora, in an ulster, and unfurseekers, Miss Dors, in an ulster, and unfur-ling a nest little umbrella, was impervious to sore throats, bronchitis, and all the other ailments supposed to attend upon upon get-thoroughly wet through, and she would declare the party to have been such fun, when the other guests of the weaker sex were in bed with influence.

At a school treat she was invaluable, no

tea-pot was heavy enough to tire her robust arm, and she exhibited a twenty-curate power in playing at games with the chil-

dren afterwards.

Miss Bianche Weeks was an infant, just out of the school-room, and her line at present was white muslin and simplicity, but she was preparing to appear in the cuaracter of

"A red-haired and fiendish young girl,
A twisting and twining, and sapping and mining
And dangerous sort of young girl."

But this transformation was not to take place just yet, but only if Miss Bianche found that she did not successfully establish herself by means of the simplicity.

Tueir mother, as may be imagined, had all her work out out for her, in acting as

chaperon to tuese young ladies.

The Weeks family were not rich, and upon her devolved the payment of the bills ch her daughters re op in the lightness of their hearts, besides which, they insisted upon having a dance at their own house now and again, poor Mrs. Weeks having to manage as best she could with an insufficient staff of servants, and a lack of ready

money.

Their house, too, did not belong to them, but had been left to them by an aunt: in a short time the lease would fair in, when they would be obliged to retire to some suburban villa, and renounce the galeties

in which they delighted.

Therefore, when they were invited to Champfleury Court they determined to

make a strong effort to capture the heart of the volatile Sir Finercy. Clara was to have the first chance, being

The other people staying in the house ere a bishop, a poet; Mr. Thistledown, the were a bishop, a poet; Mr. Thietledown, the bishop's chapiain, a mild young man with pink eyes; two of Mary's London partners, Mr. Hoppe and Mr. Prance; and Lady Hunoris More, a crony of Miss Diana's; Miss Dora Weeks, following some process of natural selection, fastened upon Mr. of natural selection, fastened upon Mr.

This ledown as her prey.
"Fond of lawn tennis?" she inquired in a loud, obserful voice, as she scaled hercelf at the dinner table on the first night of

their arrival at the Court. "Well, no," drawled Mr. Thistledown, "It is too violent exertion for me. I prefer to pass these golden September afternoons in ellent meditation and has recum-

bent position."
"What, in bed?" cried Miss Dora, in as-

tonishment.
'Oh, no," replied he, "I have a leopard skin carried out upon the lawn, and I lie there for hours, sometimes with Apuleia's 'Basilicon' for a companion. Do you know

"No, I have heard of things called lasy-tongs," said Cora, "but this is some new invention, I suppose."

"Not know the 'Basilicon!'" cried Mr. Thistledown, in a pained voice. "Oh, if you knew all its sweetness!"

"It must be some kind of tonic medicine." "It must be some kind of tonic medicine

the poor man means," thought Dors, "ne seems very delicate, certainly," Then sloud, "I see you are eating nothing, Mr. Thistiedown; let me persuade you to try some of the salmi, it is excel-

"Thanks, no," returned the poet faintly.
"A glass of water and a little fruit form my usual meal."

Miss Dora stared at him with large, sur-prised blue eyes; she had a very good ap-petite herself, and could hardly realize such

state of things.

Meanwhile, on the other side of the table Miss Clara was commencing the attack on Sir Fitzroy.

"Do tell me," said she, "the latest news

one night?"
"No, wally," said Mr. Hoppe, breaking in upon the conversation eagerly, "you don't say so! Arthur Gloaming told me that he always sees an old woman going upstairs before him, every night when he goes to bed, but I never heard that an old man had been seen!"

From ghost stories Clara easily proceeded to spiritualism, and at once made a convert of Sir Fitzroy, who was, as has been said, on the look-out for a new hobby.

"We will have a seance directly after dinner," he cried rapturously.

These mysteries must be approached in a proper spirit," said Ciara gravely. "I sometimes think, if mamma will allow it, of retiring to the top of a Welsh mountain, and spending several weeks in qualifying myself to be a medium, by fasting and meditation."

She said this with the air of an inspired prophetess, and with a wild gleam in her eye, which made Lady Honoria whisper to the Bishop, "Dear, dear, that eldest Miss Weks is not quite right in the head, I am

Just then Miss Diana rose, and the ladies followed her example.
"Well, dear," said Mrs. Weeks to Clara,

"how did you get on?"
"Capitally, mamma," said Clara, "we are
to have a dark seance when the gentlemen
come in. Where can I find Burke's "County
Families,' I wonder?"

"What for, dear?" said her mother,
"Why, to find out the names of Sir Fitzroy's relations who have died," said Clara.
"Go and talk to Miss Diana while I find
my way to the library."

By the time the men came into the drawing-room Clara was seated in a graceful at-titude on an ottoman, looking at some pho-tographs which Mary de Champfleury was

lowing her. Lord Oldcastle came up to them. He was a prize worth winning, thought Clara re-gretiully, comparing his height and slengretiuity, comparing his height and sien-der limbs with Sir Fitzroy's short, pursy

figure as he stood talking to the Bishop on the hearthrug.
But then the young man wasso obviously over head and cars in love with Mary. He

had no eyes for any one else,
"It would be waste of time," thought
Clars, surveying a distant reflection of her own magnificent figure in a mirror opposite to her, and comparing it with Mary's slight, girlish form.

"Are the spirits propitious to-night, Miss Weeks?" asked Lord Oldcastle, with a

He had met her at London balls, and "was up to her tricks," as he said to him-

"It depends upon the state of mind in which they are approached," said Ciara

severely.
"Tuls way, ladies and gentlemen, for the dark seance," cried Mr. Prance, bustling

about the room and arranging the chairs in a circle. Both he and Hoppe wished to sit next to Mary, while Lord Oldosatie was equally determined that he would be her neigh-

"You will frighten away the spirits, Prance, going on in that way," said Sir Fitzroy, "Now, are all ready?"

'The Bishop, Lady Honoria, Mrs. Weeks,

and mveell, are going to play at whist," said Miss Disna frigidly.

"All right; have the lamps taken into the pink drawing-room then," said Sir Fitzroy. "We are going to be in the dark."

"Perhaps you would like to remain with your daughters, Mrs. Weeks?" said Miss Disna. "We can play at dummy whist then

"Oh no, thank you," said Mrs. Weeks nervously; it was as much as her place was worth to be in the way when her daugh-ters were on the war-path. Therefore the Bisbop and his party re-

Mary ant between Lord Oldcastle and the chaptain, Mr. Smith; next to him came Miss Bianche Weeks and Mr. Hoppe; then Miss Dora and Mr. Thistledown; then the wretcued Prance, with none to flirt with; and finally Sir Fitsroy and Clara.

The lamp was piaced behind a screen,

and turned down; they were in almost complete darkness, but one could dis-

vidual's form.

"Oh, I am so frightened!" murmured

Miss Bianche.

"Never mind, I am as bold as a lion,"

"Never mind, I am as bold as a lion," said Mr. Hoppe.

"Rather slow, isn't it?" whispered Miss Dora to her neighbor.

Lord Oldcastle hoped the spirits would keep them a long time waiting, it was so delightful to be near Mary.

"Hang it all, I shall go to sleep soon," muttered the injured Prance, as they sat round the table in solemn silence. Then there was heard a rapping.

"A, b, c, d, c, f, g," interpreted Miss Ciara, as the rapping ceased at that letter being named. Then one by one, amid breathless excitement, was rapped out the being named. Then one by one, amid breathless excitement, was rapped out the

word grandmamma. I can't bear this!" cried Prance,taking out his bandkerchief, and pretending "Whose?"

"Hush," said Miss Clara, "you will break the link between us and the spirit

Then again the rapping loudly com-"8, 1, r," continued the medium, "F, i, t, z, r, o, y,'s — Sir Fitzroy's," triumph-

antiy.
"This is wonderful!" whispered the

worthy baronet.
At last the message was fully de-

"Grandmamma, in the happy, happy spheres of light, thinks of her lonely Fitz-

"By Jove!" said Lord Oldesstle, in a low voice to Mary," "that's good!"
"Lonely," thought the puzzled host; "I
never thought myself lonely before."

Then the message from the other world

"She watches over him, and says farewell before mounting to the seventh

Then all was silence.

Suddenly Clara gave a little moan, and caught hold of Sir Fitzroy's arm.
"I am not very well," she murmured, "these seances exhaust me. Ah!" and Sir Fitzny rose hurriedly, "Ring the bell, call Mrs. Weeks; she has fainted!"

Lights were brought by the alarmed servants, and Miss C:ara was discovered in a very effective swoon, her long hair had somehow come down, and was displayed to

great advantage.
"Poor darling!" cried her mother, who had been fetched from the whist-table in

haste. "Leave her to me, Sir Fitzroy, leave her to me." "She'd be considerably nonplused if he were to take her at her word," said the

heartless Oldcastle. But Sir Fitzroy was as attentive as any chaperon could wish. A melancholy procession was formed, consisting of Miss Diana, Mrs. Weeks, and all the maids in the house, and the unconscious medium was carried upstairs.

was carried upstairs.

"A most art/ul young woman," said Miss Dians with indignation, as she swept down the caken staircase on her way to the drawing-room, having seen the young lady safely to her own room, where restoratives were applied, "a most artful young woman I shall keep my eye on her while she remains at the Court, which will not be a day learners then I can hair." longer than I can help."

CHAPTER II.

HE next morning the guests were assembled at breakfast. Champfleury Court was not one of those houses where you might come down when you No; under Miss Diana's stern rule break-

No; under Miss Diana's stern rule break-fast was on the table at half-past nine o'clock, and if you did not come down then the old lady very soon let you find out that you had commisted a great misde-You might have breakfast in bed if you

liked, and welcome, but to come down late "threw the servants out for the day," as Miss Diana remarked.

Miss Clars, of course, had breakfast in bed, but Miss Dora was to the fore, fresh as a rose, and ready for amusement as morning; indeed, he might as well have

stayed at the Court altogether, as he was always there, but he had some guests of his own—men who had come down for the shooting—and was obliged, very rejuctantly, to look after them sometimes. But where was the host? The butler believed Sir Fitzroy had stepped out for a

stroll. Miss Diana frowned, but went on pour-

ing out the tea.
"Will your sister be sufficiently recovered to go to the Lawn-Tennis Club
ball to-night?" she inquired soldly of

Dora.
"Well, I hardly know," replied that young maiden cheerfully, "but if she isn't, I'll do my best to accomplish her share of

"That you will, I'll be bound, Miss Dora!" said Mr. Prance, "and 1 hope you will give me a dance or two in the course of the evening."

"You are gong?" said Lord Oldcastle.
"Of course," said Mary, to whom his
question was addressed, "it is the great
event of the year in this pare of the
world."

"You will give me the first valse?" im-

ploringly.
"Certainly," said Mary, with a smile, then walking towards the window she said, "It is very strange that my brother has not come in to breakfast!"

"Suppose we go and look for him," said Lord Oldcastle, hoping the others would

However, breakfast being over, the whole party came out upon the terrace, including the Bishop, and they looked vaguely about, as if expecting Sir Fitzroy to spring out of the ground suddenly.

"Where can he be?" repeated Miss Blanche Weeks, for the seventh time, "Quite a 'Lost Sir Massingberd' busi-ness," said Mr. Hoppe; 'have you ever read it? Fellow turns up years after in the trunk of an old tree."

"Look at all the cows collected together in one place. They seem to be holding a meeting among themselves," said Mr.

"By Jove! I vote we go and see what is the matter," said Hoppe.

Now the flower garden was divided from the park by a "ha-ha," and the cows had congregated in the species of grass-covered dice, and seemed to be surveying some object therein with surprise and

curlosity.

Mr. Hoppe swarmed down the bank, and then re-appeared making signals of dis-

All hurried to the spot, and found the prostrate form of Sir Fitzroy, with the mowing machine on the top of him.

"All right, old fallow," he called cheerily, "Pm not much damaged; only my ankle is sprained, I think, and I couldn't get up with this confounded thing on top

It appeared that, wishing to give himself an appetite for breakfast, he reso, ved to take a few turns with the mowing-machine, and his zeal overcoming his judgment, he went too near the bank, lost his balance, and fell down.

He was completely invisible from the house, and had not the cows come to look at him, might have remained there for some time longer, as it was the hour when the gardeners retired to the kitchen for a glass beer.

"An infernal machine indeed!" said Lord Oldcastle, helping the victim to rise, and he was then led limping into the house. His ankle was very badly sprained, and Miss Diana sent for the doctor, who said that he must keep perfectly quiet for two or three weeks, as one of the small bones was broken.

With a very rueful face Sir Fitzroy suffered himself to be established on the

eofa.

Nothing could be more fortunate," said Mrs. Mrs. Weeks, entering her daughter's room, and giving her an account of the ac-cident. "Here is Sir Fitzroy tied by the leg for a for night or so, during which time you will tell his fortune, and that sort of thing.

Of course you must not go to the ball tonight. I will tell Miss Diana that you are

still far from well, and you will remain to entertain Sir Fitzroy."

Clara gave a regreiful thought to the ex-quisite bail-dress which she was to have worn, then she said, with a sigh, "You are soppose I must remain an invalid

That evening the whole party started in the highest spirits for the Lawn-Tennis Club ball, except Clara Weeks, Miss Diana

and the Bishop.

There was, however, quite a controversy between Miss Diana and Mrs. Weeks, as to who should stay at home.

The former, who had strong suspicions as to the reality of Clara's indisposition, determined to mount guard over Sir Fitzroy, while the latter was of course anxious to remain, as she would engage the Bishop in conversation, leaving the coast clear for

Clara's operations.

It was in vain that she feebly remonstrated, saying that she would not for worlds keep Miss Diana from the ball, and that Lady Honoria would be an excellent chap eron for her girls.

Miss Disua sternly remarked that there was no chaperon like a motner, and ber mind was fully made up to stay at home.

Fortune, however, favored Clara, for within half an bour after the company had departed, Miss Diana was seized with vio-lent neuralgia, to which she was subject, and was compelled to retire to bed, leaving Sir Fitzroy and Clara alone, save for the presence of the Bishop, who placifly dozed over The Guardian for the rest of the even-

Miss Clara made the most of her time Sir Fitzroy began to think her one of the most fascinating women he had ever

Meanwhile her sisters were enjoying

themselves after their manner.

Dora was dancing bigh and disposedly, with one of the officers of a cavalry regiment stationed in the neighborhood. Bianche was sitting out with Mr. Smith, the Bishop's chaplain, who did not think it right to dance round dances, but did not

object to a mild firstation.

Mr. Hoppe and Mr. Prance had found congenial partners; and Lord Oldcastle, who had made up his mind that to-night should

decide his late with Mary, was extremely disappointed to see her carried off by a stranger, and a very good-looking stranger "Who is that fellow?" he asked, super-

ciliously, of one of his chums, who was leaning against the wall in an exhausted manner, although he had not danced

'Came with Lady Wrinkleham's party; his name's Gray, makes be lieve," said the young man. makes balloons, I

Lord Oldcastle made no answer, but rethred in disgust to the garden, which was lit by colored lamps, placed in rows along the paths and round the flowerThe ball was given by the President of the Lawn-Tennis Club, an old Indian offi-cer, whose daughters were very enthusias-tic about the game, and the house was an admirable one for the purpose, as there was a large room, with a pollshed floor, espe-cially intended for daucing, and opening out of it was a spiendid conservatory, deit was a spiendid conservatory, de signed by the host, and of which he

very proud.

There was a fountain in the middle, and an aviary containing some beautiful foreign birds, at the farther end.

In this seductive spot Mary and her part-ner were seated under the shadows of a

"He seems to be making himself very agreeable, confound him?" said Lord Old-castle; to his surprise the sentiment was echoed, but in stronger terms, by a remark-

ably fine parrot, just behind him.

There were several of these interesting There were several of these interesting birds in the conservatory, and, having been disturbed in their first sleep by the lights and music, they kept up a running commentary on the soft nothings which were uttered by the guests, who had chosen this place for a quiet filtration.

"Let us take a turn in the garden," said Mary's partner, rather disconcerted by the

Mary's partner, rather disconcerted by the way in which his remarks were interrupted, way in which his remarks were interrupted, and they left the conservatory, followed by a volley of the most unparliamentary language on the part of the parrots.

"This is our dance, I think, Miss de Champfleury," said Lord Oldcastle despendent.

"Is it really?" said Mary. "I have loss my card, but I fancied it was the next." She took Lord Oldcastle's arm, however, and, instead of going towards the house, he took a path leading in the opposite di-

Gray remained looking after her white "Thank you, I am resting on my oars for a time," said Gray; "how joily these lamps look of subject on the house, as she passed him with Mr. Hoppe.

"Thank you, I am resting on my oars for a time," said Gray; "how joily these lamps look!"

look "Yes, they have a very good effect," said

"I have only had one dance with you this "I have only had one dance with you this evening," said Lord Oldcastle, as he and Mary found themselves alone, having wandered to some distance from the house. "You seemed to find the balloon-maker very agreeable," bitterly.
"Balloon-maker!" repeated Mary; "what do you mean? On, I see—Mr. Gray. He does not make balloons, he is an aero-nant."

"Well, I've known you longer than this aeronaut, and I think I've more right to a dance than he has," "Surely, I may dance with whom I like,"

said Mary.

'The fact is," cried the young man impetuously, "I can't bear to see you dance. ing with any one else. I'm so awfully fond of you, Mary, you must have seen how I cared for you!"

am so sorry-why did you say this?" said Mary, "Please do not speak to me of

In ner agitation, she did not notice that her light tuile ball-dress had swept over one of the lamps which bordered the path but some one else did.

TO BE CONTINUED 1

CALLS IN EGYPT.

HILST traveling in Egypt I happened to be in Cairo during a principal feast, when I had the pleasure of bethe greent at a reception held by the wife of the Khedive.

At loar o'clock in the afternoon three

other ladies and myself drove to the "Win-ter Palace" of the Viceroy.

One of my friends was the wife of one of

the consuls, and she had promised to make

the necessary presentation.
We drove into the interior courtyard, and were received by a black canuch, who took us into a fine vestibule profusely decorated with gold and colors, mirrors and plants, and furnished with some very handsome

A splendid staircase led to the upper story. At the foot of the stairs we were met by tight and fine material, who silently took us to the top of the stairs.

Here stood another maid equally who led us through an apartment much decorated.

We then passed through several rooms. At every door we were received by a fresh slave, dressed like the first, in a plain light

Some of them had silk handkerchiefs twisted round the head, and the hair, after Oriental fashion, was plaited in a great many small plaits, which fell down

The presence of these silent attendants give a peculiar tone to the surroundings, and did much to remove that impression of Europe which the style of the rooms to a certain extent gave.

Several of the apartments were furnished with gilt chairs and settees, upholstered in silk, such as may be seen in richer houses. At last we reached the reception chan-BOT.

This was a large oblong room, with four righ windows on one side, in front of which were placed divans covered in red velvet. ue two end walls had similar divans along ne whole length.

The walls were decorated with two or three large portraits. The carpets, rugs, and hangings were of dark red flowery

There were several large mirrors, and some handsome tables iniaid with ivory and mother of pearl. On one side of the room a number of chairs and settees had been placed in a semicircle, and here Her Righness est surrounded by visitors. On our entrance all stood up, including Her Highness, who on our being presented kindly shock bands with na. Highness, who on our being presented kindly shook hands with us. The Khedive's wife has a handsome and

amiable face and most charming manners. She was dressed in European fashion, with

much taste.

There was only one lady-in-waiting present, and she also was in European dress.

Behind Her Highness a group of slaves

were standing.

One of the slaves held a tray covered with a gold-embroidered velvet cloth, with cups of coffee. On the guests' arrival, the cups were handed round, one by one, in the hands of another slave, tue one who held the tray standing on the same spot as still as a statue.

The stands of the cups, which were of enamelled silver and gold, were the shape of ordinary egg-cups; the cups were of china and small.

Cigarettes were also offered, but no one smoked, although Oriental ladies, as a rule, are fond of a little whiff. The conversation was carried on in French, several topics of the day being discussed.

As visitors were constantly coming and going, it was not easy to converse; but Her Highness had a kind word for everybody, and spoke pleasantly with those nearest to

when he left we were accompanied by slaves as on our arrival. Everything was silven and subdued—even our footsteps silven and subdued—the soft, thick car-

Then we suddenly passed from samidarkness into the bright Egyptian daylight, and were once again in the midst of the crowded and noisy streets of Cairo.

We then drove to the house of Ali Pasha,

a leading government official. Having been allowed by the "Boab" to pass into the building containing the harem, we found here the same profound stience which had so impressed us in the Khedive's palsoc.

so impressed us in the Khedive's palace. Having passed through several apartments without seeing a single living being, my friend ciapped her hands, and two women, in Arabian attire, appeared.

They recognized my friend and greeted us both in the kindest manner, first pressing our hands, and touching their lips and foreneads with their hands. We were invited to sit down and await the arrival of the sit down and await the arrival of the sit down and await the arrival. vited to sit down and await the arrival of their mistress.

Here, too, the rooms were, to a great extent, European, with the exception of the divans, and some texts from the Koran, which ornamented the walls.

The lady of the house made her appear-

ance in a few moments, dressed in a wide Oriental gown of dark material, and with a silk handkerchief on the head.

She received us both most courteously,

and evidently did not expect an introduc-

Unfortunately, she only spoke Arabic; but I understood enough, by the aid of my friend, to answer most of her in-

Coffee was handed round, but the servants and the hostess were plainer than at the Khedive's palace. When we left, our hostess gave us some lovely large roses,

which she took from a vase.

I was here, as is nearly always the case in the East, when introduced by a friend of the house, received as an old acquaintance, and I must own to a considerable amount of admiration for the gentle and polished manners so frequently met with in the

THE WOMAN QUESTION,-"One thing, says Mr. Mill, "we may be certain of, that what is contrary to women's nature to do, they never will be made to do by simply giving their nature free play. The anxiety of mankind to interfere in behalf of nature, for fear lest nature should not succeed in effecting its purpose, is an altogether un-necessary solicitude. What women by nanecessary solicitude. What women by na-ture cannot do, it is quite superfluous to forcid them from doing. What they can do, but not so well as the men who are their competitors, competition suffices to excuse them from, since nobody asks for protective duties and bounties in favor of women; it is only asked that the present bounties and protective duties in favor of mea should be re-called. It women have than for others, there is no need of laws or social inculcation to make the majority of them do the former in preference to the latter. Whatever women's services are most wanted for, the free play of competition will hold out the strongest induce ment to them to undertake. And, as the words imply, they are most wanted for the things for which they are most fit; by the apportionment of which, to them, the collective faculties of the two sexes can be applied on the whole, with the greatest of ratuanio Issuit.

CERTAIN house owners should profit by the experience of a wealthy Louisville wid ow, who rather than accept a fair rent for a dwelling kept the latter vacant. It remained so for months and eventually the boys in the neighborhoo i began breaking the windows with stones. Theu somebody tore down and carried away the front fence. Perhaps other people concluded after this that the house was a stray one, for they thre down the stable and other outbuildngs. The shutters, doors, windows, floors, next disappeared. Large loads of brick began to leave the house, and in a short time all the neighbors had paved yards and side walks. The walls crumbled away and fell in and in a short time scarce ly a semblance of a house remained.

Scientific and Useful.

A NEW SAFETY GUN .- Experiments are being made in England with a new 'safety' gun which is said to be capable of discharg-ing sixty shells a minute stiently and invisibly. The gun is discharged by steam or vapor at a pressure of 200 pounds to the

MORTAR—A mortar which it is claimed will stand in all sorts of weather is made of one bushel of unslacked lime and three bushess of sharp sand, to which is added one pound of alum mixed with one pint of lineed oil. The alum will counteract the action of frost on the mortar.

Wood Stone.—A Swedish scientist claim to have discovered the secret of artificially petrifying wood, by which means he believes edifices may be built of wood and converted into stone. At present the cost is about \$500 per cubic inch, so that the discovery does not promise an immediate revolution in building.

A PAPER LEATHER. - During the last twelve months, a paper leather to imitate calfskin has made it, appearance, and seems likely to play an important part in the manufacture of portfolios and albums. It can be used for a variety of purposes, for toilet articles, bookbinding, etc. Real calf is expensive, but of great durability. This imitation calf is cheap, although it can hardly be expected to wear well.

CORROSION IN BOILERS .- An English electrician has invented a material which he calls alterion for the prevention of corresion in boilers. Tue interior is coated this, and currents of electricity are with this, and currents of electricity are passed through the boiler, and from time to time reversed. The formation of the scale is prevented by a layer of hydrogen gas, which is deposited upon the inner surface of the boiler. The reversed currents reform the hydrogen into pure water, a thin layer of pure water being thus kept all around the boiler.

SWIMMING DRESSES. - A dress, resembling a diver's sult, and made of double India-rubber, has been adopted in the German navy. On the chest is a valve through which air is blown into the interior of the dress, which covers the whole body and leaves only the face free. To prevent the swimmer from being too much tossed about by the sea, the space round the chest is especially large. The swimmer wears a belt, which divides the into two parts, to prevent a too great loss of air if the dress were torn about the logs, and consequent difficult in swimming The swimmer wears shoes, with leaden soles, to secure his equilibrium, and for his detence a dagger, which is fastened to a girdle. The swimmers are to be employed for the blowing up of mines and hostile craft, and are provided with a box contain. ing an explosive charge, which they lasten to the mine or craft and ignite.

Farm and Barden.

OATS FOR PIGS .- On the majority of farms oats are grown for the horses and colts, but pigs should always be thought of as sharers

in this important muscle forming food. TIME. - An excellent way to utilize dull days when little work can be done especially during cold or rainy weather, is to shapen all the tools and implements, so as to have them ready for spring use. Give them a them ready for spring use. Give them a thorough cleaning, oil the machinery and keep them in a dry place.

THE CELLAR. - An excellent mode of purifying the cellar is to have the chim-ney extended from the cellar floor to the root, with an open fire-place in the chim-ney. A few sticks of wood, just enough to produce a light fire occasionally, will then ventilate the cellar thoroughly, and also prevent dampness.

BUILDING BLOCKS .-- A new kind of building blocks has been patented in Italy which are made of corn-cobs. The cobs are pressed into forms similar to bricks and held together by wire A good soaking in tar makes them waterproof. They are held together by wire A good tar makes them waterproof. hard and strong and weigh about onethird as much as a hollow-brick.

whitewashed too often. It not only renders it clean, light and cheerful, but assists in preventing decomposition, as well as disinfecting it to a certain extent. The purincation of the cellar is the most important matter of house-work in the winter as the cleaner the cellar the less liability of

THE COWS.-The first thing to do next summer is to ascertain the exact amount of milk your cows are giving; next fall you will fatten one-third of those cows. Then buy a buil from a family of cows that are ored up to an \$80 standard; breed him to your \$25 cows and the average calf will make a \$52 cow; continue this weeding and breeding and you will soon have an \$80

Galls .- An old Jeamster of fifty years experience says he has never had a case of the galls upon his animals where the following preventive was adopted, which was simply to rub the collars inside, every few days, with a little neats out of , tand the moment any dirt was found sticking like wax to wash it off with warm scapsuds and then oil. A yoke from exen, or collar from a horse, should not be removed when brought into the stable from work unti-the sweat is entirely dry, and all chafed apots should be offed.

FER SERAT PROVERS TANGET HAPPER clety that you must perforce keep up a



PHILADBLPHIA, PEBRUARY S, 1889

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One's Neighbor.

"Refrain thy foot from thy neighbor's house, lest he weary of thee, and so hate thee" We read this injunction in Holy Writ, and there is very sound truth in it; we are all apt to demand too much of our neighbors, too much of their time and affection too, if they are friends as well as neighbors.

We expect them always to be glad to receive us, and to have time and inclination for our society for as long as we choose to bestow it on them, but we must remember that, though we may be at liberty and have ample lessure for paying lengthy visits, they may be quite differently situated.

They are not necessarily tired of us, nor wish to eachew our society altogether, because just now they gently hint at their engagements, or are 'not at home' to visitors whenever you call—se tact must be exercised in leaving at once if you detect they are not at liberty to spend much time in your society, and everyone should try and flad out their neighbors' ways in going to see them only when they know they are nearly certain of being at leisure, and at the hours they like best to receive visitors.

To be a really good neighbor demands the passe sion of many excellent qualities tact, temper, discernment and consideration for other people's feelings; and if we passess all or some of these qualities, innumerable and never ending are the benefits we may confer on each other, and a great deal of pleasure will be the result.

But, because we are neighbors, we need not necessarily be close friends; we may be friendly enough to enjoy the pleasure of doing them little kindnesses, and re ceiving the same in return.

"It you want to like people, don't know them too well," says some one; and it is certainly true that very iew bear knowing well

Perhaps you have placed them on too high a pedestal; their agreeable manners and apparently amiable nature made us rate them too highly, and on closer ac quaintance we find them sadly wanting in many Christian graces with waich our lancy has endowed them.

On the other hand, very many reserved, shy people are only known and really appreciated when they become our near neighbors; they unbend then, and show by a hundred kindly acts that beneath that cold exterior lies a warm heart ever ready to do a kindness and to be a help to any one and everyone.

They leve to do good "by stealth," and are painfully uncomfortable if it is found out or even known to their most intimate iriends.

It is a great mistake on going to settle in a new place, whether for a long or short period, to rush too suddenly into people's arms. It is so easy to take people up, and so very difficult to drop them.

In fact, very many people will not be dropped, they make themselves so actively disagreeable it you try to avoid their so-

ciety that you must perforce keep up a show of friendship, if nothing more. If they think there is anything to be gained by keeping up your acquaintance, they will take care that you do not shun them.

It is well to find out slowly and by de grees what neighbors really are before you allow them to be intimate. One soon begins to see if they are desirable or the reverse, and no disagreeableness ensues if ittle by little you see less of them.

There are very iew neighbors, even if intimate friends, whom one cares to see every day; their society is apt to pall if one sees them too often.

In fact, friendship with near neighbors, however nice and charming they may be, is best sustained by not too constant intercourse. There are very few people we can see daily and do not tire of. One does not meet more than one or two of such in a life time.

A great difficulty with near neighbors is often that they are so easily offended; they feel (it may be purely imaginary) that you have slighted them; it was quite unintentional on your part, and proceeded purely from preoccupation or thoughtleasness, or a thousand other reasons which served to banish them from your mind just at that particular moment. Indeed, slights are more often than not unintentional, and are consequently never noticed by sensible persons.

It is certainly rather hard to define where gossip begins and real true legitimate interest in our friends and their concerns ends. We must, of course, take a proper interest in them, and cannot like them or be friendly without it.

We all have duties, and are bound to in threst ourselved in the affairs and troubles of some of our neighbors

We need not ask, in many cases, "who is my neighbor?" Everyone who is in trouble or need has a claim upon us.

The nature and method of making these claims good are always plain to the feeling heart, and while the neighbor may, as the receiver, be blessed in a way, we, as the doer or giver, will be blessed indeed.

ABOVE all other features which adorn the female character, delicacy stands fore most within the province of good taste. Not that delicacy which is perpetually in quest of something to be ashamed of; which makes merit a blush, and simpers at the talse construction her own ingenuity had put upon an innocent remark-this spuri ous kind of delicacy is far removed from good sense; but the high minded delicacy which maintains its pure, undeviating walk alike among women and the society of men, which shrinks from no necessary duty, and can speak, when required, with a seriousness and kindness, of things on which it would be ashamed to smile or blush; that delicacy which knows how to confer a benefit without wounding the feel ings of another; which can give alms with. out assumption, and pains not the most susceptible being in creation.

The same Being that fashioned the in sect whose existence is only discerned by a microscope, and gave that invisible speck a system of ducts and other organs to perform its vital functions, created the enor mous mass of the planet thirteen hundred times larger than our earth, and launched it in its course round the sun, and the comet, wheeling with a velocity that would carry it round our globe in less than two minutes of time, and yet revolving through so prodigious a space that it takes nearly six centuries to encircle the sun!

The golden line is drawn between winter and summer. Behind all is blackness and dissolution. Before is hope, and soft airs, and the flowers, and the sweet season of hay; and people will cross the fields, reading or walking with one another; and instead of the rain that soaks death into the heart of green things, will be the rain which they drink with delight; and there will be sleep on the grass at midday, and early rising in the morning, and long movelight evenings.

The habit of reflecting gives an inner life, which all that we see animales and embelishes. In this disposition of the soul everything becomes an object of

thought. If the young botanist trembles with joy at the sight of a new plant, the moral botanist joys no less to see germinate around him truths with a much superior prize to that of an unknown flower.

SIMPLICITY is the straightforwardness of a soul which refuses itself any reaction with regard to itself or its deeds. This virtue differs from and surpasses sincerity. We see many people who are sincere without being simple. They do not wish to be taken for other than what they are; but they are always fearing lest they should be taken for what they are not.

Thought is the seed of action; but action is as much its second form as thought is its first. It rises in thought, to the end that it may be uttered and acted. The more protound the thought, the more burdensome. Always in proportion to the depth of its sense does it knock importunately at the gates of the soul, to be spoken, to be done.

Hypogrius place religion chiefly in externals, in the outward practices of devotion, objectless, like machines, and performed as the service of thralls to God; among other things, they have the characteristic sign of being more alive to the religious life of others than to their own.

As in the greater world for man, so in the little world of man; as in the outward riches of the one, so in the inner treasures of the other; many possess much, and enjoy but little; many have much and use but little; others use much, and but little well

FrivoLous curiosity about trifles, and laborious attentions to little objects which neither require nor deserve a moment's thought, lower a man, who from thence is thought (and not unjustly) incapable of greater matters,

Though it is not incumbent upon thee to complete the work, thou must not there fore cease from pursuing it. If the work is great, great will be thy reward, and thy Master is faithful in his payments.

HUMILITY is a virtue all preach, none practice, and yet everybody is content to bear. The master thinks it good doctrine for his servant, the laity for the clergy, and the clergy for the laity.

THERE was a time when all the evil that existed in the world was comprehended in one sintul thought of our first parent; and all he now evil is the numerous and horrid progeny of one little sin.

HUMILITY is a fair and fragrant flower; in its appearance modest, in its situation low and hidden; it doth not flaunt its beau ties to every vulgar eye, or throw its oders upon every passing gale.

WE are saved from nothing if we are not saved from sin. Little sins are pioneers of hell. The backslider begins with what he foolishly considers trifling with little sins. There are no little sins.

LAZINESS grows on people; it begins in cobwebs and ends in iron chains. The more business a man has to do, the more he is able to accomplish; for he learns to economize his time.

We are not more ingenious in searching out bad motives for good actions when per formed by others, than good motives for bad actions when performed by ourselves.

EVERY man has an original and solitary character. None can either understand or feel the book of his own life like himself.

To DAY is the only time in which to act; yesterday is gone forever; to morrow never comes.

A sur of the foot may be soon recovered; but that of the tongue perhaps never.

HE who bestows all his affections upon himself will never have cause to be jea-

The World's Happenings.

An usher in a Kansas church has turned out to be a burglar.

Madrid theatres are allowed by law to not only the electric light.

There are 136 000 drink sellers in Belgium, or one to every ten families.

The sum total in the joint Vanderbilt

strong box is posted up at \$274,000,000.

A California grower has received a large

order of apples to be shipped to Japan.

The Emperor of Germany during his

stay in Rome received 5,000 begging letters.

There are 13 905 public houses in the London police district, and only 259 codice stalls.

A permanent library composed solely of books written by women is to be established in

There is one school district in Douglas county, Kansas, in which the people refuse to have grammar taught.

Succi, the Italian, has entered upon an-

other fast of 20 days. He is being watched over by a committee of 25 physicians.

A football match was recently played at Stockport, Me., at night by the aid of electric lights.

There were \$,000 spectators present.

Agreeably to the wishes of the German
Experor the theatres have resolved to abolish all
Expend theatrical terms which have crept into the

Parisian women have carried the watchwearing mania to the point of wearing time-pieces as ornaments for the hair and instead of rosettes on

their ball slipers.

A newspaper in the little town of Bo.
denbach in Bohemia, which has been conficated
by the Government for the 200th time, has just cele-

brated the event.

"Can a man with a family work for \$30 a month and be a Christian?" is a text which Rev.
W. A. Pratt, of Cedar Rapids, Ia., is preaching

with spirit and power.

More extraordinary egg eating is reported, this time from Crawfordsville, Ind., where
Case Arnold devoured 62 raw eggs and then adjourned to a restaurant and ate a hearty meal.

A toolish New Englander, wanting to remove the charge from an old musket, heated the end of the ramrol and ran it into the barrel. Since then he has been going around with his arm in a sling.

New York bakers have many scaly men among them, according to one of the New York dailies Some of this class of bakers have no scruples against putting bad eggs into cake and tainted meat into mince pies.

A new form of library has been started in Austria. A traveler may select a book at any railway station by depositing a small lee with the price of the book, and the book can be restored at the end of the journey.

The Amsterdam, N. Y., girl, aged 19, who, a few years ago, married a rich bachelor of 72, has begun suit for divorce. The couple lived together but a short time, on account, as the wife allieges, of her husband's cruel treatment.

Moses Jacobs is probably the richest newsboy in the world. He is is years old, and has sold newspapers for the past 14 years on the streets of Des Moines, is, during which time he has acquired \$4,000 worth of real estate from his savings.

An attempt is to be made to have the cider clause in the Maine Prohibitory Liquor law repealed by the Lecislature. The movement is in the interest of the farmers, who, it is asserted are making loud complaints against having apple juice continued under the ban.

A community in Nebraska opposed to lynching, recently, to teach him a lesson, gave a desperado what might be termed an introduction to Judge Lynch. They put a rope around his neck and pulled him into the air a few times. Then he was told to go and never return.

A mischievous youngster in Georgia dressed up a buzzard in some of his old clothes, leaving the wings free, so that the bird could fly, and then liberated it. The biped presented a curious sight and attracted a flock of crows, which attacked the poor bird and killed it.

Captain Seth B. McClellan, of Portland, Me., dreamed a few nights agothat his mother's house had been entered by burglars, and the next morning visited the place and went down into the cellar. His vision was realized by a burglar, who knocked him senseless with a club.

Ireland no longer sends the greatest number of emigrants to this country, being behind Scotland and England. During the ten months of 1886 ending in October there came 237,814 English and Scotch emigrants, against 129 779 from Ireland. The influx from Italy also bids fair to overshadow that from Ireland.

A toad story comes from Berkehire, England, where a colt which experienced difficulty in breathing underwent a surgical operation. As the animal still suffered it was put to death, and, while dissecting the carcass, "a fair-sized toad crawled out of the opening in the windpipe, and the extraordinary cause of the poor animal's sufferings became at once apparent."

A patheric story comes from Minnesota of a young woman, who, for marrying against the wishes of her parents—wealthy Canadians—was cast adrift in the world. She, with her husband, then went to Dakota. He became dissipated, and, failing to provide for her, she started out to earn a living for herself and child, but she didn't succeed, and died recently in Bt. Paul of starvation.

A lew days since a 12 year old son of John Bissell, of Gasten county. N. C., was out rabbit bunding along the Catawba river, when he found a steel trap. The little fellow had never seen anything of the hind before, so he started to examine it, when it slo ed with a snap, holding him tast by the arm. He see up a howl, which brought his father to the scene, but when within about han feet of the boy a large trap alamped the father's foot. It required the sasistance of another party to free them. Both were severely injured.



MY KING OF HEARTS.

BY CECIL LORBAINS.

My King of Hearts is tall and brave, With novic, tender face, A head of yellow, carly gold, And limbs of strength and grace.

A heart of sterling, honest worth, That daunted ne'er can be, he world holds none so fond and true!

My King, who reigns with gentle sway Deep in my wayward heart— Who guards with jealous, tender care Each better, truer part.

Who deems my lightest wish his law. Who only lives to love; Who tries with ev'ry day and hour His loyalty to prove.

The Two Mottos.

TRANSLATED FROM THE PRENCH BY FLOYD VAIL

TIWO TOUNG MEN were standing in the diligence office at Cernsy, where they had come to secure places for Kay. sersberg. Both appeared to be the same age (about twenty-four years); but their leatures suggested remarkable differences.

The smaller was dark, pale, quick in his movements, and manifested an impatience which betrayed, at the first glance, his southern origin; the second, on the contrary, face. light and ruddy, presented the complete type of that mixed race of Alsace, in which we find the communicativeness of the French tempered by the good-nature of the German. Both had small trunks at their feet, the addresses on which had been stamped in wax by their private seals. One of them read-

HENRY FORTIN, Marseilles.

And on the four corners, in the wex that bore the impression of the seal, this motto: "Mon Droit."

Upon the other appeared-

JOSEPH MULZEN, Strasburgh,

And for the motto of his seal, "Caritas." The clerk had just inscribed their names upon the register, and added the essential designation, "With the trunks;" when Henry asked him to weigh one of them.

The clerk informed him that it would be done at Kaysersberg.

But the young man urged the trouble such a formality would occasion upon his arrival, adding that he had the right to have it done immediately.

The clerk, thus pressed, became obstinate on his part. Joseph tried, in vain, to interpose, stating that scarcely sufficient time remained for them to dine. In virtue of his motto, the native of Marseilles never yielded when he believed he was right, and he believed it always.

The discussion was prolonged until the clerk, fatigued, desired to stop it, and returned to his desk.

Henry wished to continue it with the "acteur;" but, luckily, the latter spoke only German. It was necessary, then, to resign himself to follow his companion to the inn, and upon him he turned his ill-

"You would make a saint lose his soul?" he exclaimed, as soon as he found himself sione with him. "What! you would not take my part, even against this obstinacy!"

"It seems to me," replied Jeseph, smiling, "I should have rather sustained the one that needed help; you piled up the arguments as though a lawsuit jeopardised your fortune or your honor."

"It is less important, in your opinion, to defend your rights?"

"When the rights are not worth the trouble of detending-

"Ah! there you are!" interposed Henry, hotly; "it is necessary for one to jump at your throat before you think of defending yourself. Instead of regarding the world as a field of battle, you look upon it as a drawing room, where one displays one's

politeness." "No," said Joseph, "but like a large vessel, upon which the passengers owe to each other a friendship and a tolerance that is reciprocal. Every man is my friend until he has declared himself my enemy."

"And I esteem him my enemy until he has declared himself my friend. It is a precaution that has always been successful with me; and I advise you to have recourse to it at Kayasraberg. We shall there be in the presence of the other heirs of our uncle. who will not fail to secure as much of the heritance for themselves as they can. For my part, I have decided to make no concessions. 11

While speaking, the two cousins arrived

at the inn, "The Cheval-Blanc." The dining-room, which they entered, was empty; but a large table was set at one end, and the hostess had only prepared places for three. Henry ordered her to add one for Joseph and one for himself.

"Excuse me, gentlemen," said the woman, "we cannot serve you here."

"Why not?" demanded the young man. "Because the persons whose places we have prepared desire to est slone."

"Let them eat in their rooms, then," replied Henry, sharply; "this is the public dining-room and table; all travelers have the right to enter and to be served."

"What does it matter to us whether we eat in this room or in another?" asked Jo-

"And what does it matter to these per sons if we are here?" replied Henry.

"They came first;" objected the hostess. "Then the first comers make the law in

your house!" exclaimed Henry. "Besides, we are acquainted with these people."

"And you care more to please them than ust"

"You should know that when it is a question of business-

"It is necessary that other travelers submit to their caprices?"

"We will serve you elsewhere-"With what remains after your three privileged ones, eu ?"

The hostess appeared hurt.

"If you tear that you will get a poor dinner at "The Cheval-Blanc," there are other

inns in Cernsy," said she. "That's just what I was thinking," replied Henry, taking his bat. And without istening to Joseph, who wished to restrain

him, he disappeared. Mulan knew from experience that it was best to abandon his cousin to his whims, and that, on such occasions, all efforts to pacify but served to excite his militant disposition. He decided, therefore, to let him seek to grati'y bis appetite elsewhere, and to have himself waited on in an adjoining room. But, as he was about to enter it, the three people expected appeared in the parlor. They were an old lady, with her neice, and a man about fifty years of age, who seemed to be acting as their protector.

The hostess, who was relating to them what had just taken place, stopped suddenly at the sight of Joseph. The latter saluted, and attempted to retire. The gentleman that accompanied the ladies prevented him.

"I am sorry, sir," said he, good-naturedly, "for the scene that has just taken place. In saking to dine alone we wished to avoid certain guests whose conversation and manners might shock these ladies, but not to drive away passengers from 'The Cheval-Blanc,' as your triend appears to believe; and, to prove it, I pray you to seat yourself at the table with us."

Joseph wanted to defend himself by declaring that he was in no wise offended by a precaution which he found entirely natural; but Mr. Rosman, (that was the name given by the two ladies to the gentleman, insisted, in a tone so open and benevolent, that he thought he ought to consent.

The old lady, who appeared to be unaccustomed to traveling, seated herself oppogite him, with her niece, at the same time uttering a groan.

"Are you tired, Charlotte?" asked Mr. Rosman.

"Am I tired?" exclaimed the old lady; passing an entire day in a conveyance that shakes you like a swing; eating out of regular hours; running all sorts of dangers, tor I don't know how we escaped upsetting a hundred times-the diligence tilted all the while. Ah! Lord, I would give a year of my life if our journey were finished,"

"Happily, the exchange is impossible!" remarked the young lady, who smilingly embraced her aunt.

"Yes, yes, you laugh at that," replied madam Charlotte, in a sulky tone, half affected; "young girls, now-a days, don't tear anything. They travel on railroads and on steamboats; they go in balloons; as if they were employed at the business. It is the Revolution that has made them so bold. Before the Revolution the brav st only went in a cart or on an ass. Still, something was liable to happen. I have often heard my departed mother say that she never wished to travel except on foot."

"Therefore, she never went outside of the principal places of the canton," remarked Mr. Rosman.

"That didn't prevent ber being a worthy and happy woman," replied Madam Cuarlotte. "When a bird has built its nest, there it resis. To-day it is oustomary to be always going, which lessens one's love for fireside and family: one gets used to leav- luptuously by the movement of the coning them; one's beme is everywhere.

That is, perhaps, more advantageous to ociety, but it renders every one less good and less happy."

"Tut! tut! Charlotte, you are displeased with traveling, because of the jolting," said Mr. Rosman, gayly; "but I hope your prejudice will not hold before this soup; there is no better made at Fontaine: I appeal to your impartiality."

The conversation continued in this famillar manner. Joseph, at first, remained discreetly silent; but Mr. Rosman addressed him several times, and the conversation bad become general, when it was announced that the diligence was about to start. All bastened to pay the bostess and regain the office.

Upon arriving there, Joseph beheld his cousin hurrying thither. The time that Muiz 'n had spent at the table, Henry had passed in going from one inn to another in Cernay, without finding anything prepared, and, finally, pressed for time, he was forced to buy some fruit and a rell.

This frugal repast, as might be supposed, did not moilify his temper. Joseph noticed it, and asked him no questions; besides, they had begun to call the passengers.

Tuey were preparing to take their places when the clerk discovered that he had made a mistake in entering their names; that the seats in the conveyance were all

"Full!" repeated Henry, "but you took our deposits."

"I will return them to you," replied the

"No, you won't!" exclaimed the young man; "the moment you accepted them you entered into a contract with us. I have a

ight to go, and go I shall." While pronouncing these words, he soized the strap and gained the roof, where there was a vacant seat. The traveler to whom it belonged wished it, but Henry persisted that no one had the right to make him descend, and declared, if any one attempted to force him, he would meet the violence with violence. Joseph tried, in vain, to effect a compromise; but the Marseillian, who had been crabbed ever since the dinner he had eaten, was determined in his resolution.

"'Everyone for his rights,' he exclaimed; "that is my motto. Yours is 'Charity;' therefore, be charitable, if you wish. For my part I only pretend to be just. I have paid for this place; it belongs to me; I shall keep it."

The traveler whom he had displaced urged the priority of possession; but Henry, who was a lawyer, repiled by quoting the law. Thus they remained some time, exchanging violent explanations, recriminations and threa!s.

Madam Charlotte, who heard all, uttered expressions of terror, and commenced to amplify her remarks against traveling in general, and public conveyances in particular. Finally Joseph, seeing that the dis cussion was becoming more and more exasperating, proposed to the clerk to give him a carriage in which he and the traveler might journey. The expedient was accepted by the parties interested, and the diligence

departed. It was in the month of December; the atmosphere, which was damp and cold at the time of departure, became still colder after sundown. Heary, accusto.ned to the sunshine of Provence, had buttoned his paletot up to his chin; yet he snivered, like a eaf, in the nocturnal mist. His face was blue; his teeth chattered. Soon a fine rain. driven by the wind, commenced to penetrate his garments. The traveler next to him, sheltered by an ample limousine, was able to protect him somewhat by giving nim a portion of his cloak; but he was a stout merchant, very careful of his person, and very indifferent as to others.

When Henry had refused to give up the est outside that he had seized, the stout man had approved of it, by declaring-Every traveller for himself;" a rule the young man had then found perfectly reasonable, and to the application of which he now submitted. However, towards tht middle of the journey, the merchant stuck his head out of his cloak, looked at his neighbor, and said to him:

"You appear to be cold, sir?"

"I am wet to the bones," replied Henry,

who could scare:ly speak. The stout traveler sucok himself in his limousine, as if to better enjoy his comfortableuess.

"It is very unhealthy to be wet," said "Another time, I he, philosophically. would aivis, you to have a cloak like mine; it is very warm, and not dear."

This counsel given, the stout man drew his cain into his cape, and was lulled vo-

When the latter arrived at Kaysersberg it was far into the night. Henry alighted; half-dead from cold, and gained the sittingroom of the inn, where he saw a fire burning; but, se he entered, he perceived that the hearth was surrounded by a circle of travelers, among whom were Joseph Mulzen and the stranger whose piace he had taken. The cabriolet furnished by the cierk had taken them by a shorter route, and both had arrived a half-hour before.

At the night of the sad state in which he found his cousin, Mulzen hastened to va-cate his chair; as for the traveler dispossessed at Cernay, he could not restrain a burst of laughter:

"Parbleu! I ought to thank you sir, for driving me from my position, for, without your usurpation, I would find myself frozon in your place, instead of being warm in

Henry was in too bad a condition to respond. He seated himself before the fire, and tried to warm himself.

As soon as he had somewhat recovered, he ordered a room and bed; but the fair had just ended at Kaysersberg, and the inn was full of people who intended to leave the next day.

Joseph and his companion, although they had arrived before, had found but one bed, which the former had generously renounced in favor of the latter.

However, after many questions, and much research, an empty bed was found in one of the rooms of the hotelierie; but it was occupied by several colporteurs, who refused to allow any strangers among them.

"Have they hired the room for them-selves alone?" demanded Henry.

"No." replied the innkeeper. "Then you have the right to dispose of the vacant bed?"

"Without any doubt."

"Then, what reason do they give for refusing to admit another occupant?"

"They don't give any reason. All four appear like bad fellows, and nobody cares to have a quarrel with them." Henry arose quickly.

"That is a weakness," he exclaimed: for my part I will not pass a night without rest because it is agreeable to four strangers to monopolize the beds of your inn. Lead me to their room; it is necessary for them to listen to resson."

"Be careful, Henry," observed Mulzen, "they are rough and brutal men."

"And these vices give them the privilege of making us sit up all night?" asked the Marseillian. "No, parbieu! I will go to bed regardless of them."

He had taken his hat, and was about to go with the innkeeper; but Mr. Rosman, who had just been after a servant to carry his baggage, had heard the words exchanged between the two cousins. He advanced towards them, and said, in his free and gental manner:

"I see you are in want of a lodging for tonight, gentleman?"

"I shail not be, long," interrupted Henry, who wished to pass out.

"One moment," replied Mr. Rosman: "these men will perhaps reply to your reasonings by injuries; and you will have trouble to make them recognize your rights. Accept, instead a bed in my bouse, gentlemen; I live a few steps from here, and it will give me pleasure to receive you."

Henry and Joseph bowed and thanked him, but each in a very different manner; that of Muizen was grateful and joytui: that of his companion, constrained, alshough polite.

He had not forgotten that Mr. Rosman was the original cause of the slim dinner he had made at Cernay.

"You are very obliging," said he, softening his tones, "but I do not want to cause you such trouble. It is best, besides, that those people should be taught a lesson, and that they should learn to respect the rights of travelers."

At these words, he bowed and took his way to the chamber occupied by the colporteurs, Mulzen followed; but whether the peddiers had modified their intenti us, or the resolute manner of the Marseillian was too imposing, they contented themselves with a few murmurs, notwithstanding, when Henry retired.

His cousin, reassured, then decided to descend, and followed Mr. Rosman, who had the goodness to wait for him.

Upon arriving at the latter's house, he tound Madam Cuarlotte and her niece, Louise, preparing tea b fore a wood fire. His companion said something, in an undertone, to the two ladies, who received the young man courteously. They forced him to seat himself at the table, while Louise filled the cups; as for Madam Charlotte, she had not yet recovered from the trouble occasioned by the jurney. She pretended to feel in her chair the oscillations of the diligence, and recalled the rumbling of the wheels by the shaking of the tea kettle. She informed hersel', however, as to what had become of the young man who, at Cernay, had taken the top of the diligence by storm; and Mr. Reman related what had happened to him at the

tun.

"Why, he is looking everywhere only for
strife and law!" exclaimed madam Charstrife and law!" exclaimed madam Chartotte; "he is a man to fise from, as you would from fire."

"One cannot find a heart more upright," remarked Mulzen, "only everywhere he goes he follows his motto; 'Everyone for his

"While yours is; 'Charity,' replied the old lady, emilingly. "On! I heard all at Carnay."

"Are you travelling together?" asked Mr. Rosman.

"We are cousins," answered Joseph, "and we came to Kaysersberg on account of a will, the reading of which should take place

'A will!" repeated madam Charlotte, satonished.

"That of our uncle,—of Dr. Harver."
The two ladies and Mr. Rosman were sur-

"Ah! you are relatives of the doctor?" replied the latter, looking attentively at the young man; "chance, then, could not have served you better, Sir; for I was his former companion and his best friend."

This avowal introduced a conversation upon the deceased. Mulzen had never seen him, yet he felt for him that respectful affection which instinct establishes between unknown members of the same family. He talked a long time of the Doctor, listenday with pracked attention to all that was read with pracked attention to all that was ed with marked attention to all tust was related of his life, and of his last momenta; finally, after one of those confidential chats, during which self is forgotten and each sees the other without disguise, he seconded to his room, enchanted with his hosts who also

retired, equally satisfied.

His fatigue prolonged bis sleep; and when be awoke the next morning it was late. He hastily dressed numbelf to rejoin his cousin, with whom it was necessary for him to go to the notary's; but he found the latter in the parlier, in company with Mr. R sman and Henry, whom some one had sent for.

Madam Charlotte and Louise were not

tong in appearing. When all were together, Mr. Rosman turned to the two young men and said, smitingly:

"Nobody here is a stranger to the affair that brought you to Kaysersberg, gontle-men; for my sister in-law, madam Charlotte Revel, and her nicce, Louise Armand, Revel, and her niece, Louise Armand, whose guardian I am, came here, like you, to be present at the opening of the will of their brother and uncle, Dr. Harver."

The two young men saluted madam Charlotte and M.ss Lousie, who returned their

"I thought," continued Mr. Rosman, "that the reading of the last deposition of the Doctor could take piace in my house, since chance has brought together all the entutations. interested parties.

Henry responded by a sign of assent. Everyone sat down, and the notary was on the point of breaking the seal of the will,

when he stopped,
"This will is dated a long time ago," he observed, "and, during the last months of his life, Mr. Harver declared to me, several times, his intention of destroying it, so as to leave to each one of his heirs the portion regulated by law. If he did not do so, i can attribute it only to his sudden death. I have stated this to relieve my conscience. Now, I sak all present interested if they do not desire to fulfil the intentions of the dector, and annut the will, by common con-sent, before either knows whether they will less by it, or be enriched?"

This unexpected proposition was followed

by a pause of several moments. Muizen was the first to speak.

"For my part," said he, in a modest manner, "having no particular right to the benevolence of the deceased, I cannot regard as a secrifice the acceptance of equality of division, and I agree to it willingly."

"I shall not oppose any obstacle, as 'ar as I am concerned," continued madain Char lotte. "And I consent, to it in the name of my

word," added Mr. Rosman.

"Then," said the notary, turning towards Henry, "there only remains this gentle-

The latter appeared to experience some

emoarassment.
"I have, like my cousin," said he,

hope of testamentary disposition favorable to me; but that ought to make me more re-Whatever were the intentions of served. the doctor, to-day his will alone ought to make known. To destroy, in advance, his disjositions is to attempt, at once, to lay hold of the rights of the testator and those of the unknown legates.

"Let us not talk further, then," interposed the notary; "unanimity sione can fegalize my proposition; let us rest on the right of my proposition; as the contlaman demands,—and each one- as the gentleman demands, -and if you please, listen."

At these words he broke the envelope, opened the will, and read as follows:-

"While there are four heirs who can pretend to my estate, I know only two, my sister Charlotte Revel and my niece, Louise Armand; but both have had, a long time, only one interest, as they have had only one heart, and are, in reality, but one percon. I have then, really, on this hand, but Louise for my heir. My first intention was to give her all I possessed; but of my two nepnews ought to be equally worthy of my interest; there remains only the difculty of distinguishing.

Not being able to do this myself, and

knowing the intelligence and the tect of my

niece, Louise, I refer the matter to her judg-ment; and I declare as my sole heir that of the two cousins whom she shall choose for her busband.

"HARVER."

After the reading of the will, there was quite a long silence. The two young men appeared embarassed; and Louise, confused

hung her head.
"Pardon me, but the doctor has given my niece a difficult task?" exclaimed madam

"Less than you think, sister," said Rosman, smiling. "I have known for a long time, what Harver's will contained; and, equence, I have been gathering in-on. All I have learned has proved formation. o me that, whatever be the choice of Louise she has nothing to fear."

"Then let the young lady decide," re-plied the notary, laughing; "since she con-not go wrong, it is only a matter of inspira-tion."

"I will leave it to my aunt," murmured the young girl, throwing herself in the arms of madam Charlotte. "To me?" replied the latter; "but it is

very embarassing, my dear, and 1 do not know, in truth." While pronouncing these words in an

manner, her eyes wandered towards Mulzen-Henry saw it. "Ah! your choice is made, madam," said he quietly, "and, while it causes me regrets,

ne quetry, "and, while it causes he regrets, it ought to approve it."
"Miss," added he, taking Joseph by the hand and leading him to the young girl, "your aunt has well seen and well judged; my cousin is better than I."
"That which you have just done proves the contrary," said madam Charlotte,

the contrary," said madam Charlotte, touched. "But we know Mr. Mu zen a litthe already; and then—you merit to have the whole truth told you."
"Tell it, tell it!" interrupted Fortin.

"Very well: his motto assures me, while yours makes me fear; he promises indul-gence, and you justice. Alas! my dear Sir, justice is sufficient for angels, but for men,

charity is necessary.' 'Perhaps you are right, madam,' said Henry, pensively. "Yes, since yeserday, evenus seem to have succeeded each other, by design, to teach me a lesson. The rig-orous defense of my tights has always tur-ned against me, while the kindliness of my cousin has always resulted to his profit. Yes, the motto of Joseph is better than mine, for it is nearer the law of God. Christ did not say, 'Every one for his rights'; but did not say, 'Every one for his rights'; but instead 'Love thy neighbor as thyself.'"

The Wager.

BY E. W. O.

Y FRIEND JOHN STUART MILL

"Confound John Stuart Mill, and nis work! What did he know of love, "As much as his nature was able to con-

tain. Exactly, and Cupidon and John Stuart

Mili do not go well together."
The speakers were two gentlemen stand-

ing on the bank of a pretty trout stream, on the fishing, darting waters of which fell through the over-arching boughs crimson with patches of the setting sun. The younger, a bright, handsome man of

about four and-twenty, was whipping the stream for a final bite; while the elder, near nity, with a fine face, and grizzled hair and beard, leaning against a tree, was putting "You asked me once." remarked the lat-

thing that enthrais man, debases him, and sells him into slavery. A thing that renders some men idots—others philosophers."

"And you, Walsingham, are of course of the latter," laughed the younger.
"And you, my dear Chesson, of the for-mer, exactly."
"Thanks."

"Is it not true? You came here fishing: you catch a glimpse of a slim figure, a pret-ty face. From that moment you become ditotic; you declare an angelic being has deigned to descend to prossic earth; you deigned rave, and for days have haunted this stream, in hopes again to see this houri—some pink-cheeked milkmaid."

"No milkmaid, my dear philosopher.

"No mikinaid, my dear philosopher. But how is it, man, you never married? I will not believe you have reached nearly hair a century, and never loved."

"Married!" repeated the other, with an abrupt laugh, "and you have heard my opinion of love!"

"Hust and Shall I tell you my definition.

"Just so. Shall I tell you my definition a philosopher?" gaily. "One who, havof a philosopher?" gaily. "One who, having enjoyed the follies of life nimself, would later instruct others under a cloak of wis-

Harry Chesson, laughing strolled farther

up stream.

Matthew Walsingham looked after him thoughtfully, then drew a long breath, as he murmured:

"Perhaps he does not guess how near to the truth he is. Did I ever love?—did I?— would I could say no." Just at that moment a cry of alarm soun-

ded in the air. It was a young, fresh, femi-nine voice, and came from some little distance down-stream. Walsingham sprang erect. Harry Chesson had also turned; but the elder,

in bastening in the direction had the advan-For a moment be could see no one, neither

on the banks nor on the stones in the shallow stream.

He already was slackening his pace, when,

just where the boulders formed stepping stones across, and where the eddying water was deepest, he beheld something floating like a portion of a woman's dres

A few seconds brought him to the spot, when, to his horror, he beheld, lying in the bed of the stream, between the rocks, a young size!

young girif She was motionless, as one dead; her face, of a delicate beauty, was pale and still—her eyes closed—while the water carried her hair like threads of gold about the moss-

covered boulders.

To jump down on the boulders, raise the girl on to his shoulder, scramble out, and bearing her to the opposite bank, lay her down, was, with Matthew Walsingham, the work of a very brief space.

The girl gave no sigh of life—she seemed as if dead. covered boulders.

The cause was apparent in a discoloration of the temple, which had been struck in her Perplexed, alarmed, Walsingham was

kneeling, chafing the small hands, when a startled cry from Chesson, who now ran up, caused him to raise his head. "What is the matter?" he ejaculated, half ritably. "It is she!" cried the young man, rowing himself on his knees. "Ou, Wal-

irritably. throwing himself on his knees. singham, for Heaven's love say she is not

dead!"
"Sne—who?" was the sharp demand.
"Sne for whom I have been waiting,
watching—she whom," his voice trembled
and sank, "I love!"
"Pshaw!" but his tone tacked its habitual
cynicism. "Far better help me to restore
the poor child. It is evident she slipped on
the wet moss, and in falling struck her the wet moss, and in falling struck her temple. Had we not been near, drowned she surely must have been." Harry Chesson's brain swam, his beart

felt sick at the idea. Reverently he put the long wet hair from the pale cheek; trembling, he chafed the brow, the fair hand he

Abruptly he drew back, coloring, half confused, as one detected in guilt. The girl's eyes—clear as crystal, blue as violets—had opened, and, after wonderingly regarding Walsingham, had wandered to

nim.
"Where am I? What has happened?" She whispered, faintly.
"Pray do not be slarmed," said Walsing-

ham—Chesson could not speak. "You slipped on the stepping-stones, that is all. We were near to help you. All is right

Her recollection was returning.

A vivid blush dyed her cheek.

"Ah, I remember! Thank you very much!" she murmured, in confusion, try-

Walsingham aided her: Chesson stood aside. He noted her confusion, and gues-sed she could accept aid better from an eider than a younger man. Yet how he envied his friend!

Rising to her feet, leaning against a tree,

abe shivered.

"You must get home at once, young lady," said Waisingham, gently. "Your dress is wet; I fear you will take cold if you remain still. Usn you walk with assis-

"Oh, yes, I can walk even without," she replied, quickly. "I am better now," trying to press the water from her clotnes. Then, fixing her eyes upon them with a glance neither forgot, she added; "I know I owe my life to you—indeed I am grateful; but—I cannot think of words now to thank you!

"Oh, pray do let us defer thanks until later!" laughed Walsingham, to put her at her case. "We must think of dry clothes first. I trust you do not live very far from

"No, very close."
"Will you try to get there? We will accompany you."
'Oh, indeed I would not trouble you.
Tuere is no need!" she exclaimed.
But when she made an attempt to move the had to adout there was need and see

she had to admit there was need and accepted Harry Cuesson's arm; for Walsingham, stepping back, had signed him to ad-

He had done him a greater kindness. He lett him alone.

"I will go back and collect our fishing-tackle," he had said. "We will meet at the

His friend had given him a look that said

"I'll never forget this, me you debtor for life!" You have made

Then they two went along the bank among the ferns and tree-trunks, while Matthew Walsingham, recrossing the stepping-stones, returned to where they had so hastistand doned to be stepping to the stepping stones. ly abandoned tueir rods, gathered them up, and strolled to the inn.
"If ever a woman looked worthy a good

man's strong love, truly she dies," he re-flected, as he went. "But did ever woman

It was nearly an hour before Chesson re-joined him. His step had a greater bouy-ancy, his eyes a clearer light; a smile was on his face.
"Well," said Walsingham, sitting in the

"Well," said Walsingham, sitting in the window seat with his pipe.
"You may laugh," exclaimed Harry Chesson, brightly. 'Cynic as you are, you will confess that she is beautiful—worthy a

life's devotion!" Walsingbam shrugged his shoulders.

"An Aphrodite, arisen—not from sea-foam, but from the eddies of a quiet trout-

"Nevertheless beautiful, old man. Asymptotic was beautiful, our man, wager—thou Diogenes, thou Timon, thou Apemantus, thou shalt be converted to a pleasant, kinder thought of woman, and Enone shalt convert you."

Matthew Walsingham looked quickly

"Ænonei" he repeated. "Ye powers, what a name! So you have discovered Aphrodite."
"Her mother called her by it, Her mother

who, hearing her daughter's story, prays you to accompany me to her cottage two hours hence to receive thanks or—"

"Absurd! Or what?" "She is so grateful, that if the mountain will not come to Mahomet, Mahomet must

will not come to Manomet, Manomet must come to the mountain."
"Not if I know it," exclaimed Walsingham, starting up. "A scene in this rustle inn! A weeping, grateful parent—and shail I and, a match-making mother?"
"Say what you please. I am too content to care. Only you will come with me, Walsingham?"

singham?"
"Yes, I do not mind. I'll go to take care

"Yes, I do not mind. I'll go to take care of you, my poor lad," answered his friend, after brief reflection, in a serio-comic tone. "Now let's have done with the subject, Romeo, until we start. Remember I am not a lover, and need dinuer."

When through the soft evening summer twilight the two started for the cottage, Walsingham, half regretted that a curiosity he would not confess had urged him to give the promise he had.

Outwardly compal, inwardly kind, genera-

Outwardly cynical, inwardly kind, generous, he hated to be thanked, Still there was

no avoiding it now. "What is the lady's name?" he asked,

abuptiy.
"I do not know. How, in the joy and the alarm, could I ask it. But she is a lady, that's all of it."

"And the father?"

"She is a widow; and once has been very beautiful. There is the cottage." It was a simple thatched dwelling, ren-dered pretty by the roses and noneysuckie,

and if not absolutely beapsaking indigence showed small signs of wealth.
"My friend," remarked Walsingham, sententiously, "when poverty looks in the door love makes his bow at the window. You may prove on excellent parti to Miss

"A pemantus!" exclaimed Chesson, gaily,

"Apemantus!" exclaimed Chesson, gaily, as coming under the porch, he tapped lightly at the door. It was instantly opened by the widow herself, a slim, fair-haired lady, attired in plain, dark garments.

"Oh, you have come!" she ejaculated in a soft, sweet voice, "How kind of you gentlemen! Pray enter. My daughter is lying down; I feared the chill, so kept her to her room." room.

Walsingham cast a whimstcal glance at his friend, whose galety had at once, he knew, sunk to zero, as they followed the lady into the parlor. It was plainly furnished, but adorned by those little touches, and books and flowers, which speak both

of refinement and taste. On the table stood a lamp. Reaching a chair the widow turned to bring it for her guests, when her eyes rested on the face of the elder, who stood in the full light. Harry Chesson saw her expression change to amaze blended with terror. A cry burst from her lips, she staggered back as she

"Matthew Walsingham! Oh! Heaven be merciful to me! Tuen she dropped on the chair, her face bowed on her bands, as she heard her friend's voice, huskily tremulous:
"Laura Greenless! Here!"

Then a uand was put on his arm, and

Walsingham whispered:
"Leave us, Cnesson, dear lad."
Instantly he obeyed. As he drew to the door he was aware of the widow on her knees, her hands extended, her voice full of passionate pleading as she cried: "Oh, Matthew, hear me! Pardon—for-

givel Harry Cnesson paced the lane in view of the cottage waiting. He was surprised be-wildered. What did it all mean? Would Waisingham expiain? Who was this lady —Æzone's mother? It was close upon an hour afterwards when Waisingham came

"You have waited," he said, and Chesson observed a change in his voice, it was softer. "Thank you! We will not go to the cottage again to-night; let us return to the inn; I have much to tell you."

He had slipped his arm into the other's, and they already were proceeding down the lane.

"You know Mrs. Greenless?" hesitated

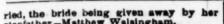
Chesson? "Not Greeniess now, but Marsland," said Walsingham, in a low tone. "Chesson, she was the only woman I ever loved—loved as few men do. I believed my affection returned, I was accepted, our marriage day was fixed. It arrived; I was ready—all were ready, only one person was missing—the bride—Laura and fied. When I heard of her again she was wedded to Arthur

Greenless! He paused a second, then went on: He paused a second, then went on:
"I must be brief; things seemed to speak
for themselves. I gave her no further
thought—or tried not to; and condemning
Laura, condemsed all her sex."
"But!" suggested Chesson, eagerly, "there
has been an explanation!"
("Yes! It."

"Yes! It—it appears that this fellow had inveigled her when a girl into a correspondence; at one time she had believed she loved him; he, soon after her acquaintance with me, made her fear him. Her—her love or me, made her more sensitive that the foolish past should not reach my ears; she fought her persecutor to the last, until the eleventh hour-then her courage failed; she could fight no longer; she yielded to his threats, and sacrificed her happiness to save her folly being revealed. Now, dear boy, her folly being revealed. Now, dear boy, you know all. Will you go on first? I will you know all.

Before the summer of the next year Har-

ry Cheseon and Ænone Marsland were mar-



ried, the bride being given away by her stepfather—Matthew Walsingham. As the young pair were about to start on their tour, Chesson, stepping to Walsing-ham, while Ænone embraced her mother, whispered merrily:

whispered merrily:
"Well, Diogenes, have I won my wager?"
"You have, my son! If that philosopher
never discovered an honest man, I have
discovered a woman worthy of a man's love;
nay, the devotion of a life!"

The Diamond Bracelets.

BY CHARLES HERVEY.

RS. MORTON DEWSBURY has been for the last ten years, and is still a pro-minent leature in a certain class of so-

Not on account of her personal attractions, for she is well on the shady side of forty, and dumpy in figure.

Nor because she has any claim to patrician descent: all that is known of her antecedents, previous to marriage with junior the pariner of the city firm of Isaacson and Dewsbury, being the uncontradicted rumor hat she originally bore the name of Miggs. Notwithstanding these evident drawbacks, however, she has succeeded in attaining the one object of her ambition—notoriety. And this not by any intellectual acuteness of her own-for a vainer or more frivolous creature never existed—but simply owing to the paternal foresight of the departed Miggs, who, whatever his calling may have been, had contrived to extract from it a fortune of three hundred thousand pounds, every penny of which was left by him at his daugh

ny of which was left by him at his daugnter's disposal.

Morton Dewsbury, with whose firm the old gentieman had had frequent dealings, was shrewd enough to offer his services to the heiress for the advantageous investment of her money; and in little more than a year after her father's death, the announcement of their spproaching union arranged nobody.

surprised nobody.

The lease of a huge barrack-like mansion in Mayfair having been purchased, the "happy pair" established themselves in new shode.

Before many months had elapsed, plenty of people were found willing to over-look the fact of their being parvenus, and perfectly ready to partake, without the slightest compunction, of dinners served up by one of the first "chefs" in London.

Eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, as all the world knows, was the Jubilee year, and London became for the time being cos-

Foreign potentates of every grade flocked thither with one accord, leaving their sub-jects for the nonce to take care of them-

In order to compete with the innumerthe drawn of the others the Italian Operannounced an extra night, on which occasion many of the lilustrious visitors had signified their intention of being pre

Mrs. Morton Dewabury was the last wo-man in the world to slip such an opportu-nity of seeing and being seen, and by her directions a centre box on the grand tier was secured for the evening in question.

"I shall wear my diamonds to-night, Morton," she said to her husband, while they were dawdling over a tete-a-tete break-

"If you take my advice," replied Mr. Dewsbury, putting down the paper, "you will do nothing of the kind. Why, you would be stared at by the whole house?"
"Well," she retorted petulantly, "what does that matter? There is no use in hav-

ing pretty things if they are never see At all events I shall wear the bracelets."

This compromise appearing to satisfy her liege tord, the latter resumed his reading, while the lady retired to meditate on the selection of a tollette.

On their arrival at the theatre, shortly

after the rising of the curtain, hardly a seat

From their "coign of vantage" they at once discovered that one of the was occupied by a Princess and her suite, and the other by a group of Oriental dignitaries in their national costume; and resplendent with jewels.

A second glance round the house agree-A second glance round the house agree-ably convinced M:s. Morton Dewsbury, that from the opera glasses directed towards her box, that her two bracelets exactly slike, the centre-piece of each of which was a magnificient diamond surrounded by

a magnificient diamond surrounded by smaller stones, attracted general notice; so that the good lady was in a state of pleasurable excitement and gratified vanity.

Her crowning triumph, however was yet to come. A few minutes after the termination of the first act, the door of her box was opened to give admittance to an irrepreschably-attired visitor, whom neither Mrs. Dewsbury nor her husband recollected to have seen before.

"I have to apologies, Madame," said the stranger, with a slight foreign accent, "for this unauthorised intrusion; but I come as an ambassador, and these are my creden-

an ambassador, and these are my creden-tials," handing to the lady, as he spoke, a card, on which was inscribed his relation as official chamberlain to the aforesaid Prin-

"My errand," he continued, "will doubtless appear to you a very singular one, but I trust to your induigence to excuse the in-traction of etiquette of which I am unavoid-ably guilty. My august mistress, who is aiting yonder,"—here he pointed to the stage box—"is passionately fond of diastage box—''ds passionately fond of diamonds, and for the last hour has been so
struck by the brilliancy of those you are
wearing, that she has commissioned me to monds, and for the last hour has been so struck by the brilliancy of those you are

solicit the favor of being allowed to examine them more closely. May I therefore entreat your permission to gratify the Princess's curicity by entrusting to me one of your bracelets, which shall be safelly returned to you?"

Intensely flattered by this courteously worded request, Mrs. Morton Dewsbury at once unclasped the ornament, and with a gracious smile delivered it to the Count, who, with reiterated apologies, withdrew.

He had not been long gone, when Percy Warrington, a young clerk of the Foreign Office, and a frequent visitor at the house in Mayfair, entered the box, and was naturally regaled with a full account of what had happened, accompanied by a comewhat ostentatious display of the stranger's card.

"Ab, Lansberg, the chamberlain," he said, after giancing at the address. "I know him; he is an honorary member of my club, and a capital old fellow into the bargain."

"Not old," corrected Mrs. Dewsbury.

"Not old," corrected Mrs. Dewabury.
"Five-and-thirty to forty at most, 1 should "He would be charmed to hear you say

so," replied Percy. "Why, my dear Mrs. Dewsbury, Lansberg is sixty if he is a day. Besides his English is a "caution!"

"And this fellow, barring a touch of accent, spoke as well as you or I do," said Morton, fidgeting angrily on his chair. "But I should know him again among a thousand, and when I —" "Stay," suddenly interrupted the young man: "I will make sure of one think, at ail events." And without further explanation, he left the box, but re-appeared in a few minutes with an unusually serious air, "I'm afraid it's a bad businesse," he said.

"I have been questioning the box-keeper round the corner, who positively declares that no one has come out of the stage-box

"That settles the matter," said Dewsbury.
"I shall go at once for a detective to Scotland Yard, and set the police at work. I suppose," he added, addressing his wife, "you have no wish to remain here any longer?"

"Oh, no," answered poor Mrs. Dewsbury whose spirits during the last quarter of an hour had sunk down to zero. "But you forget the carriage is only ordered at eleven."

"That needn't hinder you in the least," interposed the good-natured Percy Warrington. "if for once in a way you will accept my escort in a modest 'four-wheeler.' Shall I have one called?"

"I shall be very glad," she replied, taking her husband's arm; for this annoying occurence has quite upset me."

On returning home, Morton related to his wife his interview with the inspector on duty, who had held out some hopes of recovering the stolen bracelet, but was clearly of opinion that the robbery had been premeditated, and that more than one

person was concerned in it.
"I told him the whole story and gave him the full description of the stones and mounting," pursued Mr. Dewsbury, "and he noted every particular, and promised that one of the dieverest detectives in the force should devote himself exclusively to the case. I instructed him, of course to spare no expense, and it was agreed to let me know the result to-morrow evening."

They were still conversing when a ring was heard at the door, and a servant pre sently announced the detective, "Mr. Bur-tenshaw," followed by the entrance of a

short, wiry-looking personage, with sharp peering eyes and a closely-cropped head. "The detective, no doubt," thought Mor-ton, as he courteously returned the new-comer's salutation, and requested him to

be seated.
"I have taken the liberty to call, sir," began Mr. Burtenshaw, "about your good la-dy's bracelet. I always like in these matters to get my information first-hand; it saves a deal of trouble, and when I put this and that together, a trifle sometimes makes all the difference."

"True," assented Morton, "but I hardly e what particulars I can give you, beyond

those your inspector knows already."
"That's just where you are wrong, sir, if
you will excuse my saying so," replied Mr.
Burtenshaw. "When I took the office, and
got the heads of the story from my chief, got the heads of the story from my chief, there was one point in it which struck ine as being the keystone of the whole affair. From what I gather, there is a second brace-From what I gather, there is a second bracelet exactly similar to the one we are on the
look-out for. Now, if I could only see that
for a moment it would help me more than
all the descriptions in the world."

"Nothing easier," said Dewsbury, "my
wife has it on her arm still, and you can
examine it as long as you please."

"Certainly," chimed in the lady, who by
this time had partially recovered her usual
cheerfulness.

cheerful hess. Unfastening the desired object, she gave it to the detective, who inspected it min-utely, but with an evidently disappointed

air. "The stones are wonderfully fine," he "The stones are wonderfully fine," he muttered, half sloud; "especially the centre one; but the design of the setting might be more original, instead of what we call the regulation pattern. It would be next to impossible, except for the diamonds, to distinguish a bracelet like this from a dozen others, unless we could light on the exact fellow to 1k; and, to do that, we must have this one in our hands for a few days. It is one in our hands."

our only chance."
"Do you meen to say," inquired Morton,

test of comparison, and if the lady doesn't

"Not in the least," said Mrs. Dewsbury, after a moment's consultation with her hus-band. "It will be as safe with you as with

"Safer, perhaps," observed the detective, carefully depositing the case containing the bracelet in his breest-pocket, and taking up his hat to depart. "If the other is where I

carefully depositing the case containing the bracelet in his breest-pocket, and taking up his hat to depart. "If the other is where I strongly suspect it ought to be, you will see them both again before the week is out."

On the following evening, punctual to his appointment, inspector of detectives arrived and produced a copy of the handbill, which had been widely circulated throughout the city, offering a reward of five hundred doilars for the recovery of the stolen broelet.

"We can do no more at present." he said, "until we receive our reports; but no time has been lost, and I am inclined to think we are on the right track. It is perfectly clear to me that we have to deal with accomplished swindiers, clever enough to assume any disguise without fear of detection. It was well known that the Princess intended to be present at last night's performance, and they, doubtless, laid their plans accordingly, contriving, as a necessary precaution, and probably by the aid of a light-fingered confederate, to obtain pessession of the card-case of one of her suite. This done, they had only to select their victim; and as your diamonds, madam," he added, turning to Mrs. Dewsbury, "were, by all accounts, more conspicuous by their brilliancy than any in the house, it is not surprising that they should have given you the preference. However, I hope to have surprising that they should have given you the preference. However, I hope to have them yet, for the man I have put on the job is a sharp fellow, and knows his busi-

"Yes," remarked Morton, "he seems in-

telligent enough."

Then the inspector looked puzzled. "You have seen Duckett, then?" he asked quick-

"Duckett? No, but Burtenshaw. You sent

"Duckett? No, but Burtenshaw. You sent him here last night, half an hour after I had left you."

"My dear sir," replied the official, "we are playing at cross-purposes. I never sent anyone, and there is no such a person as Burtenshaw in the lorce."

"Oh, you must know him," persisted Morton. "A little man, with very short hair and remarkably keen eyes."

"Never saw or heard of him in my life," was the unexpected answer. "What did he come for?"

he come for?

"He wanted to see the other bracelet," interposed Mrs. Dewsbury, "and said it was a pity he couldn't take it with him for a few days to compare it with the one that So, as I believed he came from

was stolen. So, as I believed he came from you. I let him have it."

"The deuce you did!" exclaimed the inspector, forgetting his habitual politeness in his indignation at the trick played on him. "Then, madam, I am afraid the game is up. As long as these rascals had only one of these bracelets in their hands, there one of these bracelets in their hands, there was always the chance that it might have remained intact, or that an accomplice, tempted by the high reward offered, might have 'split' on the others But, now that they have got both, I wouldn't mind wagering that the gold is already in the melting pot, and the diamonds are on their way to Antwerp or Amsterdam."

Apparently, the wager would have been

Apparently, the wager would have been a safe one, for, although, a considerable time has elapsed since the gals night at the opera, Mrs. Morton Dewsbury has never heard any further tidings of the purioined bracelets. And as Mr. Duckett pithily opserved, when the pros and cons of the care were laid before him, it is "all Lombard Street to a China orange" that she never

A WILLAND A WAY.—The Chinese jour-nais tests a good story of the ingenuity of a native lady match-maker.

A hump-back girl otherwise good look-

ing, had found a difficulty in procuring a husband. Oldly enough the go-between referred to discovered that there was a hump-back youth who had found a similar

difficulty in getting a wife.

This clever lady accordingly arranged a match; but, as each party was of a very eligible quality in other respects, each of the respective parents in the respective. the respective parents insisted upon obtain-ing a surreptitious view of the surorous one

on either side.

The go-between adcordingly arranged sat at her spinning-wheel with her deftly inserted in a hole in the mud wall, while the man was introduced as he was conducting home a bullock, and leaning over its neck, with a coat negligently thrown

The marriage took place, and it then became too late for tergiversation, as it had been endorsed by law.

A Dog Stony.-Last fall I received a let ter from my son saying that he and his wife and daughter were coming to pay us a visit. He concluded by saying: "Kill the fatted calf and put the bottle on ice." I read the letter aloud to my wife, the dog, a setter, sitting up beside me, and looking so wise that I called my wife's attention to it, say-ing, "Look at the judge!" After I had fin-ished reading, he barked to go out, and did not get home until quite lete.

He came into the sitting room, where I was reading, and made such demonstrations that I followed him to the outside door, and in the porch I found the lower part of the leg of a calf. He wagged his big tail and jumped up on me, saying as plainly as he could: "There's the call; now you attend to the bottle!"

IT is with charity as with money-the more we stand in need of it, the less we have to give away.

AT HOME AND ABROAD.

A Pittsburg man is said to have really A Pittaburg man is said to have really married a girl under the impression that he was marrying her sister. His courtship of the other girl was brief and the sisters so closely resembled each other that he proposed and was accepted before he discovered his mistake. He has never confessed, the story goes, that he made this odd error, but the girl who lost a good husband be-cause of it insists that she ought to be in

A New York paper publishes the following: Mr. Friese Greene, a British photographer has actually produced a picture with only the light issuing from his eye. Having stared for 15 seconds at a 3000 candle electric arc only three leet away, he closed his eye and quickly brought it over a sensitive eye and quickly brought it over a sensitive sye and calculated of one inch. The result was a very faint but distinct image of the arc and carbons, due, probably to the momentary phosphorescence of the retina. A second attempt failed and gas-lights proved mentary phosphorescence of the retins. A second attempt failed and gas-lights proved too weak to produce effect.

Big dogs are becoming the fashion in New York, and a local dog fancier accounts for it by saying that "persons stay in the country so long that they grow wonderfully fond of the animals. The dogs come to town with the families and either find lodg-ings in the private stables of their masters. ings in the private stables of their masters or in stalls rented from livery stables, which have now begun to advertise specially fa-vorable accommodations at \$3 a week. The attendance upon a dog includes specially prepared food, periodical washings and the removal of any parasites they may have."

It is not often that a fire is put out with wine. This was done recently at Kreuznach, on the occasion of a fire which broke out at night in the house of a large wine merchant, soon enveloping the whole building. Some sixty hogsheads of wine could not only not be saved, but burst, and their contents ran into a ditch in the garden behind the house. Here the firemen placed their engines, with which they poured stresms of wine upon the burning building, and succeeded in getting the fire under con-trol. The fumes of the wine were so strong that the fireman had to be repeatedly re

A marriage that was attended with numerous difficulties because of the scarcity of money came off in Cincinnati a day or two ago. After paying for the license (75 cents) the groom had but 25 cents left. He collected enough from the speciators to pay the magistrate's fee, but then another ob-stacle arose. The young man said that if he did not have a certificate to prove his marriage the parents of his bride would not believe the ceremony had taken place, and then there would be trouble. Another collection was taken and the certificate was provided. Then the couple went away happy! They were from Hamilton Ky., and had eloped to avoid the opposition of the brid'e parents.

A tragic comic romance lately occured at Buda Peathe. A stripling of 17 fell in love with a girl three years his junior, and the children were in such despair that they had to wait so long to be married that they decided to commit suicide. After kin-sing and bugging each other, the couple repaired to the Danube, and with for itude worthy of a better cause the girl jumped in. Fortunately she could swim and she availed herself fully of her capabilities in that art. She shricked for "Heip," which was soon at hand. Just as she was safely landed her lover aimed three pistel shots at himself, but none of them took effect, and a quarter of an hour later the young folks were handed over to their respective

Noah Stropp, a New Orleans lad, met his death in a queer manner Thursday. The boy and his younger sister were playing together in the kitchen of their home. ing an old musket which had not been fired for 27 years, he unscrewed the barrel from the stock, filled the barrel with water and placed the muzzle end in the stove. Calling his sister to come and hear the water boil in the barrel, he leaned over and placed his ear to the breech of the weapon. As he did so an explosion occured, and the boy was instantly killed, being blown several feet away and having his head nearly caraway and having his bead nearly car-off. The barrel of the musket had a charge which had been placed in it during the war. The boy was not aware of this but was merely in search of fun.

The name of the young Marquise de Bel-boeuf, the exceeding masculine sister of the exceedingly effeminate Duc de Morny, is again on everybody's lips in Paris. Her again on everybody's lips in Paris. Her latest eccentricity consists in riding in the Bois every morning at 8 mounted astride her horse instead of on the ordinary side-saddle. Accompanied by a couple of her male friends she dashes along the avenues and bridle-paths at a sharp center, creating an immense stramong the early habitues of the Bois. Beparated from her husband, always dressed in the most masculine tailor-made gowns, her brown curly hair cut close to her shapely head and a single eyeglass fixed in her saucy eye. Mme de Bel-boeuf presents the most striking contract which it is possible to conclus to her brother the Duke, who it may be remem-bered figured a few years ago at some amateur theatricals in the squee of a preculere dansense of the ballet corps.

Our Young Folks.

FRUBLING AND THE PROGS.

BY L. B HILL.

HE winter was over and gone. There could be no doubt about the matter.

First the snow melted and then the ice in the river broke up into great blocks and went floating and bobbing up and down in the water as it drifted seawards.

in the water as it drifted seawards.

The great auk waddled from block to block, fanning himself and muttering to himself about the good old days.

"When I was young," he said, "the weather was a ways old, but times are changed. Even the sun does what it likes now without consulting my feelings. It is not at all respectful of him, not at all respectful of him, not at all respectful of him, for in that part of the world they were all independent and had no manners to speak of."

and had no manners to speak of."

Each warm day brought fresh birds northwards and seawards.

The first to come were the pelicans, and they were soon followed by the spoonbills and the long legged red flamingoes, and the crowned crane, a proud lesy creature. And they stood about in the broad sunny. river gobbling the fish from morning until night, and waiting till it should grow warm enough to build their neets.

Then in every pool and creek and shalfrom in every post and creek and spat-iow dyke the fregs woke up. 'Croak, croak, croak,' they said, till they nigh desiened the air with the sound. So the fregs croak-ed, and the birds gobbled up the fregs, and the auk sat in a shady corner grumbling, while the sun grew hotter every day, and

the willow trees began to bud.

One day a little boy came to the broad sunny river. The storks brought him from when the southern country a long way off. And when the old earth saw this little boy it was glad. The birds flapped their wings, and ran about telling tach other it was time to build their nests. The sallow-cattime to build their nests. The sallow-cat-kins broke into golden fluft, and the wil-low trees grew green like May grass; the bulrushes and the iris pierced their sword-like leaves up through the water that they might eatch a sight of his bonny face, and wherever his feet fell the cowslips blos-somed and the grass grew. Even the frogs crowked filly those louder than hefore with croaked fifty times louder than before with pleasure, and no wonder, for he was the benniest boy in all the world. His name was Frubling. And Frubling loved the birds and the flowers and the broad sunny river, and they loved him; but still sometimes be sighed and said, "Ah! if only I had a play-mate, how happy I should always be."

Now a long, long way south lay a warm valley among the mountains. Through the valley there flowed a little brook, and the brook was the beginning of a broad

This valley was such a warm place that the winter had left it, the sun shone in it, and Fruhling bad passed through it laughing and happy, weeks and weeks before is reached the country of the broad river. And reached the country of the broad river. And here in this vailey there dweit a little mad and she was the prettiest little maid you ever saw. She had long yellow hair, and a long yellow gown, and the hair and gown were so bright and shining that you might have taken her for a stray sunbeam if you had not looked very carefully.

All day long in the early summer weather she danced, and she did it so lightly and gally, that a lark's song would have been easier to catch than this merry little insid.

And the flowers in the valley called her

Now one day Rayonnetta fell asleep on a water hip leat, and while she lay asleep a big greedy jack came swimming by. He biundered up against the hip-stalk, and just because he was too proud to go round it he bit it right through, the mischlevous creature! Rayonnetta did not wake up, not even when the lily, leaf began to float down

Away and away it floated through the flowery meadows and beyond the mountains, till the little brook swelled into the shorewards, and struck among the buirush

You remember I told you that the frogs loved Fruhing and the warmer days, but they distiked the heat and glare of the summer sunshine.

They and the birds would have liked it to be always spring, always warm and moist; but Frubling grew tail and strong in

the not sun, and he loved it.
When the frogs saw the filly leaf among the burush roots they came hopping and splashing and croaking through the water to see what it was. Rayonnetta woke up

with the noise they made. She stood up in her boat and shook loose her shining hair and gown, and they shone so like the hot Juneaun that the frogs were forced to pold up their fore feet to shield their goggie eyes.

"Croak, croak, croak," said all the frogs in chorus.

Rayonnetta was frightened when she saw such strange, sp. sehing, crosking creat-ures, and, the unknown sand all around her, and the dark rain-clouds nanging over-

"Where is my valley gone?" she cried, "and the bright summer

"you're a bit of the sun yourself, a borrid bit of glaring sunebine come down to spoil the showers." And they made such tust the water lowl came running up to see what it al! was about.

The pelicans suspped their beaks to-

"Chitter, chitter, what's the matter?" cried one of them, swallowing half a dozen

oried one of them, swallowing hall a dozen frogs at a mouthful, just to make the rest answer quickly.

But to look at him next minute you would think he had never eaten anything stronger than rice pudding in all his life, for he sat down as meek as a turtle dove, and turned up the whites of his eyes just like a dock in a thunderstorm.

ike a duck in a thunderstorm.

The great auk came wadding up.

"What, what, what," he said, "must you disturb the last few days I spend with you? in my younger days nobedy spoke until they were spoken to, nobody at all, at all

"Ysh, don't bother us," said the frogs. "We've got a right to croak when a chip of the sun comes floating down the river and brings the summer upon us before the right time. Yah! you go long." 'Suppose I eat the bit of tinsel up," said

the greedy pelican.
"Share and share!" cried the spoon-bills.

"A peck turn and turn about," said the

flami her up and have done with it," croaked the frogs, so they might have, only then Frubling and the storks came to see

what was the matter. Rayonnetta stood on the tily leaf ween ing and wringing her hands in the midst her shining bair; and the tears fell so fast and the bair shone so brightly that together they made rainbows all around her.

When Fruhling caught sight of her he clapped his nands and laughed and cried:
"Here is my playmate come; come and play with me you beautiful little maid."
"She belongs to the frogs," said the spoon-

bills. "We're going to eat her up," cried the crane.
"Sue's nothing to do with you," said the

pelican.

"Croak, crosk, if you want her you must fight for her," said the frogs, but they did not think be would have courage enough to un it.

"Est her up!" cried Fruhling, "Never! I'll fight you every one first."

And he ran and pulled up two long spear grasses for lances, and two toadstools that had out lived the winter for shields. "Come on," cried he, brandishing his

lance. So when the frogs saw he meant to fight they chose out the biggest and bravest fel-low among them and mounted him on a

Fruhling's horse was the youngest and strongest of the storks.

The frog and the pelican thought they would soon make mincement of the stork. If they only frightened Fruhling they would be content.

So they came charging up, enapping and croaking as fast as young game cocks. Snap, snap, snap, went the pelican's great beak; croak, croak, croak, went the frog, while all the other birds stood round in a ring, fiapping their wings, and the frogs cheered, and little Rayonnetta looked on

at the fight from a toad-stool.

Fruhling and the stork stood still so that

everyone thought they were afraid.

But they were not a bit, and when the frog came near enough Fruhing made such a fierce thrust with his "pear that almost before you could say "Jack Robinson" he had sent the frog spinning into the middle of next week. And not alrog staid in sight, not a single one.

Then Fruhling ran to the toadstool and

helped Rayonnetta down. "Now I have won you," he said, "you will stay with me."

"With all my heart," said Rayonnetta,
"Then," said Frubling, "you shall be our queen, and help me make the flowers grow, nd to take care of the little unfledged drds; and then when autumn comes we will fly away southwards with the storks and the sunshine to some warm and sunny

ibcai So the birds owned Fruhling for the vic

tor and Rayonnetta for their queen. And she made them all such dainty curtseys and smiled so sweetly that every one was charmed with her, and the great auk

"Dear lady, your grace reminds me so of the days of my youth, I can hardly believe are over yet; hardly at all, at all,

IN FAIRYLAND.

BY SHEILA.

THE children were so earnest in their de mands for a fairy story that though she had already told them half a dozin of other kinds she had to comply with their

"As you have already been told about the German fairies," she began "and as we have just been speaking of the Scotch poet Burns who refers to Kelpies, I will choose Scotland and I will tell you who Kelpie was."

"Weil, he was supposed to be a water-goblin who haunted the lakes and stream, and appeared to people in the form of a horse. The tale ran that if anyone was foolish enough to get on his back, be very soon repented of it, for inischievous Keiple would jump into the nearest pool or river and give his rider a good wetting, and even perhaps drown him, which was infinitely worse. In Forfarshire there are marks in the old red sandstone which are called "Keipies" feet."

"Then there was another water-elf who went by the name of Shelly coat, because be was covered with shells, which made a fine

"He had the character of being quite as fond of mischievous pranks as his cousin Keipie; and I have read somewhere of how he tricked two travellers on a dark night.

"They were walking quickly along when they beard a double to use calling from the

they heard a doleful voice calling from the

they heard a doleful voice calling from the river Eurick, 'Lost, lost!'

Naturally enough they thought that someone was drowning, and hastened to his assistance as fast as possible.

'Farther away in the distance the cry was repeated of 'Lost, lost!' and away went the travellers in pursuit of it; but the drowning person always seemed just a little ahead of them.

"When morning dawned the two found themseives, to their no small surprise, up the mountain, close to the source of the river. And, to crown all, they could hear Snellycoat clattering down again, roaring with laughter at the clever trick he had played them.

"Folk seemed to be rather fond of 'making believe' that water spirits took the form of horses. In the Shetland Isles they used to talk of a pretty little fellow named Shoopiltee, who would try to entice people to mount him, and then gallop with them in-

A similar sprite haunted the Orkneys, but he was known as Tangle-from Tang

the seaweed, with which he was covered.

"The land-fairies of these islands were said to wear armor, which, I think, was rather a pretty lancy, was it not?

rather a pretty fancy, was it not?

"The Highlanders give to the fairles the name of Doine Suie," or Men of Peace; and sometimes call them the 'good people' or 'good neighbor,' But they will not speak of them at all if they can avoid it, because the believe that the fairles, although invisible, can see and hear anything that concerns

"Tue Lowland fairies are described as being small, but beautifully formed, with long golden hair, which is fastened with a

golden comb.
"Their dress consists of a mantle of green cloth inlaid with wild flowers, green pantaloons buttoned with bobs of slik and sil-

wer shoes. They carry bows and arrows and ride on beautiful little white horses.

"The Fairy Rade or Procession is a grand sight and anyone who likes to piace a branch of rowan (mountain sab) over his door can look at in safety—always provided it happens to pass his way, you know

door can look at in safety—always provided it happens to pass his way, you know.

"The Rade is popularly supposed to take place at the beginning of the summer, and although I have never seen one, and can hardly expect to do so, being such an unbeliever, yet I have read of a certain woman who said that she once caught sight of man who said that she once caught sight of it. I suspect myself that she went to sleep and dreamt it; however, this was her ac count of the matter.

"The fairies, said the old dame, were a wee, wee fowk with green scarves, and they rode on little white nags with long tails and manes hung with whistles, which the wind played on as the procession swept

"But she did not have time to examine into things; for, unfortunately, the fairy cavaliers jumped over a high hedge and

"It is said that when the furies wished to remove to another place, they cry 'Horse and Hattock,' for this is the eifin signal for mount and be off.

"The Scottish pheasants believe that numbers of little elves live quite close to human dwellings, often under the 'door-stane' or threshold. They do not harm people, unless they are spoken of in an insulting man-ner, and no Scotswoman would dream of throwing boiling water or anything out of her door which might be likely to hurt the 'good neighbors,'

"It makes no difference to ber that neither she nor anyone of her family ever sees these friendly elves; she feels quite certain they are there all the same, only they are rather shy and retiring.

rather shy and reuring.

"In olden times a great many places—
such as fountains, wells, rocky caverns,
and green shadowy dells and glens—were
dedicated to the fairles, and it was deemed
a bad omen to pass by them without paying some mark of respect to their invisible cupants.

"Into one fairy well folk use to throw crooked plus, though why they selected this curious tribute I cannot say. It is rather difficult to see why fairies should want crooked pins more than ordinary

"At the top of a mountian in Peeblez is a

by used to throw into it a bit of cheese.

"It is really quite amusing to read of all the things people formerly did to keep the fairies in a good temper; and very often they were dreadfully afraid of them.

"There are a few more members of the lifth reas who have been invested.

elfin race who have been invested with special names and qualities. For instance, old castles and towers were supposed to be inhabited by sprites called Powries or Dunters, whose culef delight seems to fie in making a great noise, as if they were continually beating flax.

"The Killmoulis was a curious species of goblin, for he is described as having no mouth.

"Folk imagined that he was a sort of Brownie, and always lived in a mill, sometimes helping, but oftener hindering the milier in his work. was once thought that every mill had

its K limoulis, but tuls belief has died out.
"The Brown Man o' the Muirs was a sturdy dwar', whose perticular province was supposed to be the wild and descrate mooriands. He was dressed in brown, of the same that as the withered brack n; he looked flerce, and was not rendered more beautiful by having frissled red bair.
"Dear me! I had almost forgotten Wag-

at-the-Wa', the only aprite I ever heard of

who was troubled with the toothache! "Nor was this all, for this comical bogey, who was supposed to look like a grisly old man dressed in a red coat and blue breeches. rejoiced in a tail-a long tail, like a mor

key's.
"His place of abode was in the Border "His place of abode was in the Border kitchens, and his particular seat a large hook which hung by a chain from a beam in the chimneys to hold pots and kettles. "His amusement was to swing himself to and fro, and no doubt his tail was of some

assis ance to him here.

"Wag-at-the-Wa', with his toothache and his tail, has gone the way of many another gobiln, for no one has belief in him; a very good thing too!"

FIGHTING A PANTHER.

E was a hunter of the Wild West, and they called him "Dead-Shot Jim," Leaving on his rife, his bright dag.

gor glistening in his belt, he told this story of an encounter with a panther:

"My two dogs had treed the animal on the other side of the deep gulch which I would have to cross on a fallen tree to reach him. I worked my way to the failen tree, and started to cross it. I went very slowly as the log was quite slippery.

"My dogs had ceased their noise when I

first came to view, but just as I was about half-way across the bridge they began to bark more flercely than ever. I thought that perhaps the animal had seen me and was about to jump out of the tree and make his escape. I stopped in my dangerous walk, and, steadying myself, looked up into the tree. Great powers! I had seen a great many panthers before, and had killed a tew, but the one I saw looking at me from the branches of the oak was larger and fiercer than any I had ever seen or heard

"He lay crouched along a branch about midway to the top of the oak, and glared at me with great eyes that gleamed like balls

of fire.
"From the moment he first beheld me "From the moment he first beheld me he paid not the slightest attention to the dogs, but kept his eyes rivetted on me, uttering deep growls, and swaying his long tail to and fro. I knew that I had no time to lose, but must act quickly, as the varmint was preparing to spring at me.

"Bracing myself for the shot as best I could on the slippery tree, I raised my rifle to my shoulder, and aimed for the centre of the brute's head.

of the brute's head.

"Just as I pressed the trigger a piece of rotten bark that I was standing on gave way, and I slipped, at the moment when the rifle vomited its load of fire and lead. In saving myself from failing the empty gun slipped from my grasp to the rocks below, and I should have followed it had I not luckly been astraddle of the tree.

"I drew my hunting knife from my best, but had no sooner done so than the panther gave a shrick of mingled pain and rage, and the next moment he bounded from his perch and landed on the ground within three feet of one end of the log on which I

"The ball from my rifle had made a slight wound in the brute's head, the blood from which ran into his eyes, making him look terrible in his maddened fury. His eyes were fastened on me, and I knew that his next spring would bring him within a foot or two of where I sat.

"My faithful dogs were by this time at the rear of the infuriated beast, and before he could leap upon me they attacked him boldly. He turned with a flash, and, with a yeil of defiance, struck one of the dogs such a blow with his powerful paws that knocked the poor pup dead into the river below.

The other dog had got a grip on one of the pauther's hind legs, and neld on gamely.

"The next moment the dog and panther were rolling on the ground in a struggle for the mastery. The nuge beast threw up clouds of earth and dead leaves with his sharp claws, and for a time both combatants were lost to view in the dust. The strug-gle soon ceased, and through the falling leaves I could see the writing dog between the jaws of the panther. The jaws came together, and I could hear the crunching of bones, and in another moment the limp

body of the dog was thrown on the ground.
"The panther was now thoroughly enraged. Giving his head a shake to free

yell that nearly froze my blood, and crouched for a spring.

'I grasped my knife firmly in my right hand, and steadying myseif with my left, I awaited the shock. It came. The long, lithe body flashed through the air, and the next imposed in the large with the service of the with the service of the strength. next moment I was sitting face to face with

the infuriated beast.

"Leaning torward quickly I plunged the keen blade once, twice into the animal's neck. The hot blood spurted into my face, I feit the breath of the panther on my cheek, and then the powerful claws, armed with the long sharp patts. with the long, sharp nails, rose in the air, and then descended on my chest, I felt the I felt the

sharp claws burning through my flesh.
"The knife feil from my weakened grasp and bounded on the rocks to the river low. I felt my brain watriing. desperate grap at the panther before me, and, locked in a close embrace, we rolled off the log, and fell together on the rocks below.

"The sun was far down on the horizon when I recovered consciousness. I was not very seriously burt, for in the fall I landed on top of the panther, which saved me from having my bones broken. The panther laid dead on the rocks before me. My knife had touched his beart, and no doubt he was dead before he struck the rocks."

It is a good thing to learn caution by the mistortune of others.



BY WM. W. LONG.

Yes, love, I remember the story Told there in that holy night, With the joy of Love's great rapture Filling our souls with light.

And never a love so stainless Hath man to woman told, Since the days of great dead Petrarch— The grand love days of old.

Hath this age ever seen; Never as great soul worship, On, Love divine, my Queen!

Ah! sweet, the great Love nectar From Eros' magic well, We drank as night together, Cast o'er us its holy spell,

And I tell you, oh, queen of women. Of all our lives, the best Was that white night of beauty, When we found one hour's rest.

The shadow passed from between us, With love's delictous pain, As I counted the pulse of your heartbeats And kissed you again and again.

DEGENERATE WORDS.

The history of a word is often singularly like that of a human being. Some words rise from a very lowly origin in the slums of slang to respectability and general use and acceptance; others, entering the language under much more favorable coaditions, fall by mischance or neglect into disuse, and drag out a maimed existence in lower forms.

A good example is the word "gob." As a noun this is now vulgarly applied to the mouth, and as a verb it means to swallow. "Shut your gob?" is a polite invitation to silence among certain classes of society. But the word itself is a very ancient and re-pectable one. "Gob" formerly meant, in a general sense, a small portion, mass or collection of anything.

Its longer form is "gobbet." It was often used literally or metaphorically to describe a mouthful or a piece of anything just large enough or fit to be put into the mouth at once. The general meaning seems to have survived in this country.

In Mark Twain's "Innocents Abroad," Gibralter is described as "pushed out into the seas on the end of a flat, a narrow strip of land, and is suggestive of 'a gob' of mud on the end of a shingle."

Another degenerate word is "clean," in the sense of "entirely," or "altogether." The word with this meaning was constantly employed by good writers until a very recent date, but its use now in serious writing would be considered colloquial, if not vulgar.

To be "shut of" a person or thing, meaning to be rid of it is a familiar provincialism. But the phrase was formerly in very respectable literary use. Bunyan, who was naturally fond of racy and proverbial expressions, uses it in the "Holy War."

To "cotton," meaning to agree with, to take to, is now a common colloquial expression. This use of the word, however, was common several centuries ago. It is tound occasionally in Elizabethan writers. 'To cotton,' like so many other so-called Americacisms, is simply a survival, in vulgar use on both sides of the Atlantic, of a respectable old word. It may be noted by the way, as regards its etymology, that it has connection with the plant cotton, but is derived from a Welsh verb, meaning to agree, to consent.

A notable instance of descent from literary to vulgar use is to be found in the history of one of the meanings of the verb to "cut," The "phrases to "cut over," and to "cut away," are found in the writers of the latter part of the sixteenth century, bearing precisely the same meaning as attaches to the corresponding modern slang expressions. With the present day use of these phrases is generally associated the idea of more or less hurried, or enforced departure.

The expression to 'knock off,' meaning to desist from, to give up, in a familiar colloquialism, with a peculiarly modern appearance; but in reality it can show good authority for its existence in its use by some the best and most vigorous of prose writers.

A frequently-heard vulgarism is "along ot," in the sense of "on account of." But, vulgar as its use is now considered to be, it is a genuine, good old phrase, that was in

frequent literary use for its high estate, it became a familiar locution in the vocabulary of the street. It is found so far back as the ninth century, and in fact is common in most of the early writers.

Another street word of respectable descent, is "fadge," to suit, or fit. Its use is now pretty well confined; but it is to be found in Shakespere, and in other great writers.

A word that might have served a very useful purpose in our language is "proser." We have no equivalent for the French 'prosateur,' a word invented in imitation of the Italian "prosstore," a writer in prose, "Proser" was coined to meet the want, and is to be found in this sense in Drayton. But the word has degenerated, and is now so universally used and accept ed as a mere synonym for a bore, or a dull talker or writer, that it would be a hopeless task to try to employ it in any higher or broader sense, and, for the present at least, we must be content with the rather ugly compound "prose writer."

The phrase to "make bones of," that is, to find difficulty in anything, is now restricted to colloquial use; but it was for merly current literary coin, and is frequently met with in much of our older literature.

Its earlier form was, "to find bones in," which clearly shows the phrase to have originated in a reference to bones in soup, or similar food, regarded as obstacles to swallowing.

In this form it is found as early as the dfteenth century. It does not occur in its present shape "to make bones" until a century later, but from this period on to the end of the seventeenth century it was in constant use.

"Gills," a slang term for the lower part of the face was used with much the same meaning by Ben Jonson, and by Lord Bacon. To "swop," that is to exchange or barter, is now an undeniably vulgar word, but it appears in the classic pages of the "Spectator," and is also to be found much earlier. "Tall," in the American sense of vain or braggart, is only a modification of the former generally accepted meaning of brave or bold.

But the list might be extended almost in definitely, for the words and phrases given above are but examples of a very large

ALAS! it is not until time, with reckless hand, has torn out half the leaves from the book of human life to light the fires of pas sion with from day to day, that man be gins to see that the leaves which remain are few in number, and to remember, taint ly at first, and then more clearly, that up on the early pages of that book was written a story of happy in suence which he would fain read over again. Then comes listless irresolution, and the inevitable in action of despair; or else the firm resolve to record upon the leaves that still remain a nobler history than the child's story with which the book began.

Grains of Gold.

Fear is the tax that conscience pays to

Our lives are measured by our works, not

Everything good in man leans on what

"Pluck, Patience and Politeness" makes

Educating the mind is like fertilizing and tilling the soil

Watch, for the idleness of the soul ap

He who makes a fool of himself, will find any to help him.

We think very few people sensible expt those who are of our opinion.

Were every one to sweep before his own house, every street would be clean.

To have ideas is to gather flowers. To think is to weave them into garlands.

God is better served in resisting a temptation to evil than in many formal prayers.

It is difficult to divest one's self of vanity, because impossible to divest one's self of self-love

There is no fit search after truth which does not, first of all, begin to live the trath which it knows.

To endeavor to work upon the vulgar with fine sense is like attempting to cut down trees with a resor.

The hypocrite shows the excellency of viruse by the necessity he thinks himself under of seeming to be virtuose.

Femininities.

The house showeth the owner.

In a good house all is quickly ready.

Twin sisters in Richmond, Va., have rranged to be married on the same day.

The craze for gold and silver handles for

anes and umbrellas is beginning to lessen A pretty girl don't object to reflections

on herself when they come from a looking-glass. One tablespoonful, well heaped, granu ated coffee A or best brown sugar weighs one

Once in a while let your husband have the last word; it will gratify him and be no particu

At an English church wedding the other day the bridesmaids marched in with their bouquets tied to the ends of waiking sticks.

Queen Margaret of Italy did her own Christmas shopping and went the rounds of the shops in Rome like the plainest of housewives.

La Tosca sticks are carried by courageous girls of fashion. They cost from \$5 to \$50, and their correct length is to the top of the snoulder.

If the eyes of a Turkish girl are not large enough for beauty the outer corners of the eye-lids are cut to make the eye the proper size,

A little girl of Poulan, Ga, raised enough peanuts and sugar cane to pay for \$16 acres of land, and she had enough money left to fence it Very pretty is a piece of bric-a-brac in

antique ivory, representing a rustic well, with the figures of a boy and girl sitting on the sides, throw-A young lady who lately give a milli

ner an order for a bonnet said: "You must make it plain but still attractive and smart, as I sit in a conspicuous place in church."

Ages will come and go, but woman will not be perfectly happy until she can have eyes attached to her shoulders, so that she can look up and criticise her own back hair.

A new role for women in London is that of serving writs. A pretty young woman there is said to find doors open to her which to nearly every other Sheriff's officer are shut fast. R cogn zed him. Mrs Westend: "You

appear to recognize that gentleman?" Mrs. Lakeside, of Chicago: "Yes, we used to be quite inti-mate. He was one of my earlier husbands." A unique inkstand represents a silver to

boggan rushing down hill, with the figure of frightened gir: clinging on for dear life. When t young lady is lifted from the toboggan an ink well A Maine historian says that in old times

the fine ladies of Pastport—then a very gay, flour-ishing town—used to acquire beautiful complexions by sleeping with their heads out of the windows in Use the word "woman" whenever you

can. She is a fine woman, a cultivated woman, or a clever woman is better than 'lady.' Still it is proper to say lady sometimes, as she is a 'lady' in every relation of life.

Brown: "I see that the bustle is no longer worn." His wife: "Where did you see that, my dear?" Brown, meekly: "Is the newspapers." His wife, sharply: "Well, when you see it in the street just let me know!"

Mr. Poots, to Mrs. Ham Canvas, of Chi cago: 'You didn't stay in Paris long.' Mrs. Ham-Canvas, with a sigh: 'Not long. Just as I got to feel at home and like a genuine Parisite, |Mr. liam-Canvas had to go back home. "

"My detective caught a woman stealing goods in the store this morning, Caplas," said Tureads; "now what kind of a charge shall I make against her?", "Well, that depends," returned the cautious lawyer. "How was she dressed?"

A Gotham paper speaks of a rashiona hie lady whose parents are not possessed of wealth in proportion to her pretensions, who excused her-self to a visitor for doing housework thus: "Mother and I do our own housework because it is so very romantic."

Steve: "Yes, poor Blivens does look meianenoly, as you say. He still suffers from the consequences of an early love affair." Maud, instantly interested. "Oh, tell me, did the young lady die or pay ve faise?" Steve: "Neither. She married bim!"

Young housekeeper, to butcher: "You may send me some ducks, I think, to-day." Butcher:
"Yes'm; canvas-backs, I suppose?" T. H., who
knows nothing about ducks: "Well—er—no, I guess knows nothing about ducks: "Well-er-no, I guess not; they might be tough. Bend plain ducks, with-

out the canvas-backs. " Assistant, to young lady, who has purchased a pair of gold sleeve links for her flance:
''Any initials, Miss?'' Young lady: "I forgot; engrave the letter U—his first manne." "An' may I ask if it is Urlah or Ulyaseo? Names with U are rare:" ''No; his name is Eugene," was the proud reply.

Too confidential by half. Brown's flances: "Tell Mr. Brown that the flowers were far too expensive for me." Brown's man: "Oh, they're nothing. You ought to see the big bouquets that come to the house. I heard master say only yestercome to the house. I heard master say only yester-day, 'It'll be time to pay for them after the wed-

Having danced till 3 in the morning, Miss Catharine Sewers, of Williamsburg, N. Y., stretched hertelf on a lounge and gave a yawn. She had never yawned such a yawn before, and hopes never to yawn that way again. They struck the alarm and hurried her off in an ambulance to a hospital. She had dislocated her jaw.

"I can only be a sister to you, George; nothing more." "I'm afraid that won't do, Miss Clars. I have five grown alsoers, siready, and, to tell you the truth, they are not very favorably dispossed toward you; they think a match with you would be the mistake of my life." "In that case, the course, it said the girl, drawing herself up with bright as if they were new. If boxwood the course, it is not taking them out. The challs will bright as if they were new. If boxwood the course of haughty grace, "you may name the day."

Masculinities.

Hear instruction and be wise, and re-

Wherever the speech is corrupted the

Principals are responsible for acts of

Without contentment there is no wealth, ad with it no poverty,

Some that smile have in their heart, I ear, millions of mischief,

An angry man is again angry with him-

Silence is a figure of speech, unansweraie, short, cold, but terribly severe.

Druckenness turns a man out of him if, and leaves a beast in his room

What we need most is not so much to ealize the ideal as to idealize the real.

The boy who has seen hard times usually grows up to be a sympathetic man.

A decent man will not swear, if for no ther reason than that all victous men do swear.

If men wish to be held in esteem, they just associate with those only who are estimable.

Jones: "Do you tell your wife where rou spend your evenings!" Smith: "Tes, when I

The true test of a man's character is not his deportment in a crisis, but in the little everyday affairs of life.

If you want to take the starch all out of an enemy just do him a good turn when he is expect-

ing an evil one. There are few wild beasts more to be dreaded than a communicative man having nothing

One Hamilton, aged 79, recently married his daughter's 16-year-old governess, in San

He that believes himself to be the hap lost man is about right, and he that thinks himself

the most miserable don't miss it very far. The man that has an open hear for dis tress and a gaping pocketbook for wan' is one of na-ture's noblemen, whether he wears a diamond or a

wart on his finger. Leap year is over, and there are several cligible young gentlemen who remain uncalled for. There seems to be no cure for them but to be marked

down and set aside for 1892. Tommy: "I wouldn't like to be the preacher's little boy." Aunt: "Why?" Tommy:
"Oh, he's got hundreds and hundreds of slippers.
They are scattered all over the house."

A novel present was made by a Florida young man to his best girl. His teeth being too close for beauty he had two of them extracted and mounted in gold, to be worn as ear-rings.

When a lady neglects to thank you for the seat which you surrender to ber on the cars, do not be offended. Astonishment is the only feeling which can deprive a woman of words, A social observer criticises what he calls

the "stupid slience" of most Americans when din-ing in hotels and restaurants. "It looks," he says, "as though every one had been quarreling." A buyer of goods should remember one

thing when a merchant talks about 'letting him in on a ground-floor price.' There is often one floor below the ground floor, where the cellar comes in. "Do you believe there is any such thing as luck?" asked a young man of an old bachelor.
"I do. I've had proof of it." "In what wav?"
"I was refused by five girls when I was a young

The wise man who said, " Never allow yourself to get out of anything," never fell into a duck pond, struck a hornet's nest or got into jail. Like many another philosopher, he is an inexperi-

Frank Green, a Kentucky murderer, who had killed three men, was drowned the other day while escaping from officers. This would seem to damage the theory that a man born to be hanged would never be drowned.

Citizen, to physician: "I say, doctor, do you know anything about Brown's financia' stand-ing in the community? Is he prompt?' Physician:
"Well, all I know is that I have been his family hysician for seven years, and he's always pale and a man who will pay his doctor's bill will pay

A European who recently returned from a tour of the States says that Americans are ultra polite. He declares that good breeding is carried to such an extent that a gentleman will not think of offering the seat he has been using to a lady who en-ters the cars and finds only standing space and a hand-strap at her disposal.

It seems that a new type of blindness has been developed at the United States recruiting oface that is probably not necessarily peculiar to this region. It is that of having defective eyesight for about two weeks after a "apree." Nine out of ten men were relused permission to enter the ranks one day recently because they had this disease.

Druggist, playfully squirting some jockey club on Brown's coat: "There, Brown, you're a whole flower garden all by yourself." Brown, in have done?" Druggist: "Nothing serious, I hope." Brown. "Berious? Why, you've saturated me with jockey club, and my wife never uses anything out heliotrope!

When gold chains become dirty wash them well in a good lather, and use an old tooth brush to get into the crevices. When clean, and while still wet, put them into a bag of boxwood sawdust; let them lie for a couple of hours, and shake cannot be obtained, fresh bran may be substituted.

Recent Book Issues.

PRESH PERIODICALS.

Edgar Saitus' new novel, "A Transaction in H-arts," forms the leading feature of Lappincott's Magasius for February. It is a study of the Rev. Mr. Gonfailon's love for his wife's eister. R. H. Stoddard continues his literary reminiscences with an interesting sketch of Nathanial Hawthorne. John Habberton's "At Last: Six Days in the Life of an Ex-Teacher" reaches its fifth instainent, and will appeal to all lovers of children. The ninth story in Tourgee's series, "With Gauge & Swallow," is entitled "Missionary Joe," and is a clever and ingenious bit of work. Miss Frances E. Wadleigh tells of her "Experiences as a Government Clerk," and "An Ex-Editor" has a bright, shrewd, and humorous sketch entitled "The Days when I Went Journaling." The poems are contributed by Homer Greene, Heien Gray Cone, Mary Bradiey, and M. P. Tue Monthly Gossip, Book-Talk, and Every Day's Record are excellent as usual.

and Every Day's Record are excellent as usual.

"Christian Work Among the Cree Indians," is the title of the opening article in the Pebruary Quiver, and this is followed by "A Sermon on Sait," by the Rev. Michael Eastwood. A second installment of the interesting serial, Miss Hilary's Suitors, is given. Am ing other contributions are "God's Preventing Goodness," a pretty story entitled "Santa Claus at Clitton Cottage," "The Joy of Christ," a rather long poem, with illustration, called "On the Lake of Thun," by John Francis Waller; "The Seven Loaves of the Vine," by Bishop Alexander; "The End of an Old Romance," "To the Lions," a thrilling paper by Prof. Church; "St. Colombo's Cathedral, Londonderry," "Presbyterians in Council," by Prof. Blakkie; an illustrated paper on "Some Little Known Biblical Treasures," and a bundle of "Short Arrows" of more than usual interest. \$1.50 a year. Cassell & Co., publishers, New York.

Wise Sayings by a Sage.—We know nothing, and yet it is knowing something to know that thou knowest nothing.

By a conceit, a certain red fly hath been called a lady-bird, and bidden to fly away home. The counsel is good, even to her who is neither bird nor fly. There is no place like home.

The weather-cock, working easily, can tell the way of the wind, but if the weather-cock sticks, the course of the wind will not

cock sticks, the course of the wind will not be influenced thereby. Remember this. Virtuous love is wholesome. Therefore be virtuous, to make thyself worthy of self-love. Not, of course, that thou art thereby prevented from loving somebody eise. Talk to thyself, and insist on a reply, yet not before the world, lest it think that nobody eise will talk to thee.

A cat, even if she be friendly, never ap-

A cat, even if she be friendly, never approaches thee by a direct course. No more does a truth, O friend; but winding round thy stupidities, and rubbing up against thy prejudices, it reaches thee gently, and then perhaps scratches.

A stitch in time saves pine. If therefore

A stitch in time saves nine. If therefore thou feelest one in thy side, be thankful,

Solomon knew several things, allowing for his age, but we all could teach him a few others.

THE POWER OF WORDS—The power of words is illustrated by the following:

A wealthy man, who owns a country residence, recently became dissatisfied with it, and determined to have another. So he instructed a real estate agent famous for his descriptive powers to advertise it for private sale, but to conceal the location,

In a few days the gentleman happened to see the advertisement, was pleased with the account of the place, showed it to his wife, and the two concluded it was just what they wanted, and they would secure

So he went to the office of the agent and So he went to the office of the agent and told him that the place he had advertised was such a one as desired and he would purchase it. The agent burst into a laugh and told him that it was a description of his own house where he was then living.

He read the advertisement again, coglitated over the "grassy slopes," "beautiful vistas," "smooth lawns," &c., and broke out, "Is it possible? Well, make out my bill for advertising and expenses, for, by George! I wouldn't sell the place now for three times what it cost me."

REALISM. - The advocates of realism upon the stage may be interested to learn that so averse are the Italians to an uncomfortable ending to their plays that in Rome a day or two ago the smothering scene in "Othello" had to be left out. Othello gave way to a frenzy of jealously as he seized the fatal pillow; but upon Deademona exclaiming, "I am innocent, miserable man!" claiming, "I am innocent, miserable man!" he put it down again, and asked in mild tones, "is that really true?" On receiving the lady's answer, "I swear it," he brought her down to the footlights, where instead of the music written for the scene, they sang a lively duet from Rossini's "Armida." The delighted audience saw nothing absurd in this ending, and the tragedy, with the tragedy left out, became a brilliant

THERE are few occasions in life in which we are more called upon to watch ourselves parrowly, and to resist the assaults of various temptations, than in conversation.

greatest charms a woman can possess. Possoni's Complexion Powder gives it. A HANDSOME complexion is one of the

WANDERING SHEEP OF SPAIN.

The merino of which dress materials are made is woven from the wool of a sheep that once belonged to Spain, but is found now in other countries.

In Spain the sheep spent the summer in the pastures of the Pyrenees, and as winter drew near gradually migrated in October to the piains in the south, a journey of 400

They traveled in vast flocks of 10 000 each, under the care of fifty shepherds and as many dogs with a shepherd in chief at their head. Hence rose their name, the word "merino," meaning an overseer of the pas-

head. Hence rose their name, the word "merino," meaning an overseer of the pasture land.

These enormous bands traveled without much trouble, for a few of the band were taught to obey certain signals, and being placed at the head of each flock, the rest of the sheep (as their manner is) simply copied whatever they did.

The flocks marched at the rate of twenty miles a day, except that they took it more leisurely when the country was open and the pasturage good and plentiful.

A right of free feeding prevailed throughout the kingdom with the result that the commons over which they passed were completely stripped, and the sheep of the district were half-starved for a while.

Besides, the land proprietors had to keep an open walk for them, and so their farming and enclosures were seriously interfered with.

The sheep knew when they had reached their journey's end, and they also know when in Aprill they should set out for

their journey's end, and they also know when—in April—they should set out for cooler hills, and off they start of their own

Should any of them aray they are not pursued, for the shepherds are well aware that they will make their way to their old pastures; and sure enough when the flocks reach the bills there the stragglers are seen awaiting the arrival of their mates.

awaiting the arrival of their mates.

Spain, though it is the native country for
the merino, does not send out one-fortieth
of the wool that it once did. This is partly
owing to the quality having been allowed
to become inferior and partly owing to
other countries having introduced the sheep
and grown better wool.

AFFECTION.—If we have in our garden a choice plant, how carefully we tend it, how fearful we are lest it wither with too much

heat, or be dwarfed by too much cold. Even the rains of heaven, the dews, the sunshine are not sufficient, but we dig about it and train it; and with what satisfaction we watch the gradual unfolding of the tiny

And yet this flower is a very insignificant And yet this flower is a very insignificant thing compared with the germ of affection heaven has placed in the garden of the human heart, bidding us nourish it until it has expanded and blessed our homes and the world that lies beyond their thresholds. If we fail to nourish it by unselfish acts and words of love, it will not thrive, and if it does not grow it will die.

Husbands and wives too often forget the little acts by which they won each other—forget that the chill winds of neglect will blight the tender blossoms of the heart; and so they pass on through life, never think-

so they pass on through life, never think-ing what a holy thing it is to love—letting the weeds of ambition, avarice, pride and self choke all the olden tenderness away. Many a man neglects to perform some lit-tic office of affection, with, 'Oh, she's my wife now," as if she were less to his heart

wife now," as if she were less to his heart than the girl-love was.

I have heard a wife say, when reproved because she had treated her husband so in-differently, "Weil, he is my husband now, and it don't make any difference if I don't waste my time in these little demonstra-tions."

Is it wasting time for those whom Heaven hath united till death show that they love each other? Affection is not a schoolboy impulse. It is something grand and noble, born in Heaven's own heart, and by its humanity must be saved.

In all the world there is not a more beautiful sight than that of a record couple walk.

tiful sight than that of an aged couple walk-ing down the hillside of life, hand-in-hand, one, indeed, as they stood at the marriage-altar. To me it seems a holy radiance shining down on the clasped hands, bowed form and sliver hair of these loving aged ones, who have left all the dross with the years behind them.

THE GOOD OLD TIMES!-In looking back upon the precedents afforded by our judi-cial records we are painfully shocked, and with abundant reason, at the terrible alac-rity with which verdicts were pronounced, and that often upon evidence of the most abourd character, and which, in the present day, would be rejected with reprobation

and contempt.
Thus, it is related, that, at an assize at Exeter, a poor old woman was arraigned as a witch. To the jury and judge the case was as clear as the sun. A neighbor swore that on a certain day she saw a black cat jump into the cottage window of the accused woman. Now, at that time the enemy of mankind was supposed to go about in the shape of a black cat. The half crazed bewildered old woman

could not take it upon herself to contradict the general creed—she agreed with it, and admitted that the cat was the devil. inference, of course, was that she had dealings with the Evil One—that, in a word, she was a witch; and, in consequence of her own admission, she was convicted and hanged.

LET prayer be the key of the morning and the bolt of the evening.

A SORE THEOAT is soon relieved by Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, an old remedy for Bronchial and Pulmonary disorders.

THOSE GOOD OLD TIMES. They had rigid manners and homespun breeches,

In the good old times; They hunted Indians and hung up witches, In the good old times; They toiled and moiled from sun to sun, And they counted sinful all kinds of fun, And they went to meeting armed with a gun, In the good old times.

Yes, and they suffered year after year with painful, distressing diseases for which they knew no remedy. "Twenty years' Consumption" was one of them. Among the blessings of modern days, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery takes the highest rank as a cure for all Liver, Blood and Lung Diseases; as a consequence, it far outsells all other medicines of its class. Consumption is Scrofula affecting the lung tissues, according to all medical authorities, and for Scrofula in all its myriad manifestations no remedy has ever been found to equal the "Golden Medical Discovery." Hence, it has become famous as a remedy for Consumption. If afflicted, do not put off its use until too late. "Golden Medical Discovery" is the only Liver, Blood and Lung medicine ever sold, through druggists, under a positive guarantee of benefiting or curing in every case, or money refunded.

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5500 OFFERED for an incurable case of the proprietors of DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY.

SYMPTOMS OF CATARRIL—Headache, obstruction of nose, discharges falling into throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody, putrid and offensive; eyes weak, ringing in cars, deafness; offensive breath; smell and taste impaired, and general debility. Only a few of these symptoms likely to be present at once.

Dr. Sage's Remedy cures the worst cases. Only 50 cents. Sold by druggists everywhere.

INSTANCES OF MONOMANIA .- Amongst the curious instances of monomania which have been lately known is that of a wealthy banker, who fancles that he is a ripe cherry that the birds are eager to pick. He has a terror of all fruit eating birds, and seldom walks or appears anywhere in the

He makes his trips to and from his bank in a carriage, and keeps the doors and windows always shut, lest a sparrow should get in and swallow him.

get in and swallow nim.

He knows very well that the preposterous belief would damage him, and probably ruin him if it were generally known that he harbored it, so he conceals the consciousness of his fearful peril from his business associates, and contents himself with keep-

ing carefully out of the way of birds. A lady, well known in society, imagines that a big Newfoundland dog always accom-panies her, walks when she walks, and stops when she stops. "I know perfectly well that it is not there," she mays, "but I slways see it, and that is what troubles me. When I go to bed it always lies down upon my feet."
There is a lady who has been a teacher

for the last tweive years, and is still so em-ployed, who imagines herself a wheelbar-

"I know I am not a wheelbarrow, of course," she says to her physician, "but that certainly makes no difference with the appearance, and my sensations. When in school, I am always a wheelbarrow, and my feet are the handies, and my head is the wheel, and I seem to be trunding myself down the forms and through the hails. It is ridiculous and painful and mortifying; but, though I know it is the result of a neryous disease, I cannot shake off the hallucination.

A well-known journalist and successful memorist gives the following opinion: "Hallucinations are evidently closely

"Hallucinations are evidently closely akin to dreams. I can fill any one of my sensitives full of delusions in a minutes—can make him think he is Queen Victoria,

Wellington, Washington or Grant, a ped-lar, a opera singer, teacher of languages, a fowl, or a telegraph pole, and can banish the delusion in two seconds. Now it seems to me that this hallucination is exactly of the same kind as hallucinations in lunatics, or the dreams of those who sleep, the only difference being that the sleeper holds the key of dreamland, and the operator holds the key of the similar trance called mes-merism, while to the permanent trance called monomania the key is lost. I have wondered if it might not be possible to re-cover the lost key—to often waken the in-sand from their dreams as somnambulists and the mesmerized are wakened."

They do things nicely in China. A prinse need not fear her mother-in-law terference, as she is quite used to it;—in fact starts married life on the choice of that person rather than her husband. The Emperson rather than her husband. The Emperor of China has just had a wife selected for him. The Empress elect is a niece of her future mother-in-law, and she was selected out of 31 candidates, who were conveyed in carts to the palace, and, being ushered into the presence of the Empressed into Dowager, were put into groups of four or five, and finally sifted to one or two. The young Emperor has had nothing to do with the choice of his luture wife, leaving it all in the hands of his mother, so whatever in the hands domestic troubles come about in the future will be entirely owing to this lady, and no doubt will be visited upon her head with due punishment.

HE that will often put eternity and the world before him, and who will dare to look stead(astly at both of them, will find that the more often he contemplates them. the former will grow greater and the latter

HAPPY is the man who has that in his soul which acts upon the dejected as April airs upon violet roots. Gifts from the hand are silver and gold, but the heart gives that which neither silver nor gold can buy.

Humorous.

THE PROPER TIME.

"When is the proper time to wed?"

"Is it when someone seeks my hand Who for it offers gold and land;

Or when a man of humble lot Asks me to share his rustic cot;

'Or when perchance a man of fame Would crown me with an honored name;

"Or when a noble of high degree,

'Is it a man that you would wed, Or rank and name?'' the mother said. ;

"A title is a bauble; fame Oft goes as quickly as it came.

"But little comfort lands and gold Will yield one if the heart is cold. "Yet happiness not always hides

Where honest poverty abides. "The proper time to wed, my dear,

"And when he comes you'll know full well— Your heart, and that alone, will tell."

Room for apprehension - A dentist's ante-chamber.

The average barber doesn't hesitate to

scrape an acquaintance. The people who never get right in this

world are those who get left. What is the difference between grand and comic opera?—At comic opera you ought to laugh, but can't; at grand opera you must not laugh

but want to. Mother: "Clair, we are going to have company for tea; now, be sure and do not ask twice for anything." Clair: "Then don't forget to help

Diner, to slow waiter: "Some roast beef, well done, potatoes and a glass of beer." Waiter: "Yes, sir; anything else, sir?" Diner: "Yes; I'd like it to-day.

"There is one thing that you can always buy at a drug store without being over-charged, "sighed a victim of pharmaceutic extor-tion, "and that is a postage statep."

Handsome flirt, to Bashful: "What would you do if a pretty girl came to you suddenly and kissed you?" Bashful, blushing to the roots of his hair: "I-I-should be-very much obliged to

"Say, old man, you ought to call on pooah Cholly. He's laid up with some eye trouble and the doctah says he has to weah spectacles for the west of his life. Just think—with two glarces—ban

A correspondent, who is always writing to know what to do in any emergency, wants to know what he should do if attacked by footpads in a dark alley. We should say that the proper thing would be to advertise for help.

Jones, who had left his house for a day's hunting, met a neighbor on a similar errand, "Good gracious!" said the latter; "you've forgotten your dog.," "Yes, dear boy," replied Jones; "you see, whenever I take him along I always kill him."

Clara: "Mr. D'Ude proposes perfectly lovely. I do not believe I ever received a proposal that was so beautifully worded as I received from him last evening!" Laura: "Yes? He must have improved considerably then since the last time I re-

Lawyer, to witness: "You have known Lawyer, to witness: "You have known the prisoner a long time?" Witness: "Yes, sir."
L.: "What is his reputation for truth and veracity?"
W.: "Well, he won't tell the truth when a lie will do as well, and I'm a little doubtful about his veracity. And I think he'd as lief steal as not."

"Ah! my darling!" murmured J. Court Plaster, as they sat on a sofa in the softly lighted parlor, "'ou must forgive 'our ducky for what he said to little brother at the supper table, but little brother was naughty, 'ou know. What's the mat-ter with Johnny lately, birdie, anyway?'' Johnny: from behind the sofa: "He's all right."

Herbert: "Really, Miss Edith, I am very sorry I kissed you. I didn't think what I was doing. It is a sort of temporary insanity in our family." Miss Edith, pityingly: "If you ever feel any more such attacks coming on, you had better come here again, where your infirmity is known, and we will take care of you."

Materiamilias, wearily: "Well, I've got the children quieted down at last, and we shall have some peace. They have concluded to play school.'' Sounds of revelry and boisterous hilarity in the nursery. ''Mercy on me! Flossie, Flossie! what's all that noise? You promised me only two minutes ago that you would play school!" Little Flossie: "Yes, mamma, we's playin' school. This is recess!"

Young doctor: "Yes, I expect that it Young doctor: "I'es, I expect that it will go pretty slow when I first open an office until I get started a little." Old doctor: "Well, you bet it will. Why, when I first hung out my shingle I sat in my office for three months and only had one case." Young doctor: "Whew! That was pretty tough, wasn't it? Only one case; and what was that a case of?" Old doctor: "A case of instrumental."

Unprecedented success and still increasing sales attend Dr. Buil's Cough Syrup. 25 cts.

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THE WAY IT GOES.

A writer mentions in detail some of the sources of waste in a household, which ex-pialus why one family of the same aize with another, and having an equal income, falls to make both ends meet, while the other is able to save something for a rainy day. Here are a few of the things mentioned:

Keeping stoves, grates, and furnaces crowded with fuel without reference to the temperature out-of-doors, or the amount or kind of work to be accomplished with-

in.

The kitchen stove or range is greatly injured by being kept redhot. The cook and saundry he p, and the house, is needlessly over-heated; food is burned, or cooked at too high a temperature; garments are scorched in the ironing; the tea-kettle, grante and iron-ware boildry; and utensits of every kind need offen to be repaired or of every kind need often to be repaired or replaced; water in the reservoir is allowed to get low, or boils, sending its steam through the house—all the fuel used in excess of what is necessary being an agent of destruction in addition to its first

Another waste is in lighting more lamps and burners than is necessary for the cheerful illumination of the house, and neglecting to turn them down when not in use, and delay in substituting daylight for artificial

A great deal more soap than is necessary for cleanliness is allowed to dissolve in dish-water, to the injury of silver, china. and the hands; and pieces find their way into the slop-drain that should be saved for the boiling suds in the weekly wash. Printed fabrics and colored stockings are

injured in color by soap, freezing and sun

Flannels shrink and lose their soft texture by being subjected to the same pro-ceases used in cleaning cotton goods. Perishable articles of food are left to stand

in a warm kitchen, which, perhaps, came directly from cold storage, and should have a small interval between that and the ice-

a small interval between that and the ice-box or celiar.

Meat, milk, fruit and vegetables are quickly sensitive to such treatment, and taint, sour, wilt, or, in the case of garden products, lose their crisp freshness, so that disappointment instead of satisfaction is many times the outcome of careful and generous marketing.

Neglecting to regularly and thoroughly cleanase crocks, lars, cans or other recep-

cleanse crocks, jars, cans or other receptacles in which butter, bread, or any food is kept, is the origin of stale odors and flavors, and germs of mold that hasten decay and render what is in contact with them unfit

Omitting to burn, bury or remove spoiled fruit, vegetables, or anything ruined by de-composition, is not only a source of waste ful injury to other things in their vicinity, but is also an element of danger to the health of the household, the vitiated air of cellar and storeroom reaching the living apartments through floors, registers, and

apertures for pipes.

Diphtberis, typhoid fever and impaired vitality may come from no more mysterious source than this.

In extreme cold weather the habitual

cversight of mother or mistress the last thing at night has saved many a plumber's bill and outlay from breakages and spoliation by Jack Frost.

SHAVING .- A volume might be written on the curiosities of shaving. Particularly interesting would be an historical inquiry into the origin of the custom of shaving the head. It was not until the fifth century that in Europe priests began to shave their

The Roman clergy then adopted the circular method, and shaved that small round spot on the top of the head which is known as the tonsure. In Scotland, nowever, the monks shaved the whole of the fore part of the head from ear to ear. In the Anda-man Islands every man shaves his head, or rather, gets his wife to shave it for

Many other Orientals also go bald head-We used to do so in the last century, and, by a strange piece of contrariness, we wore artificial wigs to cover our baldness. As for the Chinaman, his method of shaving is exactly opposed to that of the Roman monk.

Me shaves all out a round patch, the hair of which grows long, and forms his pig tail. When the difficulty of shaving the head is borne in mind, the true strangeness of the custom becomes doubly apparent. It is hard to see the advantages of it; yet, in one form or other, and at one time or other, it has been practiced in nearly every country.

PHILOSOPHIC .- When Jones was at the theatre the other evening he sat down by mistake on his neighbor's bat and reduced it to a hopeless mass of silk and pasteboard.

The owner was madder than half a dozen

March hares.
"Well," calmly observed the culprit, "I was awkward, and no mistake! "But," he added, with self-complacent pity, "when I think that it might have been mine it makes me fairly shudder."

MRS. TESSAU.—You don't know how much I am enjoying Prof. Waterviiet's lectures on Herculaneum. So clear and concise, they're positive relations! Mrs. Rolly—Let me see—who was Herculaneum, my dear? Mrs. Tessau—I haven't quite made out yet, but he was either one of those Romangeous or a Ganl. or seprephysics of the managues or a Gaul, or something of that kind. There's another lecture to-morrow afternoon."

WICKEDNESS OF THE STAGE.-For outand out wickedness, commend us to actors and actresses. One prominent actor, in the course of his dramatic career, is said to have committed 17000 murders.

He is also said to have been killed in bat-

tie, siain in aduel, poisoned, or fatally stat-bed 9000 times; while another has been 3,100 times ruined, and 4,300 times takely imprisoned, thanks to the treachery of the actors with whom he has associated; and a York leading man has been divorced on 2 800 occasions.

These are sad facts; but actors are not alrays entirely had. But he has also nobly befriended 1 800 miserable and deserte women, and, subsequently married about half of them,

The most distinguished protector of injured innocence is, bowever, one who has knocked down 1,480 scoundrels who en-desvored to insuit (riendiess ladies; he ensured the happiness of 1,300 deserving cou-ples, often at the sacrifice of his own inter-ests; he effected 2 100 reconciliations of misunderstood young men with stern pare save 430 persons from drowning, and 243 from being suot or assassinated; and on 640 separate occasions he underwent long sentences of undeserved imprisonment

without a murmur.
On the other hand, a certain sctree been party to 1,780 cold-blooded murders; and Madame Sarah Bernhardt has the deaths of no fewer than 22,700 persons, chiefly of high rank and great influence, upon her conscience.

AUNT (severely): "As I gianced in the parior, last evening I saw you with that young man's arm around you." Nice (caimly): "Yes, aunty; I was waiting for you to pass the door and see us. I don't forget how my last engagement came to nothing. Young men are slippery, nowadays, and one can't have too many witnesses."

No college student ever so far forgets himself as to refer to his fellow students as "boys;" they are all "men." But about twenty years after his graduation, when he meets his former companions at some college anniversary, he never gets tired of referring to them as "boys,"

THERE is nothing makes a man suspect much, more than to know little; and there ore men should remedy suspicion by striving to know more, and not to keep their suspicions in smother.



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Latest Fashion Phases.

Flowers are much used on ball gowns, and they are most naturally modeled, especially the orchids, hyacinths, and delicate heath. A number of butterflies of various tints are used by themselves and with the flowers.

The prettiest were either light blue or light peach or a delicate gray, and quite new in their way. It is astonishing what an effect they produce. A blue tuile with these butterflies scattered about it was particularly pretty.

Tuile of a different color from the foundation may be made to produce an excellent effect, as seen in a pink satin, veiled with gray tuile, which in the front was put on single, and the back double, so that it seemed almost of different coloring, panels of the pink appearing between them.

Brocades blend weil with tuile. A gray, for example, was intermixed with gray brocade, striped white, the bodice and panels and back being of the brocade.

The Empire dresses are altogether original. One, made in apple-green, was triumed with handsome silver gimp and drop fringe; the skirt was plain and full, and, like all the dancing dresses, just rested on the ground; it opened in a straight line down the centre, showing a full front of crepe de Chine; with silver satin drops all over; the siceves were ruffled on the arm, from the shoulder to the citow, ending in silver triuming. In a yellow satin, after the period, the sash came almost under the arm, and long tassled ends upped with silver fell to the feet.

The beauty of some of the brocades is beyond praise. One, with stripes of most delicately designed acades in stripes, forming the front of a ball gown ruched at the hem, tulie forming the back, tucked, a siyle suited to siender figures.

The bodices are mostly laced at the back and pointed, and a garland of flowers carried down one side, and ribbon and tulle down the other; but there is much variety, each being specially suited to the wearer. The Empire styles are made in one with the skirt; yellow and white are the favorite combination with these.

Young girls who prefer serviceable materials for evening wear are having gowns of Oriental silk.

A new design had a front breath with insertion, and rows of narrow satin ribbon heading the insertion, a ruche formed of loops of narrow ribbon at the feet, the narrow ribbon trimming the low bodics. The groundwork was cream, the ribbon bright yellow. Salver disc tulle, in small quantities, however, is perhaps more fashionable than any other material.

Tea gowns have done more to place ugly and beautiful women on one level platform than any other plan ever contrived by hairdressers, milliner or maid. They have become an established feature in the wardrobe of every lady who pretends to follow fashion.

The leading features of these gowns are the loose from and redingote effects of the sides and back. The sleeves may be either loose fitting or bell shaped at the hand.

The coliars may be high and close, or may extend haif way around, meeting the front, which is shirred in a double row at the front of the neck. Some tea-gowns have demi-trains, the latter being the most popular for young ladies.

A particular pretty tea gown was made in prune plush, with a Directoire coat opening over a beautifully draped inner robe of white Tricotin silk, held in a figure by a sash of the same.

Another was of very fine silk warp Henrietta cloth in a delicate shade of blue. The full length front is made of a deep flounce of lace, shirred into a narrow band that meets the sides of the collar.

There is a slight fulness at the waist in the Fedora style, the front being draped over a row of shirring which is concealed by a broad sash set in the sides just below the waist line and crossed on the front where it is tied with long loops and ends.

The sleeves are plain, and extend midway between the clow and the waist, where they widen slightly and are filled in with a full puff of lace to match the front. Small bows of the ribbon are set on the sleeves at the edge of the lace.

A black silk tea-gown is not only very useful but very pretty. It should be plentifully trimmed with Valenciennes lace and scarlet ribbons.

Ribbons are used in great abundance for these gowns, and sometimes a whole piece being used for one gown. They are also using a heavy make of silk gauze for the fronts of these gowns in the place of Indian silks which have been in use so long.

One of the latest tes-gowns is an admirable mixture of two tones of violet, pale

heliotrope crepe de chine, of the Neapolitan violet tint, and the darker ordinary violet.

This gown had cord carried across the front, caught up with branches of delicately perturned violets.

Another tea-gown was a mixture of grenat and light pink.

Qu te new in idea was a vieux-rose thick silk, with cream and green pompadour stripes. The back hangs full and plain, save for two jeily-bag plaits at the back of the waist.

The bodice is most picturesque, having a large wired Elizabethan frili of lace starting from the side revers. The front is entirely composed of soft cream sicilienne, which fails in full unbroken folds from neck to feet, kept in their place by a loose girdle of the same, ending in bows of ribbon.

Single tulle is employed often over sain or some kindred fabric that is allowed to show its own beauties. Melon green is a favorite shade, and the tender tone of the lily leaf.

Some pretty green tulle ball gowns, just completed, are perhaps more of a true apple snade; the backs are tucked, so are the fronts of the skirts, but in different widths, with stiff rows of wild dog roses or apple blossoms carried up in perpendicular rows to the waist, while another has white winter roses nestling softly in the folds.

A yellow satin is an admirable example of how sparsery tulls is often now used.

The front showed the satin well-softened with just one layer of tuile; a thick ruche at the foot was interspersed with rose petals and large garlands of beautiful full-bloom roses were carried up the skirt, after the famous Tosca roses which Mme. Bernhardt nas immortalized; at the back the tuile was tucked.

Quite a new departure is a melon-green satin rather dark in tone, veiled with black tucked tulle; a large sash at the back.

This shade in silk makes its way into ball rooms now without any tuile, and a stylish gown of the kind was striped, a wide sash of the silk at the side, the low bodice made full.

A specimen of the divided muff, more to be recommended on account of its originality than beauty or utility, may be seen in dark cloth, trimmed in narrow beaver. It resembles along purse or a large cracker tied around the centre with a long ribbon, bow and ends.

The hands pass in at each end, and a silk cord passes around the neck to suspend the whole. Each end has a frill of the material lined with plush, and a band of fur or plush like a bracelet above it.

For a warm and yet smart little shoulder covering for cold evenings is the Carina jacket (a copy of one worn by a popular actrees in the play of "Carina") in crimson plush, with gold fancy braid. It is short (in the Matador style) reaching only to waistband, sleeveleys, and can be worn with thin slik, muslin or lace shirts.

It can also be worn over a low ball bodice when the wearer is at dinner or is in want of a smart light wrap. It looks well in black velvet.

Fringe has made its appearance once more in the realm of fashion, and it frequently edges the Vandyke redingotes and peplum fronts, and borders the classic draperles of Grecian "art" toilets.

Odds and Ends.

FOR WALL DECORATION.

Fashion, which rules most things, even the arrangement and furnishing of rooms, decrees that walls are to be much decorated with draperies, pictures, brackets and all sorts of curious and artistic articles.

The old fashion of having pairs of mirrors, jackets, etc., have quite gone out, and now the object aimed at in the arrangement of a room is to have no two things alike.

The decoration of walls is now carried to such an extent that in many cases the wall papers are scarcely visible between the various articles with which they are oprofusely covered.

In large rooms, however, where there is much space to cover, it is not always easy to have the walls well filled and yet to attain that variety which is so charming.

For those who are clever with their paint brushes, there are many little fancy articles it is possible to ornament, some of which would help to fill up or brighten a dark corner.

Among the most important of these are certainly mirrors, which, when artistically done are peculiarly decorative.

I heard of one lately with was made to represent a lattice window. This was framed in wood work, and a design of the Virginia creeper was painted partly on the framework, and partly on the panes of

glass, and when hung in a dark corner it reflected the light, and had quite the effect of another window, against which the red foliage of the creeper appeared to be growing.

Hand-painted tamborines have long been popular for wall decorations, but apart from artistic display, they have been

Lately, however, tamborines have been used for wall pockets by painting a pretty face or floral design on the inside of a tamborine, and of course hanging it with that side, outwards, draping the lower portion with two soft slik handkerchiefs of contrasting colors, which are fastened to the rim of the instrument and being brought together and artitalically looped in the centre, form a convenient receptacle for little odds and ends.

Banjos are now frequently painted, and suspended by colored ribbons; and I have also seen a pair of battledores having the parchments decorated with paintings, and the handles crossed and tied with bows of ribbon. These are very effective and do not require much skiil, as the parchment is very easy to paint upon.

Prettily decorated bellows look well hanging at the sule of the fireplace. They can be produced in plain wood, and painted according to taste. Bellows are also decorated with perforated cloth to be worked in different colored silks.

Very many articles which we daily see and as commonly ignore, can, if artistically treated be converted into very pretty and useful ornaments.

For instance, the little glass salad oil flasks which, when empty, are usually consigned to an untimely end in the dust bin, can be made into pretty flower-holders.

The first thing to be done is to put a thick gutta percha ring, such as are commonly used for umbrelias, round the neck of the flask as far down as it can be forced. The whole should then be rather thickly colored in oils as a groundwork, and a floral design is afterwards painted upon the body of the bottle; a colored ribbon is attached underneath the gutta-percha ring by which it is suspended from the wall.

I have seen one with a groundwork of peacock blue, upon which was painted a spray of orange-blossoms, and another with a fawn-colored groundwork was artistically decorated with a cluster of apple-blossoms. These bottles look very well on the wall holding a single flower and a few fern-leaves.

White porcelain slates are also frequently decorated with floral designs and hung on the wall, where they are useful for jotting down the engagements for the week, or any other memoranda. The wooden framework is sometimes covered with plusn, and the pencil should be attached to a slik cord.

Sometimes a wooden palette is prettily painted and hung near the fireplace, where it is ready if required to act as a hand-screen.

Talking of handscreens reminds me of a pair which I saw some little time ago.

They were composed of round pieces of cardboard, both sides of which were entirely covered with feathers glued to the foundation, beginning on the outside edge, which were allowed to overlap slightly, until the whole cardboard was completely covered, the centre being finished off with a little tult of down; an ivory handle was afterwards added.

GOOD AND BAD QUALITIES.—The want of positively good qualities is of less consequence than the presence of positively bad ones. The most fastidious will find no difficulty in enduring a man who is a little skilled in the nice formalities of the drawing-room and the dinner-table.

If such a man is unobtrusive, he will pass very weil, though it is certainly desirable that all should be to a certain extent prepared to act according to those laws which the mass of refined society have found to be conducive to their happiness. But no man can expect to be much liked who is addicted to certain habits of a conspicuous kind, the direct tendency of which is to inspire painful feelings in those around him. Such a man must be insupportable.

THERE was some years ago a trial for murder in Ireland, where the evidence was so palpably insufficient that the judge stopped the case, and directed the jury to return a verdict of not guilty. A well-known lawyer, who desired, however, to do something for the fee he had received for the defence, claiming the privilege of addressing the court. "We'll hear you with pleasure, Mr. B." said the judge; "but, to prevent accidenta, we'll first acquit the prisoner."

Confidential Correspondents.

H. LAYLOR.—You can clean your copper coins by rubbing them well with whiting.

CARDS.—The prefix "Miss" should always be used on a single lady's visiting card.

REFERES.—The area of Puliadelphia is 120% square miles; of New York City, 41% square

S. J.—It all depends on circumstances; a lady would never take a gentleman's arm unoffered, unless he was her husband or some near relation.

CARTER.—From what you say of the

young woman she cannot be a nice companion for anyone; we should strongly advise you to drop her acquaintance at once.

A. B.—The turfor peat in formation at the

present day is very young coal not yet buried. Coal is the residue of vast forests buried during an immense number of years.

NIRE L.—The word "bumptions" is generally used to describe boasting, self-sufficient bersons: the vulgar fussiness which it indicates can

hardly be described in any set terms.

L. A. G.—No young lady should interfere with another's future husband. Any man who permits the sister of his betrothed wife to correspond with him is hardly to be depended on.

JOHNNY,—The two games of chess and checkers are totally different, the only resemblance between them being that they are both played on a board divided into white and black squares.

LEICESTER.—Canvas is made waterproof by plumeing it in a solution containing twenty per cent, of soap, and then into a second solution containing the same percentage of sulphate of copper.

of sulphate of copper.

O. O.—The only way to "provent" chilbiains, that we know of, is to keep the parts warm that are liable to them. Warm gloves and socks

should be worn and the circulation helped by tonics.

JENNIB, R. S.—Bo ax is largely used by laundresses in their starch; so is gum arable; but long practice in shirt froning does more to easure perfection than anything that can be used in the starch.

OFFENBACH.—We keep no record of the time made by the different steamers across the Atlantic. Your best pian would be to apply for the information at the office of the company to which the ship belongs.

BROKEN BOB.—The young woman does tot appear to be worth breaking your heart about; if you are a man you will forget all about her; there are plenty more in the world, and you may chance upon one who is sincere in your next venture.

EXACT.—"Ensilage" is green fodder preserved during the winter months; it is made by taking green fodder, catting it into small pieces and preserving it from all contact with sir until wanted to feed. The building it is preserved in is called a "satio."

ANNIS.—The word "valet" is pronounced in both ways, that is, with the final letter sounded, and with the final letter silent. This term comes to us from the French, in which language it signifies a groom or a yeoman; it was originally the same as "variet."

J. H.—You cannot be very deeply in love with the young lady in question, or you would not think so badly of her as to fancy that she only loved you because of the presents you gave her. If you think that is the reason, leave off giving presents, and see if it makes any difference.

ALBERT W.—The area of timber in the United States is decreasing, while the consumption is increasing; it is for this reason that individual States have striven to encourage tree-planting by appointing a certain day in the year to be known as Arbor day for the voluntary planting of trees by the people.

INQUISITIVE.—You are certainly short: but it does not fail to the lot of everyone to be tail, and you may possibly grow yet. Be comforted by the knowledge that Nature often atones to those whom she stints of their fair proportions of thews and sinews, by giving them larger minds and brighter mental faculties than than their forter neighbors. Let us hope she has dealt thus kindly with you.

E. P. L.—In addressing the English Queen it is perfectly legitimate, and indeed customary, to use the word "Madam," lust as it is usual to address the Prince of Wales as "Sir." It is not, however, deemed permissible to apply the pronouu "you," or the possessive "yours." to the Queen; in these connections "your Majesty," or "your Majesty's," as the case may be, is used instead. Once, of course, a more ceremonious style of address was enacted; but the day for cumbrous formalities and abject servilities has gone by.

GUSSIE C.—Unless the young man's mind or eyesight is affected we see nothing particular in placing the flogers of his left hand over his left eye, as you describe. We cannot understand how it possibly could be construed into an an insult, or anything else save a foolish and thoughtless action. It certainly is not common for sensible young men to so disport themselves in ladies' company, but as he is evidently wanting in some respects, you had better overlook the act and the youth, letting both go for the future unregarded.

REGRETFUL. — You can do nothing but wait. If the young gentleman cares for you, you will soon find it out; if not, you can do nothing. Ladies wait to be wooed,—care for them or not. You have no doubt acted somewhat imprudently in sending the letter to a gentleman with whom your acquaintance was so slight; the best thing for you to do is to take no further notice of the matter; do not give the young man the least reason to think you forward, or you will lose all chance of captivating him. Men are ready to flirt with forward girls, and amuse themselves with them, but they do not chose their wives from their ranks.

AURORA.—The origin of the appellation "Reines Blacches" or "White Queens" appears to be the following fact. In the old times the French queens dowagers used to wear white ior mourning, which procured them this pretty name. Rut a change of custom was inaugurated by Anne of Bretange of custom was inaugurated by Anne of Bretange (ISIB), the unwilling wife of Charles VIII., who destring to add her bereditary posessions to his own, wood her sword in hand. Queen Anne survived him (and was afterwards married to Louis Xii), and as a widow she departed from the established custom which obtained in reference to royal and queenly widows, and wore black instead of white.

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WEARY.

BY WM. W. LONG.

I am tired, and weary, and weak, Fate hath won, and careless I lie In the shadows of all my desolate life, As the lonely days glide by.

My books beside me lie unread," No song can I set to rhyme; And only a memory of Could Not Be,

Only a memory tender and sweet, Of a woman grandly divine, I would have given my life to win. Could I have made her mine.

Shadowed by Fate.

BY THE AUTHOR OF "NULL AND VOID."

"MADAM'S WARD," "THE HOUSE IN

THE CLOSE," "WHITE BERRIES

AND RED," "ONLY ONE LOVE," BTC., BTC.

CHAPTER XIII.

DALE AND MOTIONLESS, Iris stood and listened. At first the signor's words fell upon her ear without conveying any meaning; but gradually she gathered that he was telling the story of her father's life in Italy, and with an aching heart she listened more intently.

To connect this Floretta Corsini with herself did not occur to her. She was simply someone her father had known and loved -that was all. No foreboding such as had fallen upon Ciarence Montacute had touched her-as yet. The awful moment had not yet come.

"I sought them everywhere," continued the signor, with a long sigh, "and at last I found them. It was months—a year and more-since they had fied. I found them living in a pretty little cottage on the

"Wait," said Mr. Barrington. name please, Signor Ricardo ?"

"Certainly!" responded the signor. "I wish to conceal, to keep back nothing. The name of the village was Trivali."

Mr. Barrington wrote the name amongst his notes.

"And the date, please, signor?"

The signor pulled out a pocketbook and tore out a leaf.

"Here is the name and the date," he said, with perfect frankness. "Observe, gentlemen, that I wish to conceal nothing! "Observe, No, I resolved that I would tell you everything! You know the English law better than I do, you are both men of honor and friends of my poor friend, Godfrey Knighton, and I trust you," and he stretched out his hands with a gesture of

confidence. "Pray proceed," said Mr. Barrington grimly.

"Well, I found them living there together, perfectly happy, away from the world, and all in all to each other. There was a little girl there, a little baby-

Clarence started and took half a step towards the signor, then stopped and breathing hard, regarded him sternly.

-"A little baby girl," continued the signor, "a charming little thing, their daughter. They were so happy! They received me-me, Baptiste Ricardo,-with such frankness that the enmity died out of my heart, and I became the friend of the great, rich Englishmen."

He paused and looked furtively at the two men, for Mr. Barrington had exchanged glances with Lord Ciarence;

"Yes, it is true. I see what you thinkand it is true. I was not rich, and Godfrey

Knighton was generous enough to help me. Bah! I said I would conceal nothing, and I will not! He gave me of the gold which Heaven has blessed him with and deprived me of. Well, gentlemen, all went as happy as a lizard in the sun, until one day the signorina caught cold. She was not strong,-ah, no !-she caught cold, and-" he shrugged his shoulders and gesticulated with his white hands,-"and she died I"

There was a moment's silence.

"It was a dreadful, a cruel blow! For a time I thought Godfrey Knighton would go mad ! I nursed him, gentlemen, through his illness; I and the signorlna's sister, who lived with them, and who was a second mother to the little child; and, gentiemen, now comes the point of my story! It was during the illness of Godfrey Knighton that I, Baptiste Ricardo, discovered from his ravings that he and the sig. norina were not married!"

Clarence Montacute started.

"It is a lie! An infamous lie!" he exclaimed indignantly.

The signor sprang to his feet, white with passion, but Mr. Barrington held up his band.

"One moment," he said sternly. "Lord Montacute, I beg that you will remain ailent! Signor Ricardo, do I understand you to state that this lady, Floretta Corsini, the mother of this little girl, was not Mr. Godfrey Knighton's lawful wife?"

"Certes, that is what I state!" responded Ricardo, glowering darkly at Clarence; then he forced a smile, a sinister smile. "After all his lordship's indignation was not unnatural. It is the first time he has ever heard of an Englishman committing such baseness; of course, yes!"

Clarence flushed, but he was too agitated on Iris's account to retaliate, or even resent the sneer.

"You state this as a fact, Signor Ricardo?" said Mr. Barrington; and do you wish us to infer that the child washe paused,-it seemed sacrilege to mention her name, -"was Miss Iris Knighton?"

"She and no other!" replied the signor emphatically.

"It is a lie!" exclaimed Lord Clarence again.

Mr. Barrington motioned him to be silent.

"Let us understand each other, if you please, Signor Ricardo!" he said gravely. "You, whatever your ignorance of the English law may be, must be aware that this statement is of great and terrible importance to Miss Knighton-to my client !"

"Yes, I fear so!" said the signor. "And you persist-you still repeat that it is your conviction that Mr. Knighton and the Signorina Corsini, the mother of Miss Knighton, were not married?"

"I do!" said Ricardo. Slowly, surely the significance of his words forced themselves upon the mind of the girl behind the curtain. She uttered no cry, scarcely moved; but one hand went to her heart, and the other to her brow, and so she stood, in an agony unspeakable, indescribable.

She was a Knighton; the Knighton blood ran in her veins; she had all the Knighton pride, and she had to realize that she was nameless, the daughter of an undying, ineradicable shame. What pen can describe the horror that fell upon her? It can only be imagined, and that how faintly!

As she stood leaning sgainst the wall white, almost breathless, the door opened soitly, and Felice entered. She hurried towards Iris with quick and sharp alarm, but Iris held up her hand to slience her and motioned towards the curtain. The two women stood and listened.

Lord Clarence's voice broke upon them.

"I repeat this is an infamous and-and stupid lie!" he said with contemptuous anger. "Mr. Barrington, I think we have listened long enough to this-this man's foolish story. I-I thought him a seoundrei the first time I saw him-

Ricardo rose threateningly, then shrugged his shoulders and sank into his seat again.

"I forgive his lordship's language in consideration of the circumstances," he said with a sinister smile. "What do you say, Mr. Barrington? Do you think my story so foolish and so false ?'

Mr. Barrington looked at him sternly. "I decline to give an opinion," he said; "I may think it false or true! How do you account for Mr. Knighton acknowledging Miss Iris as his daughter, and presenting

her to the world as such ? " Ricardo waved his hand.

"Tut!" he said. "That is easy enough to explain. You sir are sensible and reasonable. I answer you willingly; to his lordship there I deign no reply. Ask me first why Godfrey Knighton did not

marry the signorina." Mr. Barrington nodded.

-"Because he was proud. Look you, he was an Englishman, great and noble by birth. He would not lower his name by giving it to an opera singer. You understand! Why did he not put the child away from him? Because, though he was so great and mighty, he was not inhuman. loved her-kept her with him until it was too late to put her away and disown her. Then there was another thing. Yes! If he had no child, the property would go to one we hated -a Coverdale! He would do much to prevent that, and it was so easy to acknowledge this girl as his lawful daughter! So you see, it is easily explained, is it not?" and he flicked his fingers triumphantly.

Clarence grouned and moved impatient

"Send this man away, sir, for Heaven's sake!" he said. "I can listen no longer to

this tissue of lies!" Mr. Barrington held up his hand once

more. "Signor Ricardo, your story is so plausible a one; but I will now give you the opinion of it you asked for: I think it is utterly false!"

"Good!" said Ricardo resignedly; "nobody will be better pleased than Baptiste Ricardo if he should prove to be wrong. Peste! have I not seen and admired the beautiful young creature? Am I not an old friend of her father's-her mother's? Why should I seek to do her harm? Saints and angels, no! "But,"-he gave a quick look at the lawyer's impassive face-" it is easy to prove the truth. Surely Mr. Barrington has discovered the marriage certificate amongst Godfrey Knighton's papers?"

Mr. Barrington's face grew red for a moment. He had been thinking of the cert!-

ficate. "He has not found it?" said Ricardo smoothly.

"I have not found it?" admitted the lawyer grimly.

"Good. Then he has heard of his old friend and client talk of his marriage; often, no doubt?"

Clarence looked appealingly at the old lawyer.

Mr. Barrington shook his head. "Mr. Knighton was not one to talk of the

past," he said gravely.

"Good! He has not heard him even speak of his 'wife'? No? No certificate, no mention of the marriage. Why does, then, Mr. Barrington think I-I, Baptiste Ricardo, the soul of honor !-- lie? What does he think I have to gain ?" and he extended his hands in indignant appeal.

Mr. Barrington was silent.

"It is not for me guess at your motive Signor Ricardo," he said at last coldly.

"Good!" retorted Ricardo. Then he drew his chair a little nearer the table. "And now you have heard my story, what will you do?"

There was silence.

Clarence listened, speil-bound by the man's voice and face, as a bird is fascinated by a serpent.

' I will tell you !" said Ricardo lowering his voice. "Just go on as if I had not told my little romance. You think it is false : act accordingly. Let Miss Iris take all this beautiful place, and all this heap of gold and miles of land, and-ask no questions."

He stopped and watched the lawver's face keenly.

There was silence,

"This Lord Heron, this Lord Coverdale, who would come into the money and the lands, and all, why should be know anything about it, sh? Why should he be told! We keep our lips closed, and who is the wiser,? Soh! Nobody!" and he twirled his mustache. "As for Baptiste Ricardo, he is an honest man, and he has a tender beart, and rather than turn his old friend's daughter an outcast into the streets, he would cut off his hand. His lordship here, who has given me such hard words, he will not speak, for he loves Miss Irisis it not so?"

Clarence turned his head away.

-"And you-why you are a man of law, and men of the law are proverbially ellent. Come my friends," he said, insinuatingly, "let us say no more about this matter, this romance of Italy! Let the beautiful Miss Iris take her money and her lands, and all will go as merry as a marriage bell!"

Mr. Barrington rose stern and pale. "Silence!" he said. "This story of yours, true or infamously false, -and I believe it to be the latter,-must be inquired into. My lord-" and he turned to tlarence--"you know how true a friend I was of my late client's; you know that, as this man says, I would rather cut off my hand than injure his daughter, but-" the old lawyer's voice shook-"I have another client, I have Lord Coverdale to consider! I wish to Heaven I had not! But I must do my duty. I am an honest man, my lord. I trust, in all humility, that I have lived a long life without reproach. I have my honor to think of, and in honor I am bound

to consider Lord Coverdale!" Clarence passed his hand across his brow. The signor watched the two men as a cat might watch a pair of mice, a sinister smile in his eyes.

"If-" continued the old lawyer-"If this man's story is true, then Lord Coverdale is heir to Knighton and Beverly, and every penny of Godfrey Knighton's;-that is if no will can be found, and I fear it cannot! The signor shook his head sadiy.

"What-what am I to do?" exclaimed Mr. Barrington, in deep agitation. "One thing is clear. I must discover the truth or false. ness of this man's statement. I will send -go--to Italy, to this place-

The signor interrupted him softly. "Pardon me," he said, with a bland smile; "you can ascertain the truth much more easily than taking so long and tiresome a journey,"

Mr. Barrington turned to him with a frown.

"How?" he demanded.

The signor wagged his forefinger impresgively.

"If, gentlemen, you have paid close attention to my poor story, you will remember that I spoke of the signorina's sister, who lived with them, and who was as a second mother to the child, Miss Iris. Do you remember her?"

" Yes - well!" said Mr. Barrington